L2/09-245

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2	
PROPOSAL SUMMARY FORM TO ACCOMPANY SUBMISSIONS	
FOR ADDITIONS TO THE REPERTOIRE OF ISO/IEC 10646 ¹	
Please fill all the sections A, B and C below.	
Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P & P) from http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/d	locs/principles.html for
guidelines and details before filling this form.	
Please ensure you are using the latest Form from http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/sur	
See also http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html for latest Roadma	aps.
A. Administrative	
1. Title: Proposal to encode Malayalam Dot-Reph character	
2. Requester's name: US National Body	
2. Requester's name: US National Body 3. Requester type (Member body/Liaison/Individual contribution): Member body	
4. Submission date: 2009 May 1	
4. Submission date: 2009 May 1 5. Requester's reference (if applicable):	
6. Choose one of the following:	
This is a complete proposal:	Yes
	No
B. Technical – General	
1. Choose one of the following:	N/-
a. This proposal is for a new script (set of characters):	No
Proposed name of script:	
b. The proposal is for addition of character(s) to an existing block:	Yes
Name of the existing block: Malayalam	
2. Number of characters in proposal:	1
3. Proposed category (select one from below - see section 2.2 of P&P document):	
A-Contemporary X B.1-Specialized (small collection) B.2-Specialized (large c	collection)
C-Major extinct D-Attested extinct E-Minor extinct	,
F-Archaic Hieroglyphic or Ideographic G-Obscure or questionable usa	ae symbols
4. Is a repertoire including character names provided?	Yes
a. If YES, are the names in accordance with the "character naming guidelines"	
in Annex L of P&P document?	Yes
b. Are the character shapes attached in a legible form suitable for review?	Yes
5. Who will provide the appropriate computerized font (ordered preference: True Type, or PostScript format) for	
publishing the standard?	
If available now, identify source(s) for the font (include address, e-mail, ftp-site, etc.) and indicate the tools	
used:	
6. References:	
a. Are references (to other character sets, dictionaries, descriptive texts etc.) provided?	Yes
b. Are published examples of use (such as samples from newspapers, magazines, or othe	r sources)
of proposed characters attached? Yes	
7. Special encoding issues:	
Does the proposal address other aspects of character data processing (if applicable) such	as input,
presentation, sorting, searching, indexing, transliteration etc. (if yes please enclose information	ation)?
Suggested character properties and sort orders are included.	
8. Additional Information:	
Submitters are invited to provide any additional information about Properties of the proposed Ch	aracter(s) or Script
that will assist in correct understanding of and correct linguistic processing of the proposed chara	
Examples of such properties are: Casing information, Numeric information, Currency information	
information such as line breaks, widths etc., Combining behaviour, Spacing behaviour, Direction	
Collation behaviour, relevance in Mark Up contexts, Compatibility equivalence and other Unicode	
related information. See the Unicode standard at <u>http://www.unicode.org</u> for such information on other scripts. Also	
see http://www.unicode.org/Public/UNIDATA/UCD.html and associated Unicode Technical Repo	
needed for consideration by the Unicode Technical Committee for inclusion in the Unicode Stand	

¹ Form number: N3152-F (Original 1994-10-14; Revised 1995-01, 1995-04, 1996-04, 1996-08, 1999-03, 2001-05, 2001-09, 2003-11, 2005-01, 2005-09, 2005-10, 2007-03, 2008-05)

C. Technical - Justification

1. Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before? No If YES explain
2. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body, user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)? Yes If YES, with whom? Government of India If YES, available relevant documents: L2/08-411, L2/08-306 3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example: size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included? Reference: See section D
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4. The context of use for the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare) rare
Reference: See section A
5. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community? Yes
If VES, where? Reference:
6. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed characters be entirely
in the BMP?
If YES, is a rationale provided?
If YES, reference: If possible, should be kept in the BMP since the rest of the script is in the
BMP
7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)? Yes
8. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing
character or character sequence? Yes
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?
If YES, reference: See section B
9. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either
existing characters or other proposed characters?
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?
If YES, reference:
10. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function) to an existing character?
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?
If YES, reference:
11. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences? Yes
If YES, is a rationale for such use provided? Yes
If YES, reference: See section C
Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols) provided? Yes
If YES, reference: See section F
12. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as
control function or similar semantics? No
If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)
13. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility character(s)? No
If YES, is the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic character(s) identified?
If YES, reference:

A. Introduction

Dot-Reph is used to represent Malayalam letter RA_dead, as a dot over the consonant following it. That is, in the sequence <Malayalam Akshara X, Malayalam consonant R, Akshara Y>, the consonant 'R' is represented as a dot over Akshara Y. As of Unicode 5.1, there is no representation for Dot-Reph.

