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Technologies de l'information —

Méthode de modélisation des conventions culturelles

1

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28 Foreword

29
30 ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International
31 Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization.
32 National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of
33 International Standards through technical committees established by the respective
34 organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical
35 committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations,
36 governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the
37 work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint
38 technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

39
40 The main task of a technical committee is to prepare International Standards but in
41 exceptional circumstances, the publication of a Technical Report of one of the following
42 types may be proposed:

- 43
44 - type 1, when the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an
45 International Standard, despite repeated efforts;
- 46
47 - type 2, when the subject is still under technical development or where for any
48 other reason there is the future but not immediate possibility of an agreement on an
49 International Standard;
- 50
51 - type 3, when a technical committee has collected data of a different kind from
52 that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for
53 example).

54
55 Technical Reports are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC
56 Directives, Part 3.

57
58 Technical Reports of types 1 and 2 are subject to review within three years of publication,
59 to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards. Technical Report
60 of type 3 do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the date they provide are considered
61 to be no longer valid or useful.

62
63 ISO/IEC TR 14652 is a Technical Report type 1, and it was prepared by Joint Technical
64 Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology, Subcommittee 22, Programming
languages, their environments and system software interfaces*.

65
66 The Annexes A, B, C and D of this Technical Report are for information only.

68 **Introduction**

70 This Technical Report defines a general mechanism to specify cultural conventions, and it
71 defines formats for a number of specific cultural conventions in the areas of character
72 classification and conversion, sorting, number formatting, monetary formatting, date
73 formatting, message display, paper formats, addressing of persons, postal address
74 formatting, telephone number handling, and a way to specify how much is covered and the
75 status of it.

76 There are a number of benefits coming from this standard:

77 Rigid specification

78 Using this Technical Report, a user can rigidly specify a
79 number of the cultural conventions that apply to the
80 information technology environment of the user.

81 Cultural adaptability

82 If an application has been designed and built in a
83 cultural neutral manner, the application may use the
84 specifications as data to its APIs, and thus the same
85 application may accommodate different users in a
86 culturally acceptable way to each of the users, without
87 change of the binary application.

88 Productivity

89 This standard specifies those cultural conventions and
90 how to specify data for them. With those data an
91 application developer is relieved from getting the
92 different information to support all the cultural
93 environments for the expected customers of the product.
94 The application developer is thus ensured of culturally
95 correct behavior as specified by the customer, and
96 possibly more markets may be reached as customers may
97 have the possibility to provide the data themselves for
98 markets that were not targeted.

99 Uniform behaviour

100 When a number of applications share one cultural
101 specification, which may be supplied from the user or a
102 built-in nature, their behaviour for cultural adaptation
103 become uniform.

104 The specification format is independent of platforms and specific encoding, and targeted to
105 be usable from a wide range of programming languages.

106 A number of cultural conventions, such as spelling, hyphenation rules and terminology, are
107 not specifiable with this standard, but the standard provides mechanisms to define new
108 categories and also new keywords within existing categories. An internationalized
109 application may take advantage of information provided with the FDCC-set (such as the
110 language) to provide further internationalized services to the user.

111 This Technical Report defines a format compatible with the one used in the International
112 String Ordering standard, ISO/IEC 14651. This Technical Report is backwards compatible
113 with the ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX shell and utilities standard, particularly its clauses

118 2.4 and 2.5. The major extensions from that text are listed in annex A. This Technical
119 Report has enhanced functionality in a number of areas such as ISO/IEC 10646 support,
120 more classification of characters, transliteration, dual (multi) currency support, enhanced
121 date and time formatting, paper size identification, personal name writing, postal address
122 formatting, telephone number handling, and management of categories. There is enhanced
123 support for character sets including ISO/IEC 2022 handling and an enhanced method to
124 separate the specification of cultural conventions from an actual encoding via a description
125 of the character repertoire employed. A standard set of values for all the categories has
126 been defined covering the repertoire of ISO/IEC 10646-1.
127

Information technology — Specification method for cultural conventions

1 SCOPE

This Technical Report specifies a description format for the specification of cultural conventions, a description format for character sets, and a description format for binding character names to ISO/IEC 10646, plus a set of default values for some of these items.

The specification is upward compatible with POSIX locale specifications - a locale conformant to POSIX specifications will also be conformant to the specifications in this Standard, while the reverse condition will not hold. The descriptions are intended to be coded in text files to be used via Application Programming Interfaces, that are expected to be developed for a number of programming languages.

2 NORMATIVE REFERENCES

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Technical Report. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this Technical Report are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid Technical Reports.

ISO 639 (all parts), *Codes for the representation of names of languages*.

ISO/IEC 2022, *Information technology - Character code structure and extension techniques*.

ISO 3166 (all parts), *Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions*.

ISO 4217, *Codes for the representation of currencies and funds*.

ISO 8601, *Data elements and interchange formats - Information interchange - Representation of dates and times*.

ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993, *Information technology - Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) - Part 2: Shell and Utilities*.

ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993, *Information technology - Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) - Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane (including Cor.1 and AMD 1-9)*.

ISO/IEC 14651, *Information technology - International string ordering - Method for comparing character strings and description of a default tailorable ordering*.

ISO/IEC 15897:1999, *Information technology - Procedures for registration of cultural conventions*.

178

3 TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND NOTATIONS

179

3.1 Terms and definitions

180

For the purposes of this Technical Report, the terms and definitions given in the following apply.

181

3.1.1

182

byte:

183

An individually addressable unit of data storage that is equal to or larger than an octet, used to store a character or a portion of a character.

184

185

A byte is composed of a contiguous sequence of bits, the number of which is implementation defined. The least significant bit is called the low-order bit; the most significant bit is called the high-order bit.

186

3.1.2

187

character:

188

A member of a set of elements used for the organization, control or representation of data.

189

3.1.3

190

coded character:

191

A sequence of one or more bytes representing a single character.

192

3.1.4

193

text file:

194

A file that contains characters organized into one or more lines.

195

3.1.5

196

cultural convention:

197

A data item for information technology that may vary dependent on language, territory, or other cultural habits.

198

3.1.6

199

FDCC-set:

200

A Set of Formal Definitions of Cultural Conventions. The definition of the subset of a user's information technology environment that depends on language and cultural conventions. Note: the FDCC-set is a superset of the "locale" term in C and POSIX.

201

3.1.7

202

charmap:

203

A definition of a mapping between symbolic character names and character codes, plus related information"

204

3.1.8

205

repertoiremap:

206

A definition of a mapping between symbolic character names and characters for the repertoire of characters used in a FDCC-set, further described in clause 6.

207

3.1.9

208

charname:

209

A symbolic name for a character, such as "A" or "a".

3.1.9**character class:**

A named set of characters sharing an attribute associated with the name of the class.

3.1.10**collation:**

The logical ordering of strings according to defined precedence rules.

3.1.11**collating element:**

The smallest entity used to determine logical ordering.

See collating sequence. A collating element shall consist of either a single character, or two or more characters collating as a single entity. The LC_COLLATE category in the associated FDCC-set determines the set of collating elements.

3.1.12**multicharacter collating element:**

A sequence of two or more characters that collate as an entity.

For example, in some languages two characters are sorted as one letter, as in the case for Danish and Norwegian "aa".

3.1.13**collating sequence:**

The relative order of collating elements as determined by the setting of the LC_COLLATE category in the applied FDCC-set.

3.1.14**equivalence class:**

A set of collating elements with the same primary collation weight.

Elements in an equivalence class are typically elements that naturally group together, such as all accented letters based on the same letter.

The collation order of elements within an equivalence class is determined by the weights assigned on any subsequent levels after the primary weight.

3.2 Notations

The following notations and common conventions for specifications apply to this standard:

3.2.1 Notation for defining syntax

In this standard, the description of an individual record in a FDCC-set is done using the syntax notation given in the following.

The syntax notation looks as follows:

"<format>',[<arg1>,<arg2>,...,<argn>]

The <format> is given in a format string enclosed in double quotes, followed by a number of parameters, separated by commas. It is similar to the format specification defined in clause 2.12 in the ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 standard and the format specification used in C language printf() function. The format of each parameter is given by an escape sequence as follows:

%s specifies a string
 %d specifies a decimal integer
 %c specifies a character
 %o specifies an octal integer
 %x specifies a hexadecimal integer

A " " (an empty character position) in the syntax string represent one or more <blank> characters.

All other characters in the format string except

%% specifies a single %
 \n specifies an end-of-line

represent themselves.

The notation "..." is used to specify that repetition of the previous specification is optional, and this is done in both the format string and in the parameter list.

3.2.3 Portable character set

A set of symbolic names for characters in Table 1, which is called the portable character set, is used in character description text of this specification. The first eight entries in Table 1 are defined in ISO/IEC 6429 and others are defined in ISO/IEC 10646-1.

Table 1: Portable character set

Symbolic name	Glyph	UCS	Description
<NUL>		<U0000>	NULL (NUL)
<alert>		<U0007>	BELL (BEL)
<backspace>		<U0008>	BACKSPACE (BS)
<tab>		<U0009>	CHARACTER TABULATION (HT)
<carriage-return>		<U000D>	CARRIAGE RETURN (CR)
<newline>		<U000A>	LINE FEED (LF)
<vertical-tab>		<U000B>	LINE TABULATION (VT)
<form-feed>		<U000C>	FORM FEED (FF)
<space>		<U0020>	SPACE
<exclamation-mark>	!	<U0021>	EXCLAMATION MARK
<quotation-mark>	"	<U0022>	QUOTATION MARK
<number-sign>	#	<U0023>	NUMBER SIGN
<dollar-sign>	\$	<U0024>	DOLLAR SIGN
<percent-sign>	%	<U0025>	PERCENT SIGN
<ampersand>	&	<U0026>	AMPERSAND
<apostrophe>	,	<U0027>	APOSTROPHE
<left-parenthesis>	(<U0028>	LEFT PARENTHESIS
<right-parenthesis>)	<U0029>	RIGHT PARENTHESIS
<asterisk>	*	<U002A>	ASTERISK
<plus-sign>	+	<U002B>	PLUS SIGN
<comma>	,	<U002C>	COMMA
<hyphen-minus>	-	<U002D>	HYPHEN-MINUS
<hyphen>	-	<U002D>	HYPHEN-MINUS
<full-stop>	.	<U002E>	FULL STOP

338	<period>	.	<U002E>	FULL STOP
339	<slash>	/	<U002F>	SOLIDUS
340	<solidus>	/	<U002F>	SOLIDUS
341	<zero>	0	<U0030>	DIGIT ZERO
342	<one>	1	<U0031>	DIGIT ONE
343	<two>	2	<U0032>	DIGIT TWO
344	<three>	3	<U0033>	DIGIT THREE
345	<four>	4	<U0034>	DIGIT FOUR
346	<five>	5	<U0035>	DIGIT FIVE
347	<six>	6	<U0036>	DIGIT SIX
348	<seven>	7	<U0037>	DIGIT SEVEN
349	<eight>	8	<U0038>	DIGIT EIGHT
350	<nine>	9	<U0039>	DIGIT NINE
351	<colon>	:	<U003A>	COLON
352	<semicolon>	;	<U003B>	SEMICOLON
353	<less-than-sign>	<	<U003C>	LESS-THAN SIGN
354	<equals-sign>	=	<U003D>	EQUALS SIGN
355	<greater-than-sign>	>	<U003E>	GREATER-THAN SIGN
356	<question-mark>	?	<U003F>	QUESTION MARK
357	<commercial-at>	@	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
358	<A>	A	<U0041>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
359		B	<U0042>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B
360	<C>	C	<U0043>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C
361	<D>	D	<U0044>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D
362	<E>	E	<U0045>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E
363	<F>	F	<U0046>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
364	<G>	G	<U0047>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G
365	<H>	H	<U0048>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
366	<I>	I	<U0049>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I
367	<J>	J	<U004A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J
368	<K>	K	<U004B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
369	<L>	L	<U004C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
370	<M>	M	<U004D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
371	<N>	N	<U004E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
372	<O>	O	<U004F>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
373	<P>	P	<U0050>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
374	<Q>	Q	<U0051>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
375	<R>	R	<U0052>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
376	<S>	S	<U0053>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
377	<T>	T	<U0054>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
378	<U>	U	<U0055>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
379	<V>	V	<U0056>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
380	<W>	W	<U0057>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
381	<X>	X	<U0058>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
382	<Y>	Y	<U0059>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
383	<Z>	Z	<U005A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
384	<left-square-bracket>	[<U005B>	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
385	<backslash>	\	<U005C>	REVERSE SOLIDUS
386	<reverse-solidus>	\	<U005C>	REVERSE SOLIDUS
387	<right-square-bracket>]	<U005D>	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
388	<circumflex-accent>	^	<U005E>	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
389	<circumflex>	^	<U005E>	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
390	<low-line>	—	<U005F>	LOW LINE
391	<underscore>	—	<U005F>	LOW LINE
392	<grave-accent>	`	<U0060>	GRAVE ACCENT
393	<a>	a	<U0061>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A
394		b	<U0062>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B
395	<c>	c	<U0063>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C
396	<d>	d	<U0064>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D
397	<e>	e	<U0065>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E
398	<f>	f	<U0066>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
399	<g>	g	<U0067>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G
400	<h>	h	<U0068>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H
401	<i>	i	<U0069>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I
402	<j>	j	<U006A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J
403	<k>	k	<U006B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K
404	<l>	l	<U006C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L
405	<m>	m	<U006D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M
406	<n>	n	<U006E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N
407	<o>	o	<U006F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O
408	<p>	p	<U0070>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P
409	<q>	q	<U0071>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
410	<r>	r	<U0072>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
411	<s>	s	<U0073>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S
412	<t>	t	<U0074>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T
413	<u>	u	<U0075>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U
414	<v>	v	<U0076>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V
415	<w>	w	<U0077>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W

416	<x>	x	<U0078>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X
417	<y>	y	<U0079>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
418	<z>	z	<U007A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
419	<left-brace>	{	<U007B>	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
420	<left-curly-bracket>	{	<U007B>	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
421	<vertical-line>		<U007C>	VERTICAL LINE
422	<right-brace>	}	<U007D>	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
423	<right-curly-bracket>	}	<U007D>	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
424	<tilde>	~	<U007E>	TILDE

425

This Technical Report may use other symbolic character names than the above in examples, to illustrate the use of the range of symbols allowed by the syntax specified in 4.1.1.

429

4 FDCC-set

431

A FDCC-set is the definition of the subset of a user's information technology environment that depends on language and cultural conventions. It is made up from one or more categories. Each category is identified by its name and controls specific aspects of the behaviour of components of the system. This Technical Report defines the following categories:

437

438	LC_IDENTIFICATION	Versions and status of categories
439	LC_CTYPE	Character classification, case conversion and code transformation.
440	LC_COLLATE	Collation order.
441	LC_TIME	Date and time formats.
442	LC_NUMERIC	Numeric, non-monetary formatting.
443	LC_MONETARY	Monetary formatting.
444	LC_MESSAGES	Formats of informative and diagnostic messages and interactive responses.
445	LC_PAPER	Paper format
446	LC_NAME	Format of writing personal names
447	LC_ADDRESS	Format of postal addresses
448	LC_TELEPHONE	Format for telephone numbers, and other telephone information

451

452

In future editions of this Technical Report further categories may be added. Other category names beginning with the 3 characters "LC_" are intended for future standardization, except for category names beginning with the five characters "LC_X_" which shall not be used for future addition of categories specified in this Technical Report. An application may thus use category names beginning with the five characters "LC_X_" for application defined categories to avoid clashes with future standardized categories.

459

This Technical Report also defines an FDCC-set named "i18n" with values for some of the above categories in order to simplify FDCC-set descriptions for a number of cultures. The contents of "i18n" categories should not necessarily be considered as the most commonly accepted values, while it in many cases could be the recommended values.

464

465

4.1 FDCC-set definition

466

467

FDCC-sets are described with the syntax presented in this subclause. For the purposes of this Technical Report, the text is referred to as the FDCC-set definition text or FDCC-set source text.

The **FDCC-set definition text** shall contain one or more FDCC-set category source definitions, and shall not contain more than one definition for the same FDCC-set category. If the text contains source definitions for more than one category, application-defined categories, if present, shall appear after the categories defined by this clause. A category source definition shall contain either the definition of a category or a copy directive. In the event that some of the information for a FDCC-set category, as specified in this Technical Report, is missing from the FDCC-set source definition, the behaviour of that category, if it is referenced, is unspecified. A FDCC-set category is the normal way of specifying a single FDCC.

There are no **naming conventions** for FDCC-sets specified in this Technical Report, but ISO/IEC 15897:1999 specifies naming rules for POSIX locales, charmaps and repertoiremaps, that may also be applied to FDCC-sets, charmaps and repertoiremaps specified according to this Technical Report.

A **category source definition** shall consist of a category header, a category body, and a category trailer. A category header shall consist of the character string naming of the category, beginning with the characters "LC_". The category trailer shall consist of the string "END", followed by one or more "blank"s and the string used in the corresponding category header.

The **category body** shall consist of one or more lines of text. Each line shall be one of the following:

- a line containing an identifier, optionally followed by one or more operands. Identifiers shall be either keywords, identifying a particular FDCC, or collating elements, or section symbols,
- one of transliteration statements defined in 4.3.

In addition to the keywords defined in this Technical Report, the source can contain application-defined keywords. Each **keyword** within a category shall have a unique name (i.e., two categories can have a commonly-named keyword); no keyword shall start with the characters "LC_". Identifiers shall be separated from the operands by one or more "blank"s.

Operands shall be characters, collating elements, section symbols, or strings of characters. Strings shall be enclosed in double-quotes. Literal double-quotes within strings shall be preceded by the <escape character>, described below. When a keyword is followed by more than one operand, the operands shall be separated by semicolons; "blank"s shall be allowed before and/or after a semicolon.

4.1.1 Character representation

Individual characters, characters in strings, and collating elements shall be represented using symbolic names, UCS notation or characters themselves, or as octal, hexadecimal, or decimal constants as defined below. When constant notation is used, the resultant FDCC-set definitions need not be portable between systems.

(0) The left angle bracket (<) is a reserved symbol, denoting the

- 520 start of a symbolic name; when used to represent itself
521 outside a symbolic name it shall be preceded by the escape
522 character.
- 523
- 524 (1) A character can be represented via a **symbolic name**,
525 enclosed within angle brackets (< and >). The symbolic
526 name, including the angle brackets, shall exactly match a
527 symbolic name defined in a charmap or a repertoiremap to
528 be used, and shall be replaced by a character value
529 determined from the value associated with the symbolic
530 name in the charmap or a value associated via a
531 repertoiremap. Repertoiremaps have predefined symbolic
532 names for UCS characters, see clause 6. A FDCC-set may
533 also use the UCS notation of clause 6 to represent characters,
534 without a repertoiremap being defined for the FDCC-set. Use
535 of the escape character or a right angle bracket within a
536 symbolic name shall be invalid unless the character is
537 preceded by the escape character.
- 538
- 539 Example: <c>;<c-cedilla> "<M><a><y>"
- 540
- 541 The items (2), (3), (4) and (5) are deprecated and are retained for compatibility with the
542 POSIX standard. FDCC-sets should be specified in a coded character set independent way,
543 using symbolic names. To make actual use of the FDCC-set, it shall be used together with
544 charmaps and/or repertoiremaps, so that the symbolic character names can be resolved into
545 the actual character encoding used.
- 546
- 547 (2) A character can be represented by the character itself, in
548 which case the value of the character is application-defined.
549 Within a string, the double-quote character, the escape
550 character, and the right angle bracket character shall be
551 escaped (preceded by the escape character) to be interpreted
552 as the character itself. Outside strings, the characters
553
554 , ; < > escape_char
555
556 shall be escaped to be interpreted as the character itself.
- 557
- 558 Example: c ä "May"
- 559
- 560 (3) A character can be represented as an octal constant. An octal
561 constant shall be specified as the escape character followed
562 by two or more octal digits. Each constant shall represent a
563 byte value.
- 564
- 565 Example: \143; \347; "\115"
- 566
- 567 (4) A character can be represented as a hexadecimal constant. A
568 hexadecimal constant shall be specified as the escape
569 character followed by an x followed by two or more
570 hexadecimal digits. Each constant shall represent a byte

571 value.

572 Example: \x63;\xe7;

573 (5) A character can be represented as a decimal constant. A
574 decimal constant shall be specified as the escape character
575 followed by a d followed by two or more decimal digits.
576 Each constant shall represent a byte value.

577 Example: \d99; \d231;

578 (6) Multibyte characters can be represented by concatenated
579 constants specified in byte order with the last constant
580 specifying the least significant byte of the character.
581 Concatenated constants can include a mix of the above
582 character representations.

583 Example: \143\xe7; "\115\xe7\d171"

584 Only characters existing in the character set for which the FDCC-set definition is created
585 shall be specified, whether using symbolic names, the characters themselves, or octal,
586 decimal, or hexadecimal constants. If a charmap is present, only characters defined in the
587 charmap can be specified using octal, decimal, or hexadecimal constants. Symbolic names
588 not present in the charmap can be specified and shall be ignored, as specified under item
589 (1) above.

590 4.1.2 Continuation of lines

591 A line in a specification can be continued by placing an escape character as the last visible
592 graphic character on the line; this continuation character shall be discarded from the input.
593 The line is continued to the next non-comment line.

594 4.1.3 Names for copy keyword

595 In most of the categories a "copy" keyword is allowed. The name specified wth this copy
596 keyword shall be one of:

- 607
- 608 - "i18n" which indicate the "i18n" FDCC-set defined in this specification,
 - 609 - the name of a FDCC-set or POSIX locale registered by the process defined in ISO/IEC
610 15897,
 - 611 - any other name which may be recognized in some local context - not being
612 recommended as an international specification.

613 4.1.4 Pre-category statements

616 In a FDCC-set the following statements can precede category specifications, and they
617 apply to all categories in the specified FDCC-set.

618 4.1.4.1 comment_char

620 The following line in a FDCC-set modifies the comment character. It shall have the

622 following syntax, starting in column 1:

623 "comment_char %c\n", <comment_character>

625
626 The comment character shall default to the number-sign (#). All examples in this
627 Technical Report use "%" as the <comment_character>, except where otherwise noted.
628 Blank lines and lines containing the <comment_character> in the first position shall be
629 ignored. In collating statements a <comment_character> occurring where the delimiter ";"
630 may occur, terminates the collating statement.

631
632 **4.1.4.2 escape_char**

633
634 The following line in a FDCC-set modifies the escape character to be used in the text. It
635 shall have the following syntax, starting in column 1:

636
637 "escape_char %c\n", <escape_character>

638
639 The escape character is used for representing characters in 4.1.1 and for continuing lines.
640 The escape character shall default to backslash "\". All examples in this Technical Report
641 uses "/" as the escape character, except where otherwise noted.

642
643 **4.1.4.3 repertoiremap**

644
645 The following line in a FDCC-set specifies the name of a repertoiremap used to define the
646 symbolic character names in the FDCC-set. There may be at most one "repertoiremap"
647 line. It shall have the following syntax, starting in column 1:

648
649 "repertoiremap %s\n", <repertoiremap>

650
651 The name shall be one of:

- "i18nrep" which indicate the "i18nrep" repertoiremap defined in this specification,
- the name of a <repertoiremap> registered by the process defined in ISO/IEC 15897,
- any other name which may be recognized in some local context - not being recommended as an international specification.

656
657 **4.1.4.4 charmap**

658
659 The following line in a FDCC-set specifies the name of a charmap which may be used
660 with the FDCC-set. It shall have the following syntax, starting in column 1:

661
662 "charmap %s\n",<charmap>

663
664 This keyword gives a hint on which charmaps a FDCC-set is meant to be supported by.
665 There may be more than one charmap specification useful with a FDCC-set. It is an
666 application's responsibility to decide what charmap specification is to be used with that
667 application.

668
669 The name shall be one of:

- the name of a <charmap> registered by the process defined in ISO/IEC 15897,
- any other name which may be recognized in some local context - not being

672 recommended as an international specification.

673

674 4.2 LC_IDENTIFICATION

675

676 The LC_IDENTIFICATION category defines properties of the FDCC-set, and which
 677 specification methods the FDCC-set is conforming to. All keywords are mandatory unless
 678 otherwise noted, and the operands are strings. The following keywords shall be defined:

680 title	Title of the FDCC-set.
681 source	Organization name of provider of the source.
682 address	Organization postal address.
683 contact	Name of contact person. This keyword is optional.
684 email	Electronic mail address of the organization, or contact person.
685 tel	Telephone number for the organization, in international format.
688 fax	Fax number for the organization, in international format.
689 language	Natural language to which the FDCC-set applies, as specified in ISO 639.
691 territory	The geographic extent where the FDCC-set applies (need not be a national extent), as two-letter form of ISO 3166.
693 audience	If not for general use, an indication of the intended user audience. This keyword is optional.
695 application	If for use of a special application, a description of the application. This keyword is optional.
697 abbreviation	Short name for provider of the source. This keyword is optional.
699 revision	Revision number consisting of digits and zero or more full stops (".").
701 date	Revision date in the format according to this example: "1995-02-05" meaning the 5th of February, 1995.

704 If any of the above information is non-existent, it must be stated in each case; the
 705 corresponding string is then the empty string. If required information is not present in ISO
 706 or ISO 3166, the relevant Maintenance Authority should be approached to get the
 707 needed item registered.

709 Note: Only one language can be addressed with the concepts of a FDCC-set; to address
 710 for example a bilingual culture, one need to have 2 FDCC-sets.

711 category	Shall be used to define that a category is present and what specification the category is claiming conformance to. The first operand is a string in double-quotes that describes the specification that the category is claiming conformance to, and the following values shall be defined: "i18n:1999" "posix:1993"
719	The second operand is a string with the category name, where the category names of clause 4 shall be defined. More than one "category" keyword may be given, but only one per

722 category name.

723

724 The "i18n" LC_IDENTIFICATION category is:

725

```

726     LC_IDENTIFICATION
727     % This is the ISO/IEC TR 14652 "i18n" definition for
728     % the LC_IDENTIFICATION category.
729     %
730     title          "ISO/IEC 14652 i18n FDCC-set"
731     source         "ISO/IEC Copyright Office"
732     address        "Case postale 56, CH-1211 Geneve 20, Switzerland"
733     contact        ""
734     email          ""
735     tel            ""
736     fax            ""
737     language       ""
738     territory      "ISO"
739     revision       "1.0"
740     date           "1999-06-28"
741     %
742     category      "i18n:1999";LC_IDENTIFICATION
743     category      "i18n:1999";LC_CTYPE
744     category      "i18n:1999";LC_COLLATE
745     category      "i18n:1999";LC_TIME
746     category      "i18n:1999";LC_NUMERIC
747     category      "i18n:1999";LC_MONETARY
748     category      "i18n:1999";LC_MESSAGES
749     category      "i18n:1999";LC_PAPER
750     category      "i18n:1999";LC_NAME
751     category      "i18n:1999";LC_ADDRESS
752     category      "i18n:1999";LC_TELEPHONE
753
754 END LC_IDENTIFICATION
755
756
```

757 4.3 LC_CTYPE

758

759 The LC_CTYPE category defines character classification, case conversion, character
760 transformation, and other character attribute mappings. Support for the portable character
761 set is required.

762

763 A series of characters in a specification can be represented by the hexadecimal symbolic
764 ellipsis symbol ".." (two dots), the decimal symbolic ellipses symbols "...." (4 dots), the
765 double increment hexadecimal symbolic ellipses "..(2)..", or the absolute ellipses "..." (3
766 dots).

767

768 The **hexadecimal symbolic ellipsis** ("..") specification is only valid between symbolic
769 character names. The symbolic names shall consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters
770 from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an integer formed by one
771 or more hexadecimal digits, using uppercase letters only for the range "A" to "F". The
772 characters preceding the hexadecimal integer shall be identical in the two symbolic names,
773 and the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the second symbolic name shall be
774 identical to or greater than the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the first name.
775 This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and
776 each of the integers in hexadecimal format using uppercase letters only between the first
777 and the second integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that
778 is equal to the length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example,
779 <U010E>..780 and <U0111>, in that order.

781

782 The **decimal symbolic ellipsis** ("....") specification is only valid between symbolic

character names. The symbolic names shall consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an integer formed by one or more decimal digits. The characters preceding the decimal integer shall be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the decimal digits in the second symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than the integer formed by the decimal digits in the first name. This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers in decimal format between the first and the second integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example, <j0101>....<j0104> is interpreted as the symbolic names <j0101>, <j0102>, <j0103>, and <j0104>, in that order.

The **double increment hexadecimal symbolic ellipses** ("..(2)..") works like the hexadecimal symbolic ellipses, but generates only every other of the symbolic character names. As an example. <U01AC>..(2)..<U01B2> is interpreted as the symbolic character names <U01AC>, <U01AE>, <U01B0>, and <U01B2>, in that order.

The **absolute ellipsis** specification is only valid within a single encoded character set. An ellipsis shall be interpreted as including in the list all characters with an encoded value higher than the encoded value of the character preceding the ellipsis and lower than the encoded value of the character following the ellipsis. The absolute ellipsis specification is deprecated, as this is only relevant to FDCC-sets not using symbolic characters. As an example, \x30;...;\x39 includes in the character class all characters with encoded values between the endpoints.

4.3.1 Basic keywords

The following keywords shall be recognized. In the descriptions, the term "automatically included" means that it shall not be an error to either include the referenced characters or to omit them; the interpreting system shall provide them if missing and accept them silently if present.

copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
upper	Define characters to be classified as uppercase letters. No character specified for the keywords "cntrl", "digit", "punct", or "space" shall be specified. The uppercase letters A through Z of the portable character set, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The keyword may be omitted.
lower	Define characters to be classified as lowercase letters. No character specified for the keywords "cntrl", "digit", "punct", or "space" shall be specified. The lowercase letters a through z of the portable character set, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The keyword may be omitted.
alpha	Define characters to be classified as used to spell out the words for natural languages; such as letters, syllabic or ideographic characters. No character specified for the keywords "cntrl", "digit", "punct", or "space" shall be specified. In addition, characters classified as either "upper" or "lower" shall automatically belong to this class. The keyword may be omitted.

833	digit	Define the characters to be classified as numeric digits. Digits corresponding to the values 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 can be specified in groups of 10 digits, and in ascending order of the values they represent. The digits of the portable character set are automatically included. If this keyword is not specified, the digits 0 through 9 of the portable character set shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The "digit" keyword is used to specify which characters are accepted as digits in input to an application, such as characters typed in or scanned in from an input text file, and should list digits used with all the scripts supported by the FDCC-set. The keyword may be omitted.
834		
835		
836		
837		
838		
839		
840		
841		
842		
843	outdigit	Define the characters to be classified as numeric digits for output from an application, such as to a printer or a display or a output text file. Digits corresponding to the values <0>, <1>, <2>, <3>, <4>, <5>, <6>, <7>, <8>, and <9> can be specified, and in ascending order of the values they represent. The intended use is for all places where digits are used for output, including numeric and monetary formatting, and date and time formatting. Only one set of 10 digits may be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the digits 0 through 9 of the portable character set shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. The keyword may be omitted.
844		
845		
846		
847		
848		
849		
850		
851		
852		
853	blank	Define characters to be classified as "blank" characters. If this keyword is unspecified, the characters <space> and <tab>, with application-defined character values, shall belong to this character class.
854		
855		
856	space	Define characters to be classified as white-space characters, to find syntactical boundaries. No character specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "graph", or "xdigit" shall be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the characters <space>, <form-feed>, <newline>, <carriage-return>, <tab>, and <vertical-tab>, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values. Any characters included in the class "blank" shall be automatically included. The class should not include the NO-BREAK spaces characters <U00A0>, <U2007>, <UFEFF>, as these characters should not be used for word boundaries. The keyword may be omitted.
857		
858		
859		
860		
861		
862		
863		
864		
865		
866	cntrl	Define characters to be classified as control characters. No character specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "punct", "graph", "print", or "xdigit" shall be specified. The keyword shall be specified.
867		
868		
869		
870	punct	Define characters to be classified as punctuation characters. No character specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "cntrl", "xdigit", or as the <space> character shall be specified. The keyword shall be specified.
871		
872		
873		
874	xdigit	Define the characters to be classified as hexadecimal digits. Only the characters defined for the class "digit" shall be specified, in ascending sequence by numerical value, followed by one or more sets of six characters representing the hexadecimal digits 10 through 15, with each set in ascending order (for example <A>, , <C>, <D>, <E>, <F>, <a>, , <c>, <d>, <e>, <f>). If this keyword is not specified, the digits <0> through <9>, the uppercase letters "A" through <F>, and the lowercase letters <a> through <f>, shall automatically belong to this class, with application-defined character values.
875		
876		
877		
878		
879		
880		
881		
882		

