Proposal to encode archaic vowel signs O OO for Kannada

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§1. Thanks

I thank Srinidhi of Tumkur, Karnataka, for alerting me to these old vowel signs used in Kannada and for providing the attestations, thus leading to this proposal.

§2. Introduction

The Kannada encoding currently has the following vowel signs for short \check{o} and long \bar{o} :

0CCA 🔅 KANNADA VOWEL SIGN O

0CCB :ೊ Kannada Vowel Sign OO

This is a proposal to encode two more vowel signs denoting the same short \check{o} and long \bar{o} but consistently different in shape:

0CBA	ومن:	KANNADA VOWEL SIGN ARCHAIC O
0CBB	್ರಾಂ	KANNADA VOWEL SIGN ARCHAIC OC

As shown below, these were found in archaic use and must be encoded for the textual representation of those earlier writings.

§3. Discussion

In L2/14-005* I have discussed the two systems followed in the Telugu and Kannada scripts as regards the vowel signs for O and OO. While the Kannada script currently employs a twopart vowel sign $(3 + \infty) = (\infty)$ for indicating O, earlier Kannada writings and printings have used a single-part vowel sign for O. In both cases, the length mark \odot is added for OO.

To elucidate this: in the old style, for KA র, kŏ was written as ठण्ण, i.e. using a singlepart vowel sign েত. kō with the long vowel was written as ठण्ण.

Attestations for this older usage follow.

^{*} ... which I submit as a separate document since its scope also includes Telugu and since it is of the nature of a technical note discussing the two systems, various alternate notations etc in detail.

§4. Attestations

First book of lessons in Canarese

J. Hunziker, Basel Mission Press, Mangalore, 1862 <u>http://books.google.co.in/books?id=QVM-AAAAcAAJ</u> pp 7, 9, 11 (と, デ, つつ in Kannada):

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p 23 (೨೩):

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Second book of lessons in Canarese

J. Hunziker, Basel Mission Press, Mangalore, 1863

http://books.google.co.in/books?id=SVM-AAAACAAJ

p 4:

೪. ಸೋವೃಕ್ಷ ್ರಕ್ಷವೆಂಬ ಹೆಸರಿನ ಗಿಡವು ಅಮೆರಿಕ ಖಂಡದಾಳ ಸಾರಿಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಆಥರಾಳಗಿಂದ ಆಕಳ ಹಾಲಿನಂಥ

Canarese School Grammar

G Plebst, German Mission Press, Mangalore, 1859 http://books.google.co.in/books?id=RaJFAAAAcAAJ

p 6:

ಅಸ್ವರವು ಸಮಜವಾಗಿರುವ ಕಾರಣ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾಗುಣಿತಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತೈಣೆ ಸಂಜ್ಞೆ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಉದಾ. ಕಕಾ ಕಿ ಕೀ ಕು ಕೂ ಕೃ ಕೆ ಕೇ ಕೈ (ಕ್ರಾ) ಕೊ) (ಕೋ) ಕೌ.

A Grammar of the Kannada language in English, Ferdinand Kittel, Basel Mission Press, Mangalore, 1903 <u>https://archive.org/details/grammarofkannada00kittuoft</u>

p 12:

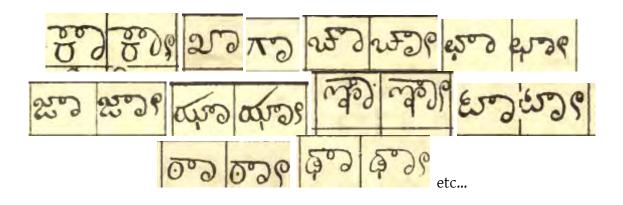
23

p 20:

At school the mark " used for the vowel a and the mark " used for the vowel a are called ಗುಡಸು, ಗುಡಿಸು or ಗುಡುಸು, the mark a used for ev is called ಕೊವ್ನು, the mark a that descends from a consonant as the sign for the long vowels and and a (as in so, etc., and in and and an) is called aco, and the name for the mark e is acore. ಕೊ ಕೋ ಗೊ ಗೋ etc. may be written also हो हो? The The etc. A grammar of the Carnataca language John MacKerrel, College Press, Madras, 1820 <u>http://books.google.co.in/books?id=Rr4JXT430CUC</u> pp 6-13:

etc ...

Ancient and Modern Alphabets of ... the Southern Peninsula of India Henry Harkness, Royal Asiatic Society, 1837 <u>http://www.archive.org/details/ancientmodernalp00harkrich</u>



§5. Encoding model

While there is no problem in encoding just the single-part vowel sign for O and adding OCD5 ©C KANNADA LENGTH MARK for the long vowel, I propose to encode characters for both O and OO to retain symmetry with the existing Kannada vowel signs for O and OO. There is no constraint for space in the Kannada block.

