Combining Diacritical Marks Extended

Range: 1AB0-1AFF

The Unicode Standard, Version 15.1

This file contains a excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard, Version 15.1*

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata, or other updates to the Unicode Standard. See https://www.unicode.org/errata/ for an up-to-date list of errata.

See https://www.unicode.org/charts/ for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts. See https://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-15.1/ for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 15.1. See https://www.unicode.org/Public/15.1.0/charts/ for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 15.1. See https://www.unicode.org/charts/About.html#Conventions for conventions used in these code charts, and other general information.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the online reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 15.1 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of The Unicode Standard, Version 15.1, online at https://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode15.1.0/, as well as Unicode Standard Annexes #9, #11, #14, #15, #24, #29, #31, #34, #38, #41, #42, #44, #45, and #50, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available online.

See https://www.unicode.org/ucd/ and http://www.unicode.org/reports/

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Copying characters from the character code tables or list of character names is not recommended, because for production reasons the PDF files for the code charts cannot guarantee that the correct character codes will always be copied.

Fonts

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See https://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html for a list.

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See https://www.unicode.org/pending/pending.html and http://www.unicode.org/alloc/Pipeline.html.

See https://www.unicode.org/charts/About.html for more information concerning the conventions and symbols used in these code charts.

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1ABA 🤉

This block contains many specialized combining marks, often **Used in extended IPA** derived from European dialectology transcriptional conventions.

Used in German dialectology

1AB0	ੰ	COMBINING DOUBLED CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
1AB1	ँ	COMBINING DIAERESIS-RING
1AB2	૿	COMBINING INFINITY
1AB3	்	COMBINING DOWNWARDS ARROW
1AB4	Ö	COMBINING TRIPLE DOT
1AB5	្ណ	COMBINING X-X BELOW
1AB6	<u></u>	COMBINING WIGGLY LINE BELOW
1AB7	Ó	COMBINING OPEN MARK BELOW
		→ 0328 ৃ combining ogonek
		→ 0345 ॄ combining greek ypogegrammeni
1AB8	ੂ	COMBINING DOUBLE OPEN MARK BELOW
1AB9	9	COMBINING LIGHT CENTRALIZATION STROKE
		BELOW

Marks surrounding other diacritics or letters

STROKE BELOW

These marks are often intended to indicate partial or uncertain applicability of another diacritic.

uncertuin	applicability of another diacritic.
1ABB ଧ	COMBINING PARENTHESES ABOVE
	 intended to surround a diacritic above
1ABC 응	COMBINING DOUBLE PARENTHESES ABOVE
1ABD ്ര	COMBINING PARENTHESES BELOW
	 intended to surround a diacritic below
1ABE ⊚	COMBINING PARENTHESES OVERLAY
	 intended to surround a base letter

COMBINING STRONG CENTRALIZATION

exact placement is font dependent Used in Scots dialectology

		3,
1ABF	0	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER W BELOW

- indicates voiced labialization
- \rightarrow 02B7 $^{\rm w}$ modifier letter small $^{\rm w}$
- COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER TURNED W 1AC0 **BELOW**
 - indicates voiceless labialization

Marks next to or surrounding other diacritics

The left or right parentheses marks are used in extended IPA in combination with voicing or devoicing diacritics to indicate initial or final partial applicability.

1AC2	ੇ	COMBINING RIGHT PARENTHESIS ABOVE RIGHT
1AC3	9	COMBINING LEFT PARENTHESIS BELOW LEFT
1AC4	9	COMBINING RIGHT PARENTHESIS BELOW RIGHT

1AC1 COMBINING LEFT PARENTHESIS ABOVE LEFT

- 1AC5 ☐ COMBINING SQUARE BRACKETS ABOVE
 - intended to surround a diacritic above
 - used to indicate cancellation of an accent in Japanese transliteration

Phonetic sign

1AC6 COMBINING NUMBER SIGN ABOVE

- = superscript octothorp
- used extensively in J.P. Harrington's transcriptional notation

U3EU I	III 67	Rtellaea II A
1AC7	ŏ	COMBINING INVERTED DOUBLE ARCH ABOVE
		→ 032B ② combining inverted double arch below
		→ 1DF1 ఀ combining latin small letter w
1AC8	•	COMBINING PLUS SIGN ABOVE
		→ 031F ္ combining plus sign below
1AC9	ਂ	COMBINING DOUBLE PLUS SIGN ABOVE
1ACA	Ω	COMBINING DOUBLE PLUS SIGN BELOW
Used i	in M	iddle English Ormulum
1ACB	<i>″</i>	COMBINING TRIPLE ACUTE ACCENT
		→ 030B ő combining double acute accent
1ACC	ð	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR G
	1AC8 1AC9 1ACA Used i	1AC8 1AC9 1ACA Used in M 1ACB

1ACD COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR R 1ACE & COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR T