# ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N4344 L2/12-xxx 2012-10-5

Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set International Organization for Standardization Organisation internationale de normalisation Международная организация по стандартизации

**Doc Type:** Working Group Document

Title: Preliminary Proposal to add the Leke Script in the SMP of the UCS

Source: Erich Fickle, Martin Hosken Status: Individual Contribution

Action: For consideration by JTC1/SC2/WG2

Date: 2012-09-20

**1. Introduction**: This document is a preliminary proposal on the Leke script used by the Karen in Thailand and neighbouring countries.

The Karen people live mostly in mountainous regions on the border between Thailand and Myanmar, speaking a range of dialects. There is a continuous spectrum of dialects that are frequently grouped into two dialect clusters, the Pwo Karen and the S'gaw Karen. The Pwo Karen write with several different writing systems, some based on already encoded scripts Latin, Thai, Ancient Mon and other scripts. Leke and several monastic scripts are not encoded. Some monastic scripts might be inappropriate for encoding since they are considered secret by the users and there is a lack of publicly available samples. However, the Leke script is used publicly and in different contexts by Buddhists monks, Christians and in fully secular contexts.

The Leke script was developed before the 1860s (Stern) with some assumed borrowings from Ancient Mon and other scripts from the area.

This preliminary proposal lacks information which is outlined in the section labelled "Issues" below. The authors seek any additional information or text samples.

#### 2. Structure:

Texts in this script are written left to right. The writing is structured by syllables like in other scripts in the region. The vowels and syllable coda are structured around the initial letter. The initial is a consonant. For reference, we are calling the base character a consonant, regardless of the actual linguistic value. Consonant finals on closed syllables are represented by a consonant with a LEKE KILLER.

Tones are phonemic, but phonetically they may be a combination of vowel breathiness (2008 Phillips) and tone.

There are no contextual forms of the letters. Consonants without a LEKE KILLER have a default inherent vowel sound of [a] after them. Leke has an irregular system of vowel plus final consonant sequences which are read as open vowels with no final consonant. Some consonant sounds can only occur in word medial positions, and this probably aids in the reader's parsing of text strings when spacing characters are not used.

Numbers can be surrounded by a special punctuation marker LEKE NUMBER MARKER. There is a unique Leke set of digits.

A line break should not occur inside a syllable. The difficulty occurs because some vowel ligatures appear before consonants visually. This difficulty is solved by using a logical storage encoding order, rather than a

visual storage order. Line breaking may also occur outisde a LEKE NUMBER MARKER, after a space or after other punctuation.

There are a few marks in texts whose function is not understood at the time of this proposal. It is assumed they are decorative, but this may not be true. They are not widely spread across different texts.

Some characters always function as medial consonants, and this is reflected in the names.

There is a special character for LEKE END OF SECTION. There is a large amount of variation in the glyphs.

Four of the vowels have the same shape as consonant letters, but these glyphs are marks which will attach below consonant base characters. They are written smaller in size than the consonants.

#### 2.1 Issues

### 2.1.1. Script Coverage

This is a Preliminary Proposal because the analysis of the function of the script has not been community tested. Many sources claim that there may be letters to provide transcription of Pali (ISO 639-3:pli) texts representing sounds which are not normally used for Karen languages. We do not have examples of these transcribed Pali texts at this time. There are over 30 vowel phonemes in Pwo Karen (Phillips), but the text examples we have do not show more than a handful. Some of the older sources (Stern 1968), claim that the Leke script over-differentiates phonemically, but the evidence we have shows an extreme under differentiation. Further research is planned to confirm the script analysis in this Preliminary Proposal.

We have verbal reports that the script is used by the S'gaw Karen (ISO 639-3:ksw) around Kanchanaburi province in Thailand. This use by S'gaw Karen speakers has not been confirmed, and it is unknown if they have extended the script. By far, the largest community of Leke users is among the Pwo Karen (ISO 639-3:pwo).

The large number of empty slots in the charts are to accommodate Pali extension letters (Brown, 1985).

### 2.1.2 Incomplete analysis

The names of the characters are not satisfactory in this proposal. There are characters where exact pronunciation was not known, especially the vowels and a few consonants. In some cases there is not even a reasonable guess that could be tentatively made. This orthography is in the process of being resurveyed so that a Latin script English language transcription of the names can be made more accurately for the Unicode/ISO 10646 names list.

There are characters which are not in the normal consonant sequence and appear to function as vowels, but are not joining diacritics. We have not yet found any information on what these characters are named.

There is one source which claims that some consonants have different vowel phonetic values. If true, this would leave Leke spelling with an indeterminate pronunciation.

### 3 Characters:

## LEKE

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	33		്		0
1	/	D		<b>ે</b>		<b>V</b>
2	η	$\odot$		५ े		8
3	>	11		• 0		Ն
4	9	X		ি ১		ሪ
5	G	×		္င		8
6	b	D		့		క
7	С	Ω		್ಟಿ		3
8	7	S		୍ର		<b>જ</b>
9	ۍ			ွ		S
Α	3			್ರ		*
В	//				ಿ	•
C	ΝN		u <mark>.</mark>		·	<u>~</u>
D	77		÷		ः	
Ε	99		0		ে	
F	СС		G		• 0	

Cons	onani	ts	Vowe	ls		
00	Э	LEKE LETTER KA	30	૦૧	LEKE VOWEL AA	
01	/	LEKE LETTER KHA		ै	LEKE VOWEL I	
02	ર	LEKE LETTER NGA	32	ें	LEKE VOWEL AE	
03	~	LEKE LETTER CA	33	ó	LEKE VOWEL AI	
04	9	LEKE LETTER CHA	34	ô	LEKE VOWEL U	
05	G	LEKE LETTER NJA				
06	σ	LEKE LETTER NYA	35	ွ	LEKE VOWEL AU	
07	Ω	LEKE LETTER THA		ु	LEKE VOWEL E	
08	૧	LEKE LETTER SA	37	្ត	LEKE VOWEL O	
09	ک ک	LEKE LETTER SHA	38	្ព	LEKE VOWEL OJ	
0A	3	LEKE LETTER PA		្វ	LEKE VOWEL UU	
0B	//	LEKE LETTER PHA	3A	ृ	LEKE VOWEL unknown	
0C	Ž	LEKE LETTER MA	Tone	Tones		
0D	¥	LEKE LETTER YA	4B	្វ	LEKE KILLER	
0E	99	LEKE LETTER RA	4C	़	LEKE TONE HIGH	
0F	8	LEKE LETTER ZA	4D	ः ः	LEKE TONE RISING	
10	33	LEKE LETTER LA	4E	်	LEKE TONE FALLING	
11	ð	LEKE LETTER JHA		•		
12	0	LEKE LETTER HA	4F	்	LEKE TONE BREATHY	
13	ž	LEKE LETTER AA	Digit	S	_	
14	M	LEKE LETTER JZA	50	0	LEKE DIGIT ZERO	
15	×	LEKE LETTER GLOTAL	51	<b>V</b>	LEKE DIGIT ONE	
16	Ω	LEKE LETTER BA	52	8	LEKE DIGIT TWO	
17	Ω	LEKE LETTER DA	53	វ	LEKE DIGIT THREE	
18	c	LEKE LETTER NA	54	វ	LEKE DIGIT FOUR	
	diacri	itic Vowels or poorly understood	55	8	LEKE DIGIT FIVE	
2B	_	LEKE LETTER unknown	56	8	LEKE DIGIT SIX	
2C	÷	LEKE LETTER unknown	57	~	LEKE DIGIT SEVEN	
2D	÷	LEKE LETTER unknown	58	ત	LEKE DIGIT EIGHT	
2E	0	LEKE LETTER unknown	59	S	LEKE DIGIT NINE	
2F	G	LEKE MEDIAL RA		tuatio		
			5A	*	LEKE NUMBER MARKER	
			5B		LEKE BULLET	
			5C	<b>(</b> ~~	LEKE END OF SECTION	

### **Unicode Properties**

```
00; LEKE LETTER KA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
01; LEKE LETTER KHA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
02:LEKE LETTER NGA;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;
03; LEKE LETTER CA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
04; LEKE LETTER CHA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
05; LEKE LETTER NJA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
06; LEKE LETTER NYA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
07; LEKE LETTER TA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
08;LEKE LETTER SA;Lo;0;L;;;;;N;;;;
09; LEKE LETTER SHA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
0A; LEKE LETTER PA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
OB;LEKE LETTER PHA;Lo;O;L;;;;;N;;;;
0C;LEKE LETTER MA;Lo;0;L;;;;;N;;;;
0D;LEKE LETTER YA;Lo;0;L;;;;;N;;;;;
0E; LEKE LETTER RA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
0F;LEKE LETTER ZA;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;;
10; LEKE LETTER LA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
11; LEKE LETTER JHA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
12; LEKE LETTER HA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
13; LEKE LETTER AA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
14; LEKE LETTER ZJA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
15; LEKE LETTER GLOTTAL; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
16; LEKE LETTER BA; Lo; 0; L;;;; N;;;;
17; LEKE LETTER DAA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
18; LEKE LETTER NA; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
2A; LEKE LETTER unknown; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
2B;LEKE LETTER unknown;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;
2C; LEKE LETTER unknown; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
2D; LEKE LETTER unknown; Lo; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;
2E;LEKE LETTER unknown;Lo;0;L;;;;;N;;;;
2F; LEKE MEDIAL RA; Mn; 0; L;;;;; N;;;;;
30; LEKE VOWEL AA; Mc; 0; NSM; ;;;; N;;;;;
31;LEKE VOWEL I;Mn;0;NSM;;;;;N;;;;
32; LEKE VOWEL AE; Mn; 0; NSM; ;; ;; N; ;; ;;
33; LEKE VOWEL AI; Mn; 0; NSM;;;;; N;;;;
34; LEKE VOWEL U; Mn; 0; NSM; ;; ;; N; ;; ;
35; LEKE VOWEL AU; Mn; 0; NSM; ; ; ; ; N; ; ; ;
36; LEKE VOWEL E; Mn; 0; NSM; ;;;; N;;;;
37; LEKE VOWEL 0; Mn; 0; NSM; ;; ;; N; ;; ;;
38; LEKE VOWEL 0J; Mn; 0; NSM;;;;; N;;;;;
39; LEKE VOWEL UU; Mn; 0; NSM;;;;; N;;;;
3A; LEKE VOWEL unknown; Mn; 0; NSM; ;; ;; N; ;; ;;
4B; LEKE KILLER; Mn; 0; NSM;;;;; N;;;;;
4C; LEKE TONE HIGH; Mn; 0; NSM;;;;; N;;;;
4D; LEKE TONE RISING; Mn; 0; NSM;;;; N;;;; 4E; LEKE TONE FALLING; Mn; 0; NSM;;;; N;;;;
4F; LEKE TONE BREATHY; Mn; 0; NSM;;;;; N;;;;;
50; LEKE DIGIT 0; Nd; 0; L;; 0; 0; 0; N;;;;;
51; LEKE DIGIT 1; Nd; 0; L;; 1; 1; 1; N;;;;;
52;LEKE DIGIT 2;Nd;0;L;;2;2;2;N;;;;;
53;LEKE DIGIT 3;Nd;0;L;;3;3;3;N;;;;;
54; LEKE DIGIT 4; Nd; 0; L;; 4; 4; 4; N;;;;;
55; LEKE DIGIT 5; Nd; 0; L;; 5; 5; 5; N;;;;;
56; LEKE DIGIT 6; Nd; 0; L;; 6; 6; 6; N;;;;;
57; LEKE DIGIT 7; Nd; 0; L;; 7; 7; 7; N;;;;
58;LEKE DIGIT 8;Nd;0;L;;8;8;8;N;;;;;
59;LEKE DIGIT 9;Nd;0;L;;9;9;9;N;;;;
5A; LEKE NUMBER MARKER; Po; 0; ON; ;; ;; N; ;; ;;
5B; LEKE BULLET; Po; 0; ON; ;; ;; N; ;; ;;
5c;LEKE END OF SECTION;Po;0;ON;;;;;N;;;;;
```

# **Examples**

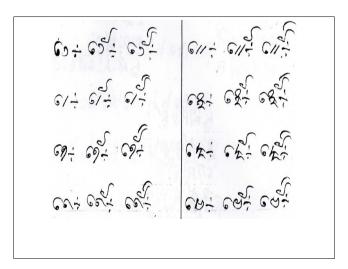


Figure 1: Examples from literacy copybook of unknown value characters which are apparently vowels.