B. Rationale for encoding

The sequence <RA, VIRAMA, ZWJ> would have been the natural choice for Dot-Reph as in Indic scripts like Gurmukhi. However, that sequence has considerable existing usage, predating Unicode 5.1, to represent MALAYALAM CHILLU RR.

We could have opted for <RA, VIRAMA, Consonant> to be rendered with Dot-Reph while <RA, ZWJ, VIRAMA, Consonant> displaying RA with C2-conjoining form of the other consonant. For example, cluster ⁽⁰⁾ (/rya/) represented as <RA, ZWJ, VIRAMA, YA>.

However, sequences like <RA, VIRAMA, YA> is currently being used for the cluster (/rya/) in very common words like (/sooryan/ meaning `sun') and (/bhaarya/ meaning `wife'). Changing the rendering for those common sequences would be disastrous.

Another potential sequence is <RRA, VIRAMA> with or without a joiner. However, in Malayalam, the underlying base character for Dot-Reph is almost always <RA>. That would prevent us from using any sequence with <RRA> for Dot-Reph.

A sequence involving <CHILLU RR> and joiners would be particularly attractive choice since a native user understands Dot-Reph that way. However, that does not always hold good. For example, in very common words like (/sooryan/ meaning `sun') and (/bhaarya/ meaning `wife'), their respective forms without Dot-Reph does not involve Chillu-RR. They are respectively and erage.

Given the above observations, atomically encoding Dot-Reph may the only plausible choice. Conceptually, Dot-Reph is analogous to C1-conjoining cluster <RA, Virama> (but not interchangeable with). However, the Malayalam cluster <RA, Virama, C2> can assume C2-conjoining form. For example: ⁽⁰⁾/_(/rya/) cluster in the word ^{(B)()}/_(/bhaarya/) meaning wife. When C1-conjoining form needs to be specified - that is, the Dot-Reph form - the proposed Dot-Reph character needs to be used as <DOT-REPH, C2>.

Common Malayalam input keyboards would need to add one more key to support this character. It could be positioned in the third or fourth plane since its contemporary usage is minimal.

C. Usage

Dot-Reph would be a spacing character and would be analogous to C1-conjoining <RA, VIRAMA> (but not interchangeable with). It would get displayed as a dot over the subsequent Malayalam consonant or cluster. Example:

dot-reph, VA>

D. Demographics and usage

Dot-Reph was in common print usage untill 1970. After that its usage has receded from print. Currently it is nowhere to be seen in contemporary publishing. The words that were using Dot-Reph are now transcribed using Chillu-RR or respective C2-conjoining forms. Those who have completed their elementary education in Malayalam prior to 1970, predominantly use this form for writing. Total number of Malayalam users is more than 35 million (1997) (Reference: Ethnologue).

E. Character Name, position, collation and properties

0D78 ----- MALAYALAM LETTER DOT REPH

For collation, DOT REPH could be used placed with primary weight equal to Chillu-RR and secondary weight less than that.

Properties: 0D78;MALAYALAM LETTER DOT REPH;Lo;0;L;;;;;N;;;;; 2

താരാപഥം

ഈ വെളിച്ചത്തെത്തന്നെയാണ് ഭൂമിയിൽ ജനിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ജിജ്ഞാസുക്കളിൽബെപ്പ് ഏററവും മഹാനായ ഈ രാജ കമാരനും പിൻതുടന്നത്. ഇങ്ങനെ ധ്യാനമാഗ്ഗത്തിലൂടെ സഞ്ചരിച്ച്, മനങ്ങ്യരാശിയുടെ ചരിത്രത്തിൽ അവിസൂര ണീയമായ ആ വൈശാഖരാത്രിയുടെ അന്ത്യയാമത്തിൽ, അരയാലിൻെറ ഇലകഠംപോലും നിശ്ചലമാകന്ന ബ്രാഹമ മുഹ്ദത്തത്തിൽ, അദ്ദേഹം ദുഃഖത്തിൻെറ രഹസ്യവും ജീവി തത്തിൻെറ പരമലക്ഷ്യവും കണ്ടെത്തി. ബൂദ്ധനായി.

