#### ISO/IEC JTC/SC2/WG2

# Universal Multiple—Octet Coded Character Set (UCS)

ISO/IEC JTC/SC2/WG2N3819

2010.04.15

TITLE: Preliminary Proposal for Encoding Special Scripts and Characters in UCS for

Uighur, Kazakh and Kirgiz

SOURCE: China

STATUS: NATIONAL BODY POSITION

ACTION: Consideration by WG2, for collecting comments

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In order to deal with the incompleteness of information exchanges for Uighur, Kazakh, Kirghiz and Arabic languages and occurrence of double ambiguous code, it is quite necessary to supplement Uighur, Kazakh, Kirghiz letters in table1-2.

We understand, the nominal forms with all the presentation forms, which other one different in both of their variant quantity and shape are not entirely identical, giving rise to double ambiguous code. In order to deal with ambiguity caused by letters in different language texts, which have the same shape in nominal forms, but have different quantities or shapes in deformed presentation forms, supplementation is necessary. There are some examples about it in UCS. Such as:

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"''" (U+0649) in table 15 and "''" (U+06CC) in table 16;
"''" (U+0641) in table 15 and "''" (U+06A7) in table 16;
"''" (U+0647) in table 15 and "''" (U+06BE) in table 16;
"''" (U+0621) in table 15 and "''" (U+0674) in table 16;
"''" (U+0623) in table 15 and "''" (U+0622) in table 16;
"''" (U+0625) in table 15 and "''" (U+0673) in table 16;
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The Nominal form shapes of these letters in corresponding pairs are same, but quantity of presentation forms or shapes are different. Thus, different nominal forms are assigned code points respectively for all of them. At present, there exist numerous nominal forms in Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz information processing and exchange, which cause ambiguity, since their presentation forms are different in quantity or shapes.

1) Table 1-1 lists Uighur, Kazakh, Kirghiz and Arabic letters for nominal form in UCS and nominal form in original shape, which are completely different in shape

and variant quantity. It certainly produces double ambiguous codes in UCS. Under serial number 2 in table 1-1, nominal form " " will be supplemented to Uighur language, because it has four variants: isolated form (" " and " " "), final form (" " and " " "). While the nominal form of Kazakh and Kirghiz letter " " (06d5) has two variants: isolated form " " and final form " " ". They are different in shape and variant quantity. If Nominal form of Kazakh and Kirghiz letter " " (06d5) replaces Uighur Nominal form " " or isolated form " " ", there appears ambiguity in information exchange as a result.

2) Likewise the nominal form of Arabic, Kazakh, Kirghiz language under serial number 1,2,3,4,5,6 of table 1-1 are different in shape comparing to nominal forms of Uighur language which have variant quantity and part of member in shapes, therefore five nominal forms for Uighur language need to be supplemented. For example, under serial number 3, Arabic letter YEH "'5" (U+0649) has two variants: ("'5" and "'5"), but its corresponding character in Kazakh and Kirghiz has four variants: ("'5"," ""," "" and "'5"). In Uighur, it has **Eight** variants. So Arabic letter U+0649 cannot be used to represent Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz letter mentioned above. Therefore, Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz letter "i" should be separately encoded.

We suggest to encode a character in U+076E for Kazakh and Kirghiz letter"", and a character in U+0772 for Uighur """. In addition, U+0648 "" is Arabic, Kazakh and Kirghiz letter, which has two variants ("" and ""), but it cannot be used to represent letter "" in Uighur language which has four variants :(""", "", """ and """). Although the nominal form of this letter is of Arabic, Kazakh, Kirghiz and Uighur languages, it has different variant quantity and shapes. So, it is necessary to encode Uighur letter "" "separately, and we suggest to encode it at U+076F. Some other letters such as U+06c7 "", U+06c6 "" and U+0627 "1" have the same problem mentioned above. Therefore all of these letters should be encoded separately.

- 3) We here emphasize the importance of the nominal form of Uighur letter "أنّ v بich is an indivisible symbol and cannot be represented by combining symbol " + أ = أنّ ", it does not consist with the writing regulations of Uighur letters. Here we can see that the shape Uighur letter " is different to Arabic letter " i", thus it has to be separately encoded. Similarly, Uighur letters " i" ", " i" ", " i" " and " i" are indivisible symbols and cannot be represented by combining symbol with " i". You can see, they are different to Arabic letters " i" ", " i" ", " in shapes and quantity. Therefore, all of these letters need to be encoded separately otherwise they will cause double ambiguities.
- 4) The presentation forms of eight nominal forms for Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz languages are already encoded UCS (see FBEA -- FBFD in Table 133), but their nominal forms are not encoded.

Since 06XX and 07XX are already occupied or reserved for Arabic characters lately,

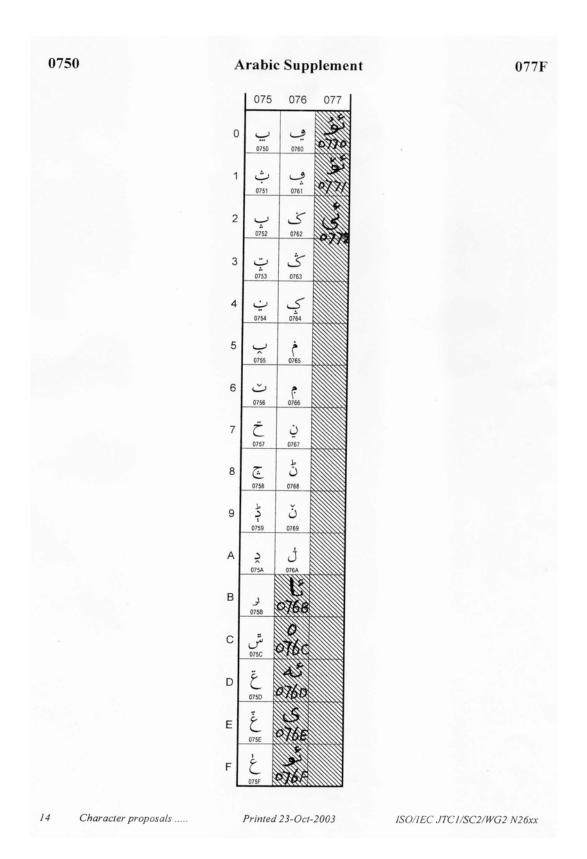
the supplemented code points for nominal forms of Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz languages have to be placed in 07XX in 076B-0772.

Table 1-1: Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz Letters that produce to Double Ambiguous Codes in 10646

		9.		. u 1	rti	variants							
Serial number	Code	Language	Nominal form in 10646	Nominal form -in original	Pronunciati on	Isolate d form	Final	Initial form	Medial form	Isolate d form	Final	Initial form	Medial form
1	0627	Arabic Kazakh Kirghiz	I		[a]		l						
		Uighur	I	ឋ	[a]	I	l			ئا	ئا		
2	06D5	Kazakh Kirghiz	٥	٥	[e]	٥	4						
		Uighur	٥	نه	[æ]	٥	4			ئە	ئە		
3	0649	Arabic	ی	ی		ی	ی						
		Kazakh Kirghiz	ی	ی	[]	ی	ی	L	<b>↓</b>				
		Uighur	ی	ئى	[i]	ی	ی	ر	<b>↓</b>	ئى	ئی	ئد	ئ.
4	0648	Arabic Kazakh Kirghiz	9	9	[w. o	9	9						
		Uighur	9	ئو	[o]	9	9			ئو		ئو	
5	06C7	Kazakh Kirghiz	ۇ	و	[u]	ۇ	ۇ						
		Uighur	ۇ	ئۇ	[u]	ۇ	ۇ			ئۇ		ئۇ	
6	06C6	Kazakh	ě	ě	[v]	ě	ě						
		Uighur	ě	ئۆ	[θ]	ě	ě			ئۆ		ئۆ	

Table 1-2: Uighur, Kazakh and Kirghiz Letters to Be Supplemented

Language	Final form	Medial form	Initial form	Isolated form	Nominal form	No
Uighur	FE8E FBEB			FE8D FBEA	<b>076B</b> New	1
Kazakh kirghiz	FEEA			FEE9	<b>076C</b> New	2
Uighur	م مــــــ FEEA FBED			دٌم FBEC FEE9	رِّ 076D New	3
Kazakh kirghiz	S FEF0	FBE9	\$ FBE8	FEEF	<b>O76E</b>	4
Uighur	بنی ی FEFO FBFA	FBD2	نگ ر FBE8 FBFB	نگی ی	<b>ئی</b> 0772 New	5
Uighur	مُو و FEEE FBEF			<b>وً</b> و	<b>ئو</b> 076F New	6
Uighur	<b>ئۇ ۇ</b> FBD8 FBF1			<b>وُ وُ</b> FBD7 FBF0	95 0770 New	7
Uighur	گوْ وُ FBDA FBF3			<b>وُّ</b> وُ <b>وُّ</b> FBD9 FBF2	<b>وُو</b> 0771 New	8



