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Title

Electro-Technical Symbols -- Mapping Between IEC 617/P1289 and ISO 10646

Source

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Individual expert's contribution

Action

For information

For some years gradual progress has been made in adding to ISO 10646, Universal Character Set (UCS), certain electrotechnical characters shown in Registered Set #181, and derived from the IEC 617 standard and the IEC Publication 1289, from their Sub-Committee 3B.

While most of the IEC characters already existed in UCS, the others required have been recently added in Amendment 18.

Whereas the IEC Registered Set provides their characters as a coherent set, often grouped together like-with-like, the equivalent characters are scattered widely amongst the very large repertoire of UCS. It will be quite difficult for users to identify these.

This paper therefore provides the necessary guidance for identifying them in UCS. It takes the form of a 'mapping table', or table of preferred equivalences. It is emphasised that it is only a suggestion, and does not carry any status other than being for information. In fact, ISO does not specify any mapping tables between UCS and other coded character sets; however the Unicode Consortium have issued some of those.

Like very many of the symbol characters in UCS, that standard does not specify how they shall be used nor what is their precise significance, which may vary from one application to another. This flexibility contrasts with the more specific usages in the IEC publications, and is sufficient to accommodate those.

The following table provides the suggested mappings between the characters of the IEC publications, as coded in Registered Set #181, and the UCS coded characters.

For the IEC characters, their coding is shown in column/row decimal notation. For the UCS characters, their coding is shown in hexadecimal notation.

Where the IEC names and the UCS names are identical, the latter are noted as Ditto. This high-lights the other names where they are different; otherwise, such differences would be likely to be a source of confusion to users.

Because UCS has very many symbols, some differ only slightly from each other in appearance, or even have to be distinguished only by their names. Therefore to assist the user to avoid ambiguous mapping the alternative characters that should <u>not</u> be used are noted here.

In some cases the glyph shown in ISO 10646 is not identical to that shown in the IEC publications. A note is added in each case. It needs to be appreciated that WG2 is reluctant to add a character whose glyph differs only slightly from a character already in the standard.

It is also to be noted that the IEC experts, in choosing the names for characters, seem to have made a real attempt to harmonize with the practices of UCS, within the context of their particular requirements.

The Table of Equivalences

NBSP	2/0	NO-BREAK SPACE = 00A0 Ditto					
\neg	2/1	POSTPONED OUTPUT SYMBOL = 2510 BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT I					
	from the	NOT OOAC. NOT 2309. NOT 230D. NOT FE41. or 2/1. Admittedly the IEC glyph is positioned differently within the character area he box-drawing character 2510 suggested here. However, WG2 was reluctant to add r character when there are already four others with similarly shaped glyphs.					
\mathcal{I}	2/2	MONOSTABLE SYMBOL = 238D Ditto					
П	2/3 HYSTERESIS SYMBOL = 238E Ditto Note for 2/3. The IEC glyph has rather more marked lines at the top-right and the bottom-left than the ISO glyph in Amendment 18. Perhaps that glyph could be modified in the next printing of ISO 10646.						
\Diamond	2/4	OPEN-CIRCUIT-OUTPUT SYMBOL = 25C7 WHITE DIAMOND NOT 22C4. NOT 25CA. NOT 2662	l.				
\Diamond	2/5	OPEN-CIRCUIT-OUTPUT H-TYPE SYMBOL = 238F Ditto					
\triangle	2/6	OPEN-CIRCUIT-OUTPUT L-TYPE SYMBOL = 2390 Ditto NOT 235A.					
\Diamond	2/7	PASSIVE-PULL-DOWN OUTPUT SYMBOL = 2391 Ditto					
\Diamond	2/8	PASSIVE-PULL-UP OUTPUT SYMBOL = 2392 Ditto					
	2/9	COPYRIGHT SYMBOL = 00A9 Ditto					
\(\)	Note fo	LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO = 2264 Ditto for 2/10. Registered Set \$181 adds a note emphasising that the glyph shall be as drawn and "not with an alternative shape. For font design see ISO 3098". It has always been derstanding in WG2 that the forms and should be regarded as equivalent in					
\ll	2/11	MUCH LESS-THAN = 226A Ditto					