ശ്രീജ്ഡൻ കണ്ടെത്തിയതും ചെന്നെത്തിയതുമായ ഈ ലക്ഷ്യം നിവ്ാണം എന്ന പേരിലാണ് അറിയപ്പെ ടന്നത്. ഇസ് ഈശ്വരസാക്ഷാൽക്കാരം, ബ്രഹ്മസായൂജ്യം, എന്നൊക്കെപ്പറയുന്ന, വേദാന്തികളുടെ, ജീവിതലക്ഷ്യ എന്നൊക്കെപ്പറയുന്ന, വേദാന്തികളുടെ, ജീവിതലക്ഷ്യ എന്നോക്കെപ്പറയുന്ന, വേദാന്തികളുടെ, ജീവിതലക്ഷ്യ എന്നോക്കെപ്പറയുന്ന, വേദാന്തികളുടെ, ജീവിതലക്ഷ്യ എന്നോക്കെപ്പറയുന്ന, വേദാന്തികളുടെ, ജീവിതലക്ഷ്യ തിൽനിന്നു ഭിന്നമാണെന്നു കരുതുവാൻ ന്യായമില്ല. പക്ഷെ ബുദ്ധൻ ഈശ്വരനെന്നും പരബ്രഹ്മമെന്നും മററുമുള്ള നിവ്വചനങ്ങ⇔ ഉപയോഗിച്ചില്ല. ഇതെല്ലാം അത്യത്തത

നിഷത്തുകളിലും വേദം പ്പവണതയുടെ സൂചനം നാണ് അതിനെ മത ഘടകമാക്കിയത് ബ ത്തെയം മൻസിത്തി ആ പ്രസ്ഥാനം മനുഷ്യരാഗ ശരണ്യമായ°ഭവിച്ച. യാണ് അദ്ദേഹം പ്ര ത്ത്വം, ട്രഃഖനിരോധം ആസ്പദമാക്കിയുള്ള ഉപ യുള്ള. അന്യാദൃശമായ തോടൊപ്പംതന്നെ ഭാദ രുന്ന മാലിന്യങ്ങളെ ന കടമയാണെന്നും അദ്ദേ

സത്തിൻെറ വൈകൃത

ശ്രീബുദ്ധ ജയന്തി

Malayalam language textbook for the grade 10; year 1966; published by Government of Kerala.

- പാവ്പ്ണം pārvaņam S. Connected with പ വ്വം, as പാ'ണേന്യ the full-moon.
- പാവ്തിpārvaði S.(പവ്വതം)=2ലമാതു; N.pr. f. പാവ്ത്രം pārvatyam (Tdbh. of പ്രാപത്രം) as if fr. പ്രവത്തി q. v.; but T. Te. V1. have pārapatyam, C. pā A Malayalam English Dictionary By Hermman Gundert, 1872 nagement, as if fr. പാക്ക). 1. Local government, administration മോർ വില്ലന്ന തായേ ഉത രിലേ പാരപത്വം എന്തിനു prov., also പാറോ ത്വം; നാട്ടിൽ ഓരോന്ദതൽ പാറോവത്തി ചെ യ്യ, പാറവത്വം ചെയ്യുന്നവൻ TR. 2. Trav. a subordinate revenue situation.
 - പവ്തുകാരൻ a subordinate Collector & Magistrate (Trav. = അധികാരി). സൂല്പാന്റെ പൂപ്പതുകാരന്മാർ, പപ്പത്തിക്കാരൻTR.(In Mal. a district about as large as 4 amšams (അംശം 2) together, was formerly under 1 പൂവ്തുക്കാരൻ: f. i. പാവ്വതിക്കാർ പണ തരിന്ന വരാറായി No. said only by very old people).

പാശാവു P. Pādshāh, The Mogul emperor

A Malayalam English Dictionary by Hermman Gundert, 1872.