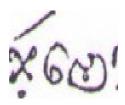


Figure 2: Example of unknown value character, dotted circle with dot inside.



Figure 3: Example of Leke Leaf Book with End of Section or Paragraph marker in a different, highly ornate style.

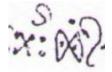


Figure 4: Example of dots inside, but with a dot outside to suggest this is not just ornate placement of vowel marks.

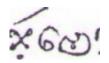


Figure 5: Example of unknown glyph with notch in the top of the dotted circle.

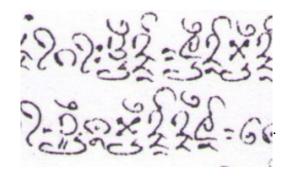


Figure 6: Examples of how the vowel diacritics and tone marks can stack.

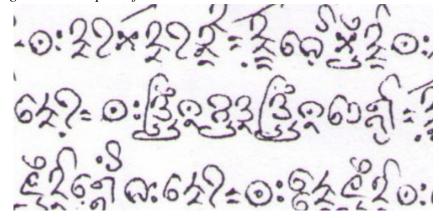


Figure 7: Example of dotted circle character with unknown value or function.

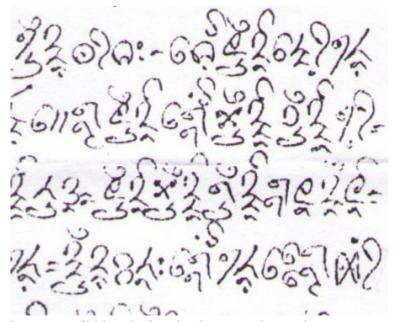


Figure 8: Example showing staff-like glyphs of unknown value or function.

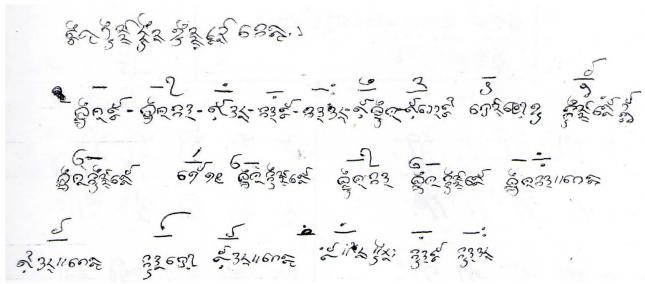


Figure 9: List of vowels from a Leke Copy Book. The dash appears to function like the Unicode Dotted Circle, except in some cases which look like  $/ \div /$ .

Figure 10: Leke Copy Book tone drill section which shows several unknown characters.

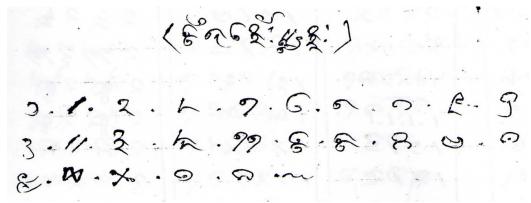


Figure 11: Yellow book example showing complete consonant list in accepted order. The glyph at the end is a LEKE END OF SECTION.

## **Bibliography**

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### Background information on the Karen people and writing systems

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# **Acknowledgements**

Thanks go to Payap University Linguistics Institute, Chiang Mai, Thailand, under whose auspices this work is done. Also to David Morse who gave us the glyphs for the reference font and spent hours explaining what he had learned about how parts of the script worked. There are several others who wish to remain anonymous at this time, but without their help we might not have understood how this visually complex script worked.

### ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2

### 

Please fill all the sections A, B and C below.

Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P & P) from <a href="http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html">http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html</a> for guidelines and details before filling this form.

Please ensure you are using the latest Form from <a href="http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html">http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html</a>
See also <a href="http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html">http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html</a>
See also <a href="http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html">http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html</a>
See also <a href="http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html">http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html</a>
See also <a href="http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html">http://www.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html</a>
For latest Roadmaps.