Thus to achieve the old orthography, one only needs to add the appropriate vowel sign to the consonant or consonant cluster:

ಕ + ್ರಾ → ಕಾ ಕ + ್ರಾ → ಕಾಂ

Canonical Decomposition

Note that the proposed vowel sign for long OO would obviously require a canonical decomposition to the proposed one for short O followed by the length mark:

0CBB (כייסי Kannada Vowel Sign Archaic OO = 0CBA (כייס 0CD5 () פ

... which is parallel to the existing vowel sign for long OO:

0CCB ೊ KANNADA VOWEL SIGN OO = 0CCA ೊ 0CD5 ಂ

However, unlike the existing vowel sign for short O i.e. OCCA ්ා (which decomposes to OCC6 ් OCC2 ාා), the newly proposed OCBA ා can not have any canonical decomposition as it is unitary in shape.

Choice of codepoints

The codepoints are chosen as 0CBA and 0CBB so as to fill up a "hole" in the Kannada block between 0CB9 KANNADA LETTER HA and 0CBC KANNADA SIGN NUKTA. This will also exactly position them in the charts beside the existing vowel signs for 0 and 00 at 0CCA and 0CCB.

§6. Character Properties

The proposed glyphs are:



The character properties are all identical to those of the existing vowel signs for O and OO except that the long vowel gets the correct canonical decomposition:

0CBA;KANNADA VOWEL SIGN ARCHAIC 0;Mc;0;L;;;;N;;;;; 0CBB;KANNADA VOWEL SIGN ARCHAIC 00;Mc;0;L;0CBA 0CD5;;;;N;;;;;

NamesList.txt should take a section header before these two characters as follows:

@ Archaic vowel signs

As for collation, normally a given text would use either the existing new-style or the newly proposed old-style characters. Even if both styles are encountered, they should be collated equivalent to each other.

(The official proposal summary form is appended.)

§7. Official Proposal Summary Form

(Based on N3902-F)

A. Administrative

1. Title

Proposal to encode archaic vowel signs 0 00 for Kannada

2. Requester's name

Shriramana Sharma

3. Requester type (Member body/Liaison/Individual contribution)

Individual contribution

4. Submission date

2013-Dec-31

5. Requester's reference (if applicable)

6. Choose one of the following: This is a complete proposal (or) More information will be provided later **This is a complete proposal.**

B. Technical – General

1. Choose one of the following:

1a. This proposal is for a new script (set of characters), Proposed name of script

No.

1b. The proposal is for addition of character(s) to an existing block, Name of the existing block

Yes. Kannada.

2. Number of characters in proposal

2 (two)

3. Proposed category

Category B1, specialized small (for these characters, though Kannada itself is "A, contemporary") 4. Is a repertoire including character names provided?

Yes.

4a. If YES, are the names in accordance with the "character naming guidelines" in Annex L of P&P document? **Yes.**

4b. Are the character shapes attached in a legible form suitable for review?

Yes.

5. Fonts related:

a. Who will provide the appropriate computerized font to the Project Editor of 10646 for publishing the standard?

Shriramana Sharma.

b. Identify the party granting a license for use of the font by the editors (include address, e-mail etc.)

Shriramana Sharma and other contributors to the Lohit font project under the Open Font Licence. 6a. Are references (to other character sets, dictionaries, descriptive texts etc.) provided?

Yes.

6b. Are published examples of use (such as samples from newspapers, magazines, or other sources) of proposed characters attached?

Yes.

7. Does the proposal address other aspects of character data processing (if applicable) such as input, presentation, sorting, searching, indexing, transliteration etc. (if yes please enclose information)? **Collation is discussed in the proposal.**

8. Submitters are invited to provide any additional information about Properties of the proposed Character(s) or Script that will assist in correct understanding of and correct linguistic processing of the proposed character(s) or script.

See detailed proposal.

C. Technical – Justification

1. Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before? If YES, explain.

No.

2a. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body, user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)?

Yes.

2b. If YES, with whom?

Narasimha Murthy, Kannada Ganaka Parishad, Bangalore. Srinidhi, Tumkur. Narasimha Bhat, Shirsi.

2c. If YES, available relevant documents

None specifically. The matter was discussed in person or via email.

3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example: size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included?

Those who would like to use the old-style orthography for the Kannada vowel signs 0/00.

4a. The context of use for the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare)

Rare. For recording heritage texts.

4b. Reference

See detailed proposal.

5a. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community?

No.

5b. If YES, where?

6a. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed characters be entirely in the BMP?

Yes.

6b. If YES, is a rationale provided?

Yes.

6c. If YES, reference

They belong in the Kannada block which is in the BMP.

7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)? **Yes.**

8a. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing character or character sequence?

No.

8b. If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?

8c. If YES, reference

9a. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either existing characters or other proposed characters?

Yes. The long vowel sign OO is equivalent to the short vowel sign O followed by length mark.

9b. If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?

Yes. To retain symmetry with the existing encoded characters.

9c. If YES, reference

See detailed proposal.

10a. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function) to an existing character?

No.

10b. If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?

10c. If YES, reference

11a. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences?

The characters by nature are Indic combining marks.

11b. If YES, is a rationale for such use provided?

11c. If YES, reference

11d. Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols) provided?

12a. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as control function or similar semantics?

No.

12b. If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)

13a. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility character(s)?

No.

13b. If YES, is the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic character(s) identified? 13c. If YES, reference:

-0-0-0-