883	graph	Define characters to be classified as printable characters, not including the <space> character. If this keyword is not specified, characters specified for the keywords "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "xdigit", and "punct" shall belong to this character class. No character specified for the keyword "cntrl" shall be specified.
888	print	Define characters to be classified as printable characters, including the <space> character. If this keyword is not provided, characters specified for the keywords upper, lower, alpha, digit, xdigit, punct, graph, and the <space> character shall belong to this character class. No character specified for the keyword "cntrl" shall be specified.
893	toupper	Define the mapping of lowercase letters to uppercase letters. The operand shall consist of character pairs, separated by semicolons. The characters in each character pair shall be separated by a comma and the pair enclosed by parentheses. The first character in each pair shall be the lowercase letter, the second the corresponding uppercase letter. Only characters specified for the keywords "lower" and "upper" shall be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the lowercase letters <a> through <z>, and their corresponding uppercase letters <A> through <Z>, shall automatically be included, with application-defined character values.
902	tolower	Define the mapping of uppercase letters to lowercase letters. The operand shall consist of character pairs, separated by semicolons. The characters in each character pair are separated by a comma and the pair enclosed by parentheses. The first character in each pair shall be the uppercase letter, the second the corresponding lowercase letter. Only characters specified for the keywords "lower" and "upper" shall be specified. If this keyword is specified, the uppercase letters <A> through <Z>, and their corresponding lowercase letter, shall be specified. If this keyword is not specified, the mapping shall be the reverse mapping of the one specified for toupper.
911	class	Define characters to be classified in the class with the name given in the first operand, which is a string. This string shall only contain characters of the portable character set that either has the string "LETTER" in its description, or is a digit or <hyphen-minus> or <low-line>. The following operands are characters. This keyword is optional. The keyword can only be specified once per named class. The following two names shall be recognized:
918	combining	Characters to form composite graphic symbols, such as characters listed in ISO/IEC 10646:1993 annex B.1.
920	combining_level3	Characters to form composite graphic symbols, that may also be represented by other characters, such as characters listed in ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993 annex B.2.
923		The class names "upper", "lower", "alpha", "digit", "space", "cntrl", "punct", "graph", "print", "xdigit", and "blank" are taken to mean the classes defined by the respective keywords.
926	map	Define the mapping of characters. The first operand is a string, defining the name of the mapping. The string shall only contain letters, digits and <hyphen-minus> and <low-line> from the portable character set. The following operands shall consist of character pairs, separated by semicolons. The characters in each character pair shall be separated by a comma and the pair enclosed by parentheses. The first character in each pair shall be the character to map from, the second the corresponding character to map to.

This keyword is optional. The keyword can only be specified once per named mapping.

The mapping names "toupper", and "tolower" are taken to mean the mapping defined by the respective keywords.

Example of use of the "map" keyword:

```
map "kana",(<U30AB>,<U304B>);(<U30AC>,<U304C>);(<U30AD>,<U304D>)
```

This example introduces a new mapping "kana" that maps three Katakana characters to corresponding Hiragana characters.

Table 2 shows the allowed character class combinations.

Table 2: Valid Character Class Combinations

Class	upper	lower	alpha	digit	space	cntrl	punct	graph	print	xdigit	blank
upper	+	A	X	X	X	X	A	A	A	+	X
lower	+		A	X	X	X	A	A	A	+	X
alpha	+	+		X	X	X	A	A	A	+	X
digit	X	X	X		X	X	A	A	A	A	X
space	X	X	X	X		+	*	*	*	X	+
cntrl	X	X	X	X	+		X	X	X	X	+
punct	X	X	X	X	+	X		A	A	X	+
graph	+	+	+	+	+	X	+		A	+	+
print	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+		+	+
xdigit	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	A	A		X
blank	X	X	X	A	+	*	*	*	*		X

NOTES:

Note 1: Explanation of codes:

A Automatically included; see text

+ Permitted

x Mutually exclusive

* See note 2

Note 2: The <space> character, which is part of the "space" and "blank" class, cannot belong to "punct" or "graph", but automatically shall belong to the "print" class. Other "space" or "blank" characters can be classified as "punct", "graph", and/or "print".

4.3.2 Character string transliteration

The following keywords may be used to transliterate strings, by transforming substrings in the source to substrings in the target string. The capabilities are limited to simple transliteration based on substring substitution, while more advanced transliteration schemes, for example based on pattern matching, is either cumbersome to specify, or not addressed. The transliteration may for example be from the Cyrillic script to the Latin script.

Transliteration is often language dependent, transliterating one specific language to another specific language. For example transliteration from Russian to English, and from Serbian to German would normally be quite different, although the same repertoire of characters would be transliterated. Even transliteration of two languages using the same script into one language (for example from Russian to Danish and from Serbian to Danish), or transliteration of the same language (for example Russian into English or German) may be different. The language to be transliterated to is identified with the FDCC-set, which may also be used to identify a specific language to be transliterated from. Transliteration may also be to a specific repertoire of characters, determined for example by limitations of displaying equipment, or what the user can intelligibly read. The capabilities here allows for multiple fallback, so that the specification can be valid for all target character repertoires, eliminating the need for specific data for each target repertoire. Transliteration of an incoming character string to a character string in a FDCC-set can be specified with the following keywords and transliteration statements.

translit_start	The "translit_start" keyword is followed by one or more transliteration statements assigning character transliteration values to transliterating elements, and include statements copying transliteration specifications from other FDCC-sets.
translit_end	The end of the transliteration statements.
include	The name of the FDCC-set in text form to transliterate from, and the repertoiremap for the FDCC-set to be used for the definition of the transliteration statements. Other transliteration statements may follow to replace specification of the copied FDCC-set. This keyword is optional.
default_missing	defines a string of one or more characters to be used if no transliteration statement can be applied to a input <transliteration-source>.
translit_ignore	defines a set of characters, separated by semicolons, that are to be ignored in the incoming character string. The characters may use the notations defined in 4.3 for lists of characters.
redefine	This keyword introduces a list of transliteration statements where each of the <transliteration_source> strings have been defined previously in the specification, and the new transliteration statements then replaces the old transliteration statements for the <transliteration_source> strings specified.

4.3.2.1 Transliteration statements

The "translit_start" keyword may be followed by transliteration statements. The syntax for a transliteration statement is:

```
"%s %s;%s;...;%s\n",<transliteration_source>,<transliteration_string>,...
```

Each <transliteration_source> shall consist of one or more characters (in any of the forms defined in 4.1.1). The <transliteration_source> that is the longest in terms of number of characters that match the input string is the one selected for transliteration.

If a transliteration statement contains more than one <transliteration_string>, the order that each <transliteration_string> occurs in the transliteration statement defines the precedence

order for choosing a particular <transliteration_string> to substitute for the <transliteration_source>. When a process makes use of a transliteration statement to transliterate text, and that transliteration statement contains more than one <transliteration_string>, that process shall choose the first <transliteration_string>, in the defined precedence order, that satisfies the requirements of the transliteration.

Note: the exact definition of the concept of satisfying the requirements of the transliteration is outside the context of this Technical Report. If, for example, a transliteration involves a change in the coded character set of a string, a <transliteration_string> must be chosen, all of whose elements are members of that coded character set. In order to determine this, it would be expected that a repertoire describing which characters are to be present in the resulting transformed string be available to the transliteration API. Also, a transliteration may involve requirements such as that string length not change under transliteration. Such requirements may also affect the choice among alternative <transliteration_string> values.

If more than one transliteration statement is given for a given <transliteration_source> this is an error, and duplicate transliteration statements are ignored. Tailoring of transliteration statements may be done via the "redefine" keyword.

4.3.2.2 "include" keyword

The "include" keyword specifies a set of transliteration statements in text form to be included in the applied transliteration.

The syntax of the "include" statement is:

"include %s;%s\n", <FDCC-set>, <repertoiremap>

<FDCC-set> is a string identifying the FDCC-set to be included from.

<repertoiremap> is a string identifying the repertoiremap used in the FDCC-set being included, and is used to map character specifications from the specified FDCC-set into the current FDCC-set.

4.3.2.3 Example of use of transliteration

```
1073     translit_start
1074     include "de_DE"; "de_repmap"
1075     default_missing <?>
1076     translit_ignore <U3200>..<UFAFF>
1077     <ae>      <a:>|<e*>; "<a><e>"; "<e>"|
1078     <s>       <s*>; <s=>
1079     "<K><O>"  <KO>
1080     translit_end
1081
```

The "translit_start" keyword introduces the transliteration section in the LC_CTYPE category.

The "include" keyword specifies that the FDCC-set "de_DE" is copied and that the repertoiremap "de_repmap" is used to define the symbolic character names in the FDCC-set "de_DE".

The "default_missing" keyword introduces the character sequence "<?>" as the string to transform into for input characters that cannot be transformed into other strings, because no transliteration statement is applicable to the character.

The "translit_ignore" keyword specifies that a set of Ideographic characters (the range <U3200>..<UFAFF>) shall

1092 be ignored for the transliteration.
 1093
 1094 The next 3 lines are transliteration statements.
 1095
 1096 The first transliteration statement defines a number of transliterations for the LATIN LETTER AE, including into
 1097 LATIN LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS, GREEK LETTER EPSILON, the two Latin letters A and E, and finally
 1098 the LATIN LETTER E.
 1099
 1100 The second transliteration statement defines transliteration of the LATIN LETTER S into GREEK LETTER
 1101 SIGMA, and CYRILLIC LETTER ES.
 1102
 1103 The third transliteration statement transliterates the two Latin letters K and O into the Japanese Hiragana character
 1104 KO.
 1105
 1106 The transliteration sections is terminated via the "translit_end" keyword in the above example.
 1107

