Specifying Optional Malayalam Conjuncts

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Current status

Indic conjunct formation scheme currently favors the full conjunct for a given set of characters. Example:

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क् + ष \rightarrow क्ष is preferred as opposed to क्ष. (KA_d + SSA_l \rightarrow K.SSA_n)
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ক্ষ can be obtained by $\overline{\Phi}$ + **ZWJ** + $\overline{\Psi}$ which is KA_d + **ZWJ** + $SSA_l \rightarrow KA_h$ + SSA_n

The Need

In Malayalam there are two prevailing orthographies - traditional and reformed - both written with same Malayalam character set. The difference between them is typically manifested only by the font. Traditional orthography fonts accomodate lot more full conjuncts, while reformed orthography fonts would use visibile virama (Chandrakkala) separated sequences for many of those full conjuncts. For the vowel signs of U, UU, and Vocalic vowels and also for the RA-sign, reformed orthography font would use visually separate conjoining form.

However, there is a definite need for the ability in a reformed orthography font to display the traditional full conjuncts on demand. As of now there is no mechanism specified in the standard to suggest a full conjunct of a cluster.

The reverse case is also needed - a traditional orthography font might want to display reformed othrography grapheme clusters optionally.

Following proposal uses ZWJ and ZWNJ insertions to achieve this need. However, potentially Chillu forming sequence <Consonant + Virama + ZWJ> is not used for any of the cases listed below.

Proposal

Case 1

The sequence <Consonant + ZWJ + Conjoining Vowel Sign> has following fallback order for display:

- 1. Full Conjunct
- 2. Consonant + non-conjoining vowel sign

Example with reformed orthography font

(in a reformed orthography Malayalam font that can allow optional traditional orthography)

Case 2

<Consonant1 + ZWJ + Virama + Consonant2> has following display fallback order:

- 1. Full conjunct
- 2. Consonant1 + C2-conjoining
- 3. Consonant1 + Virama + Consonant2

In the general setting,

... Consonant + Virama + Consonant1 + ZWJ+ Virama + Consonant2 + Virama + Consonant + ... full conjunct is requested only for Consonant1 + Virama + Consonant2. Including remaining consonants and viramas into this is under fonts descretion. See example 4.

Example 1 with reformed orthography font:

$$SA + Virama + KA \rightarrow M$$

$$SA + ZWJ + Virama + KA \rightarrow M$$

Example 2 with reformed orthography font:

$$TA + Virama + SA \rightarrow M$$
 $TA + ZWJ + Virama + SA \rightarrow M$

Example 3 with reformed orthography font:

$$SA + Virama + RA \rightarrow (M)$$

 $SA + ZWJ + Virama + RA \rightarrow (M)$

Example 4 with reformed orthography font:

Note:

This proposal is different from current Devanagari behavior. There, <Consonant1 + ZWJ + Virama + Consonant2> does not form full conjunct, rather the C2-conjoining form, if available.

Case 3

<Chillu + ZWJ + Consonant> has following fallback order for display for its archaic conjuncts:

- 1. Stacking conjunct
- 2. Chillu followed by the consonant

Example with reformed or traditional orthography font:

LL Chillu + MA
$$\rightarrow$$
 Ma

LL Chillu + **ZWJ** + MA \rightarrow

Case 4

<Consonant + ZWNJ + Conjoining Vowel Sign> has following fallback order for display:

- 1. Consonant + non-conjoining vowel sign
- 2. Full Conjunct

Example with traditional orthography font:

(in a traditional orthography Malayalam font that allows optional reformed orthography)

$$SA + Vowel Sign U \rightarrow \mathcal{N}$$

$$SA + ZWNJ + Vowel Sign U \rightarrow W$$

Case 5

<Consonant1 + Virama + ZWNJ + Consonant2> has following fallback order:

- 1. Consonant1 + Visible Virama (Chandrakkala) + Consonant2
- 2. Full conjunct

In the general setting,

... Consonant + Virama + Consonant1 + Virama + ZWNJ + Consonant2 + Virama + Consonant + ... Breaking of the conjunct is requested only for Consonant1 + Virama + Consoant2. Breaking remaining consonants and viramas is under fonts descretion. This infact is the current behavior. This section is added only for completeness.

Example 1 with traditional orthography font:

$$SA + Virama + KA \rightarrow$$

$$SA + Virama + ZWNJ + KA \rightarrow N$$

Example 2 with traditional orthography font:

$$TA + Virama + SA \rightarrow M$$

$$TA + Virama + ZWNJ + SA \rightarrow 000$$

Example 3 with traditional orthography font:



Case 6

<Consonant1 + ZWNJ + Virama + Consonant2> has following fallback order:

- 1. Consonant1 + Visually separate conjoining form of Consonant2
- 2. Full conjunct
- 3. Consonant1 + Visible Virama (Chandrakkala) + Consonant2

In the general setting,

... Consonant + Virama + Consonant1 + ZWNJ + Virama + Consonant2 + Virama + Consonant + ... Breaking of the conjunct is requested only for Consonant1 + ZWNJ + Virama + Consonant2. Breaking remaining consonants and viramas on the respective sides is under the descretion of the fonts.

Example 1 with traditional orthography font:

$$SA + Virama + RA \rightarrow \bigcirc$$

 $SA + ZWNJ + Virama + RA \rightarrow \bigcirc$

Example 2 with traditional orthography font:

Case 7

<Chillu + ZWNJ + Consonant> has following fallback order for display for its archaic conjuncts:

- 1. Chillu followed by the consonant
- 2. Stacking conjunct

Example with traditional orthography font with archaic support:

LL Chillu + MA
$$\rightarrow$$
 LL Chillu + **ZWNJ** + MA \rightarrow \bigcirc