## Arabic Presentation Forms-A

	FB5	FB6	FB7	FB8	FB9	FBA	FBB	FBC	FBD	FBE	FBF
0	FBso	; ; FB60	:: 9	<b>≯</b> ;;	5 FB90	ڻ FBAG	<u>2</u>			<b>9</b> FBEO	ئۇ
1	Ţ		12 A	<i>ل</i> ڙ:	<	را	ے			ą,	##10 ئۇ
2	<del>- ۱</del>	<del>1881</del> ث	HB71	ج اها	5	FBA1	FBB1			FBE1	ئۆ
3	FB52	FBEZ	FB72	ير ک	FB992	FBA2			<u>ill</u>	FBE2	RBF2 ئۆ
4	FB53	FB63	) <sub>B73</sub>	FBR3	FB93	FBA3			RBD3 ث	RBE3	FBF3
	1 FB54	FB64	FB74	FB84	F894	FBA4			FBD4	RBE4	RBF4
5	FB55	FB65	<b>₹</b> -	FB85	FB95	FBA5			FB0.5	RES	مو RBFs
6	پ ۱	ث FB86	<u>ج</u> 876	Ŝ FB86	۲ F896	<b>S</b> FBA6			FBD6	) TBE6	نې ۱۹۶۶
7	€ F857	- ) FB67	E 177	ڭ FB87	\$ FB97	~ FBA7			ۇ 1807	FBE7	ئىب HBF7
8	) * FB58	) FB68	<b>}:</b> FB78	Č FB88	S. FB98	( FBA8			ۇ BDB	) FBE8	بة HBF8
9	43	4.4	Ķ.	ڈ	<u>_</u>	ť			ě	^	ئى
Α	)::	ڨ	FB79	<sub>EB89</sub>	Ž	FBA9 æ			1809 و	rbes \t	شى ئى
В	FBSA j	PB6A	FBTA	FB8A	FB9A	FBAA 20			FBDA de	RBEA	FBFA
С	FB5B	FB6B ∴	FB7B	FB8B	F898	FBAB			FBOB é	RBEB *2	FBFB
J	# RBSC	FB6C A	FB7C	FB8C	RB9C	FBAC			FBDC	FBEC	FBFC
D	ti RBSD	É FB6D	<b>₹</b> FBTD	و FBBD	FB9D	FBAD			ۇ' 1800	FBED	FBFD
Ε	Ć.	و::	FBTE	5	ن FB9E	FBAE			ۋ RBOE	ئو Bee	FBFE
F	ن-	٢	3	>	ر	ے			ۋ	ئو	á
	FBSF	FB6F	FB7F	FB8F	FB9F	FBAF	MININE.	IIIIII	FBDF	FBEF	FBFF

Names and suggested code points for the eight letters to be supplemented:

ئا	076B	Arabic	letter	ALEF	for	Uighur
٥	076C	Arabic	letter	AE	for	Kazakh,Kirghiz
ئە	076D	Arabic	letter	AE	for	Uighur
ی	076E	Arabic	letter	YEH	for	Kazakh,Kirghiz
ئى	0772	Arabic	letter	YEH	for	Uighur
ئو	076F	Arabic	letter	WAW	for	Uighur
ئۇ	0770	Arabic	letter	U	for	Uighur
ئۆ	0771	Arabic	letter	OE	for	Uighur

Uighur alphabet for children (nominal forms of Uighur letters):



Proposed eight special letters in Uighur words:

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ئا: ئالىم, ئاستا، ئادالەت، ئىئانە، ئامىراق
ئە: ئەمگەك، ئەقىل، ئەسئەت، ئەدەب
ئې: ئېيىق، سېسىق، دېتال، ئېرلان، ئېرا
ئى: ئىشىك، ئىلمى، رۇقئى، رىۋايەت، كۆزى
ئو: ئوغاق، روشەن، ئوغىلاق، ئويغاق، ئويلان
ئۇ: ئۇيغۇر، ئۇچۇر، ئۇزۇن، مەسئۇل، رۇسۇل
ئۆ: ئۆدەك، كۆل، گۆرۆ، ئۈششۈك
ئۈ: ئۈزۈم، ئۈرۈمچى، كۈز، ئۈششۈك
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Below are the pictures from Uighur alphabet for children (eight letters which should be supplemented):















#### ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2

# PROPOSAL SUMMARY FORM TO ACCOMPANY SUBMISSIONS FOR ADDITIONS TO THE REPERTOIRE OF ISO/IEC $10646^1$

Please fill all the sections A, B and C below.