### A. Administrative

1. Title:	Leke						
2. Requester's nam	2. Requester's name: Erich Fickle, Martin Hosken						
3. Requester type (	equester type (Member body/Liaison/Individual contribution): Individual contribution						
4. Submission date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
5. Requester's refe	rence (if applicable):						
6. Choose one of the							
This is a	complete proposal:						
(or) More	information will be provide	led later:		X			
				<del></del>			
B. Technical – Ge	neral						
1. Choose one of the	he following:						
a. This prop	osal is for a new script (set	of characters):		X			
Prop	osed name of script:		Leke				
b. The propo	osal is for addition of chara	cter(s) to an existing bloc	k:				
Nam	e of the existing block:						
2. Number of char	acters in proposal:			57			
	ory (select one from below	- see section 2.2 of P&P d	locument):				
A-Contempora	• `		B.2-Specialized (large collec	tion)			
C-Major extinc			E-Minor extinct				
	oglyphic or Ideographic		G-Obscure or questionable usage syn	nhols			
	icluding character names pr	rovidad?	o obscure of questionable usage syn				
			aa ayidalinaa"	yes			
	re the names in accordance nnex L of P&P document?	with the character namin	ig guidennes	nantialle			
		a lacible form quitable for	marriany?	partially			
ĺ	naracter shapes attached in	-	·	yes			
			ence: True Type, or PostScript format)	tor			
	he standard?		Marten Hoskin or David Morse	. 1			
	now, identify source(s) for	the font (include address,	e-mail, ftp-site, etc.) and indicate the	tools			
used:							
6. References:							
	ences (to other character set			yes			
_	-	as samples from newspa	pers, magazines, or other sources)				
1 .	characters attached?		yes				
7. Special encodin							
			sing (if applicable) such as input,				
presentation	, sorting, searching, indexi	ng, transliteration etc. (if	yes please enclose information)?	no			
8. Additional Infor	mation:						
Submitters are inv	ited to provide any additior	nal information about Prop	perties of the proposed Character(s) or	Script that will assist			
in correct understanding of and correct linguistic processing of the proposed character(s) or script. Examples of such properties							
are: Casing information, Numeric information, Currency information, Display behaviour information such as line breaks, widths							
etc., Combining behaviour, Spacing behaviour, Directional behaviour, Default Collation behaviour, relevance in Mark Up contexts,							
Compatibility equivalence and other Unicode normalization related information. See the Unicode standard at							
http://www.unicode.org for such information on other scripts. Also see <a href="http://www.unicode.org/Public/UNIDATA/UCD.html">http://www.unicode.org/Public/UNIDATA/UCD.html</a> and associated Unicode Technical Reports for information needed for consideration by the Unicode Technical Committee for							
	•	r information needed for o	consideration by the Unicode Technica	l Committee for			
∟inclusion in the Ur	nicode Standard						

<sup>1 -</sup> Form number: N3102-F (Original 1994-10-14; Revised 1995-01, 1995-04, 1996-04, 1996-08, 1999-03, 2001-05, 2001-09, 2003-11, 2005-01, 2005-09, 2005-10, 2007-03)

### C. Technical - Justification

Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before?	no					
If YES explain						
2. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body,	partially					
user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)?	раниину					
If YES, with whom?						
If YES, available relevant documents:						
3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example:	was					
size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included?  Reference: this document	yes					
1000000						
4. The context of use for the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare)  Reference:	common					
5. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community?	yes					
If YES, where? Reference: Thailand and others						
6. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed characters be entire	ely					
in the BMP?	no					
If YES, is a rationale provided?						
If YES, reference:						
7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)?	yes					
8. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing						
character or character sequence?	no					
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?						
If YES, reference:						
9. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either						
existing characters or other proposed characters?	no					
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?						
If YES, reference:						
10. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function)						
to an existing character?	yes					
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	yes					
If YES, reference: this document						
11. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences?	yes					
If YES, is a rationale for such use provided?	yes					
If YES, reference: this document						
Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols) provided?	no					
If YES, reference:						
12. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as						
control function or similar semantics?	no					
If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)						
13. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility character(s)?	no					
If YES, is the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic character(s) identified?						
If YES, reference:						