	\neg	2/12	NOT GIVE OF			
4 6		2/12	NOT SYMBOL	= N	00AC OT 2311	Ditto D. NOT FE41.
	SHY	2/13	SOFT HYPHEN	=	00AD	Ditto
4	®	2/14	REGISTERED SIGN	=	00AE	Ditto
	0	3/0	DEGREE SIGN	=	0080	Ditto
	土	3/1	PLUS-MINUS SIGN	=	00B1	Ditto
	÷	3/2	DIVISION SIGN	=	00F7	Ditto
	∞	3/3	INFINITY	=	221E	Ditto
	S	3/4	INTEGRAL	=	222B	Ditto
	•••	3/5	HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS		2026 T 22EF	Ditto
	\neq	3/6	NOT EQUAL TO	=	2260	Ditto
ATOMICET		Note for character character	MIDDLE DOT r 3/7. The IEC glyph is different from any in er 00B7 MIDDLE DOT, the pictorial character 221 er 22C5 DOT OPERATOR. Despite the name of 00B7 ed it will be more appropriate to map to the ma	UCS. 9 BUI bein	That has LLET DOT, g the sam	and the mathematical
	\approx	3/8	APPROXIMATELY EQUAL TO	=	2248	ALMOST EQUAL TO
	=	3/9	IDENTICAL TO	=	2261	Ditto
	≥	3/10 Note for	GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO 3/10. Same as note for 2/10.	=	2265	Ditto
	\gg	3/11	MUCH GREATER-THAN	=	226B	Ditto
÷	TM	3/12	TRADE MARK SYMBOL	=	2122	TRADE MARK SIGN
ACTUAL CONTRACTOR	Œ	Note for form is	CENTRE LINE SYMBOL 3/13. The IEC glyph is very different from to more commonly used in many countries, consider the next printing of ISO 10646.	he U	2104 CS glyph. might be	Ditto However, since the IEC given to amending the
		3/14	DIRECT-CURRENT SYMBOL FORM		E = 2 T 2212.	
		3/15	DIRECT-CURRENT SYMBOL FORM	TW	0 = 2	2393 Ditto
	%。	4/0	PER MILLE SIGN	=	2030	Ditto
$\overline{}$	+-	4/1	SHIFTING-INPUT SYMBOL RIGHT-	-TO =	-LEFT 2190 I	OR BOTTOM-TO-TOP LEFTWARDS ARROW

CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL GAMMA = 0393 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER GAMMA = 25B3 WHITE UP-POINTING CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL DELTA TRIANGLE NOT 0394. NOT 2206. NOT 25B5. Note for 4/4. Despite the IEC name including the Greek name DELTA, it is considered preferable to relate this character to the following three characters and map it to 25B3 in Table 46 of ISO 10646. This maintains all four characters as a set. AMPLIFICATION SYMBOL RIGHT-TO-LEFT 25C1 WHITE LEFT-POINTING TRIANGLE NOT 25C3. NOT 25C5. THREE-STATE OUTPUT SYMBOL = 25BD WHITE DOWN-POINTING TRIANGLE NOT 25BF. AMPLIFICATION SYMBOL LEFT-TO-RIGHT = 25B7 WHITE RIGHT-POINTING TRIANGLE NOT 25B9. NOT 25BB. CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL THETA = 0398 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER THETA = 2229 INTERSECTION ANALOGUE SYMBOL NOT 22C2. = 2394 Ditto 4/10 SOFTWARE FUNCTION SYMBOL 4/11 CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL LAMBDA = 039B GREEK CAPITAL LETTER LAMDA = 039E GREEK CAPITAL LETTER XI 4/14 CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL XI = 03A0 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PI CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL PI 5/0 SHIFTING INPUT SYMBOL LEFT-TO-RIGHT OR TOP-TO-BOTTOM = 2192 RIGHTWARDS ARROW NOT 2799. NOT 279B. NOT 279D. NOT 279E. CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL SIGMA 03A3 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER SIGMA CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL UPSILON = 03A5 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON Note for 5/5. The ISO 10646 1993 version standard was printed with the wrong glyph at 03A5, with curved arms. The Unicode version 2.0 standard has the correct straight arms. The IEC publications use the glyph with straight arms. = 03A6 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PHI CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL PHI MULTIPLICATION SIGN = 00D7Ditto 5/7 = 03A8 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PSI CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL PSI -4-