 $\textbf{Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P \& P) from $\underline{\text{http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html}}$$ 

for guidelines and details before filling this form.

 $\textbf{See also } \underline{\text{http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html}} \ \ \textbf{for latest } \textit{Roadmaps.} \\$ 

#### A. Administrative

1. Title:	Proposal for Encode Special Scripts and Characters in UCS for Uighur,					
	Kazakl	n and Kirgiz				
4. Submission dat	ne: (Member body/Liaison/Individual contribution): e: erence (if applicable):	China	5			
This is a	complete proposal: e information will be provided later:		Yes No			
B. Techni	cal – General					
Prop b. The prop	osal is for a new script (set of characters): osal is for addition of character(s) to an existing blo	Uighur, Kazakh and Kirgiz ock:	No			
2. Number of char	racters in proposal:		8			
A-Contempora C-Major extino	7	P document): B.2-Specialized (large coll E-Minor extinct G-Obscure or questionable usage s				
a. If YES, a in A	ncluding character names provided? re the names in accordance with the "character nam nnex L of P&P document? haracter shapes attached in a legible form suitable f		Yes Yes Yes			
5. Who will provide publishing to	de the appropriate computerized font (ordered prefe	erence: True Type, or PostScript form by the Xiniiang University, China. Falater.	at) for ont will be provided			
used:		cesi.ac.cn, chenzh-zhuang@163.com				
b. Are publi	ences (to other character sets, dictionaries, descriptions is shed examples of use (such as samples from newsplacharacters attached?	ive texts etc.) provided? papers, magazines, or other sources)  Yes	Yes			
	ng issues: oposal address other aspects of character data process, sorting, searching, indexing, transliteration etc. (i		No			
8. Additional Info	rmation:					
correct understand Casing informatio Combining behav Compatibility ed http://www.unicod	ited to provide any additional information about Pro- ling of and correct linguistic processing of the prop- in, Numeric information, Currency information, Di- iour, Spacing behaviour, Directional behaviour, E- quivalence and other Unicode normalization le.org for such information on other scripts. Also be Technical Reports for information needed for cor- andard.	posed character(s) or script. Example isplay behaviour information such as Default Collation behaviour, relevant related information. See the see http://www.unicode.org/Public/U	es of such properties are: s line breaks, widths etc., ce in Mark Up contexts, Unicode standard at INIDATA/UCD.html and			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Form number: N3152-F (Original 1994-10-14; Revised 1995-01, 1995-04, 1996-04, 1996-08, 1999-03, 2001-05, 2001-09, 2003-11, 2005-01, 2005-09, 2005-10, 2007-03, 2008-05)

### C. Technical - Justification

1. Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before?	Yes
If YES explain WG2n2820, WG2#45	
2. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body,	**
user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)?	Yes
If YES, with whom? People in Xinjiang Autonomous Region, China.	
If YES, available relevant documents:	
3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example:	**
size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included?	Yes
Reference: For example, Table 2 Orkhun-Yenisey Alphabet, Table -3 Old Turk (Orkhun) Alphabet	t,Table-4:"Iski Turk
4. The context of use for the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare)  **People of the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare)	through Interner
	mrougn interner
Reference: For example, Uyghur alphabet.  5. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community?	Yes
If YES, where? Reference:  For example, Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region	n China
6. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed characters be er	
in the BMP?	No
If YES, is a rationale provided?	
If YES, reference:	
7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)?	Yes
8. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing	163
character or character sequence?	Yes
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	Yes
If YES, reference: See table 1-1, 1-2, FB50 Axabic Presentation from	
9. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either	
existing characters or other proposed characters?	No
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If YES, reference:	
10. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function)	
to an existing character?	No
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If YES, reference:	
11. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences?	No
If YES, is a rationale for such use provided?	
If YES, reference:	
Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols) provided?	
If YES, reference:	
12. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as	
control function or similar semantics?	No
If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)	
13. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility character(s)?	No
If YES, is the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic character(s) identified?	
If YES, reference:	