	\circ			
	75	5/9	CAPITAL LETTER SYMBOL OMEG	
34				= 03A9 GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA NOT 2126.
		5/10	SQUARE SIGN	= 25A1 WHITE SQUARE NOT 2610.
. 20	Ø	5/11	DIAMETER SIGN	= 2300 Ditto
	7	5/12	ANGLE	= 2220 Ditto
	\sim	5/13	ALTERNATING-CURRENT SYMBO	L LOW-FREQUENCY RANGE
	^,	Note fo	or $5/13$ and $5/14$ and $5/15$. The IEC glyphs for sawn much more emphatically than those suggested	= 223C TILDE OPERATOR his and the following two characters
	\sim	5/14	ALTERNATING-CURRENT SYMBO	L MEDIUM-FREQUENCY RANGE = 2248 ALMOST EQUAL TO
	\approx	5/15	ALTERNATING-CURRENT SYMBO	L HIGH-FREQUENCY RANGE = 224B TRIPLE TILDE
- 42ak	α	6/1	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL ALPHA	= 03B1 GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA NOT 237A.
	β	6/2	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL BETA	= 03B2 GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA NOT 03D0.
	Y	6/3	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL GAMMA	= 03B3 GREEK SMALL LETTER GAMMA
	δ	6/4	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL DELTA	= 03B4 GREEK SMALL LETTER DELTA
	ϵ	6/5	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL EPSILON	FORM ONE = 220A SMALL ELEMENT OF
		arawn a	r 6/5. Registered Set $\sharp 181$ emphasises that the s in ISO 3098 see note for $2/1$ above. This 10, $7/11$ and $7/12$.	alvoh for this character shall be
	ζ	6/6	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL ZETA	= 03B6 GREEK SMALL LETTER ZETA
	η	6/7	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL ETA	= 03B7 GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA
	θ	6/8	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL THETA F	ORM TWO = 03B8 GREEK SMALL LETTER THETA NOT 03D1.
	Ł	6/9	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL IOTA	= 03B9 GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA
	×	6/10	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL KAPPA	= 03F0 GREEK KAPPA SYMBOL NOT 03BA.
	λ	6/11	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL LAMBDA	= 03BB GREEK SMALL LETTER LAMDA

μ	6/12	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL MU	03BC GREEK SMALL LETT OT 00B5.	ER MU
ν	6/13	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL NU	03BD GREEK SMALL LETT	ER NU
بح	6/14	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL XI	03BE GREEK SMALL LETT	ER XI
π	7/0	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL PI	03C0 GREEK SMALL LETT	ER PI
б	7/1	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL RHO	03F1 GREEK RHO SYMBOI OT 03C1. NOT 2374.	i.
σ	7/3	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL SIGMA	03C3 GREEK SMALL LETT	ER SIGMA
τ	7/4	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL TAU	03C4 GREEK SMALL LETT	ER TAU
υ	7/5	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL UPSILO	03C5 GREEK SMALL LETT	ER UPSILON
ф	7/6	GREEK SMALL LETTER PHI FORM or 7/6. The IEC glyph is drawn slightly diffe	03C6 GREEK SMALL LET'	ER PHI
χ	7/7	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL CHI	03C7 GREEK SMALL LETT	ER CHI
ψ	7/8	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL PSI	03C8 GREEK SMALL LETT	ER PSI
ώ	7/9	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL OMEGA	03C9 GREEK SMALL LETT NOT 2375.	TER OMEGA
ð	7/10	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL THETA	RM ONE = 03D1 GREEK THETA SYM	BOL
φ	7/11	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL PHI FO	ONE = 03D5 GREEK PHI S	YMBOL
ε	7/12	SMALL LETTER SYMBOL EPSILO	FORM ONE = 03B5 GREEK SMALL LET	TER EPSILC
		W. 42 to Meditari	The same are supposed to the same supposed to the s	

Note for Greek letter symbols. Registered Set #181 shows for all these that they are used in IEC 27 Parts 1 to 4, ISO 31 Parts 0 to 13, IEC 617 Parts 1 to 13, and IEC 1082 Parts 1 to 13.