4.3.3 "i18n" LC_CTYPE category

The "i18n" FDCC-set for the LC_CTYPE is defined as follows:

```

LC_CTYPE
% The following is the 14652 i18n fdcc-set LC_CTYPE category.
% It covers ISO/IEC 10646-1 including Cor.1 and AMD 1 thru 9
% The "upper" class reflects the uppercase characters of class "alpha"
upper /
% TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
<U0041>..<U005A>;/
% TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
<U00C0>..<U00D6>;<U00D8>..<U00DE>;/
% TABLE 3 LATIN EXTENDED-A
<U0100>..(2)..<U0136>;/
<U0139>..(2)..<U0147>;/
<U014A>..(2)..<U0178>;/
<U0179>..(2)..<U017D>;/
% TABLE 4 LATIN EXTENDED-B
<U0181>;<U0182>..(2)..<U0186>;<U0187>;/
<U0189>..<U018B>;<U018E>..<U0191>;<U0193>;<U0194>;/
<U0196>..<U0198>;<U019C>;<U019D>;<U019F>;/
<U01A0>..(2)..<U01A4>;/
<U01A7>;<U01A9>;<U01AC>;<U01AE>;<U01AF>;<U01B1>..<U01B3>;/
<U01B5>;<U01B7>;<U01B8>;<U01BC>;<U01C4>;<U01C5>;<U01C7>;<U01C8>;/
<U01CA>;<U01CB>;/
<U01CD>..(2)..<U01DB>;/
<U01DE>..(2)..<U01EE>;/
<U01F1>;<U01F2>;<U01F4>;<U01FA>..(2)..<U01FE>;/
% TABLE 5 LATIN EXTENDED-B
<U0200>..(2)..<U0216>;/
% TABLE 6 IPA EXTENSIONS
<U0262>;<U026A>;<U0274>;<U0276>;/
<U0280>;<U0281>;<U028F>;<U0299>;<U029B>;<U029C>;<U029F>;/
% TABLE 9 BASIC GREEK
<U0386>;<U0388>..<U038A>;<U038C>;<U038E>;<U038F>;<U0391>..<U03A1>;/
<U03A3>..<U03AB>;/
% TABLE 10 GREEK SYMBOLS AND COPTIC
<U03E3>..(2)..<U03EF>;/
% TABLE 11 CYRILLIC
<U0401>..<U040C>;<U040E>..<U042F>;<U0460>..(2)..<U047E>;/
% TABLE 12 CYRILLIC
<U0480>;<U0490>..(2)..<U04BE>;<U04C1>;<U04C3>;<U04C7>;<U04CB>;/
<U04D0>..(2)..<U04EA>;<U04EE>..(2)..<U04F4>;<U04F8>;/
% TABLE 13 ARMENIAN
<U0531>..<U0556>;/
% TABLE 28 GEORGIAN
<U10A0>..<U10C5>;/
% TABLE 31 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
<U1E00>..(2)..<U1E7E>;/
% TABLE 32 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
<U1E80>..(2)..<U1E94>;/
<U1EA0>..(2)..<U1EF8>;/
% TABLE 33 GREEK EXTENDED
<U1F08>..<U1F0F>;<U1F18>..<U1F1D>;<U1F28>..<U1F2F>;<U1F38>..<U1F3F>;/
<U1F48>..<U1F4D>;<U1F59>..(2)..<U1F5F>;<U1F68>..<U1F6F>;/

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1164 % TABLE 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1165   <U1F88>..<U1F8F>;<U1F98>..<U1F9F>;<U1FA8>..<U1FAF>;<U1FB8>..<U1FBC>;/
1166   <U1FC8>..<U1FCC>;<U1FD8>..<U1FDB>;<U1FE8>..<U1FEC>;<U1FF8>..<U1FFC>
1167 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN is not addressed as the letters does not have
1168   %       a uppercase/lowercase relation
1169 %
1170 % The "lower" class reflects the lowercase characters of class "alpha"
1171 lower /
1172 % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1173   <U0061>..<U007A>;/
1174 % TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
1175   <U00DF>..<U00F6>;<U00F8>..<U00FF>;/
1176 % TABLE 3 LATIN EXTENDED-A
1177   <U0101>..(2)..<U0137>;<U0138>..(2)..<U0148>;/
1178   <U0149>..(2)..<U0177>;<U017A>..(2)..<U017E>;<U017F>;/
1179 % TABLE 4 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1180   <U0180>;<U0183>;<U0185>;<U0188>;<U018C>;<U018D>;<U0192>;<U0195>;/
1181   <U0199>..<U019B>;<U019E>;<U01A1>;<U01A3>;<U01A5>;<U01A8>;<U01AB>;<U01AD>;/
1182   <U01B0>;<U01B4>;<U01B6>;<U01B9>;<U01BA>;<U01BD>;<U01C5>;<U01C6>;/
1183   <U01C8>;<U01C9>;<U01CB>;<U01CC>..(2)..<U01DC>;/
1184   <U01DD>..(2)..<U01F2>;<U01F3>;<U01F5>;<U01FB>;<U01FD>;<U01FF>;/
1185 % TABLE 5 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1186   <U0201>..(2)..<U0217>;/
1187 % TABLE 6 IPA EXTENSIONS
1188   <U0250>..<U0293>;<U0299>..<U02A0>;<U02A3>..<U02A8>;/
1189 % TABLE 9 BASIC GREEK
1190   <U0390>;<U03AC>..<U03CE>;/
1191 % TABLE 10 GREEK SYMBOLS AND COPTIC
1192   <U03E2>..(2)..<U03EE>/
1193 % TABLE 11 CYRILLIC
1194   <U0430>..<U044F>;<U0451>..<U045C>;<U045E>;<U045F>;<U460>..(2)..<U047F>;/
1195 % TABLE 12 CYRILLIC
1196   <U04801>;<U0490>..(2)..<U04BF>;<U04C2>;<U04C4>;<U04C8>;<U04CC>;/
1197   <U04D1>..(2)..<U04EB>;<U04EF>..(2)..<U04F5>;<U04F9>;/
1198 % TABLE 13 ARMENIAN
1199   <U0561>..<U0587>;/
1200 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN
1201   <U10D0>..<U10F6>;/
1202 % TABLE 31 and 32 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
1203   <U1E01>..(2)..<U1E95>;<U1EA1>..(2)..<U1EF9>;/
1204 % TABLE 33 and 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1205   <U1F08>..<U1F0F>;<U1F18>..<U1F1D>;<U1F28>..<U1F2F>;<U1F38>..<U1F3F>;/
1206   <U1F48>..<U1F4D>;<U1F59>..(2)..<U1F5F>;<U1F68>..<U1F6F>;/
1207 % TABLE 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1208   <U1F00>..<U1F07>;<U1F10>..<U1F15>;<U1F20>..<U1F27>;<U1F30>..<U1F37>;/
1209   <U1F40>..<U1F45>;<U1F50>..<U1F57>;<U1F60>..<U1F67>;<U1F70>..<U1F7D>;/
1210   <U1F80>..<U1F87>;<U1F90>..<U1F97>;<U1FA0>..<U1FA7>;<U1FB0>..<U1FB4>;/
1211   <U1FB6>;<U1FB7>;<U1FC2>..<U1FC4>;<U1FC6>;<U1FC7>;<U1FD0>..<U1FD3>;/
1212   <U1FD6>;<U1FD7>;<U1FE0>..<U1FE7>;<U1FF2>..<U1FF4>;<U1FF6>;<U1FF7>;
1213 % TABLE 35 SUPERSCRIPTS AND SUBSCRIPTS, CURRENCY SYMBOLS
1214   <U207F>/
1215 %
1216 % The "alpha" class of the "i18n" FDCC-set is reflecting
1217 % the recommendations in TR 10176 annex A
1218 alpha /
1219 % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1220   <U0041>..<U005A>;<U0061>..<U007A>;/
1221 % TABLE 2 LATIN-1 SUPPLEMENT
1222   <U00AA>;<U00BA>;<U00C0>..<U00D6>;<U00D8>..<U00F6>;<U00F8>..<U00FF>;/
1223 % TABLE 3 LATIN EXTENDED-A
1224   <U0100>..<U017F>;/
1225 % TABLE 4 and 5 LATIN EXTENDED-B
1226   <U0180>..<U01F5>;<U01FA>..<U0217>;/
1227 % TABLE 6 IPA EXTENSIONS
1228   <U0250>..<U02A8>;/
1229 % TABLE 31 and 32 LATIN EXTENDED ADDITIONAL
1230   <U1E00>..<U1E9B>;<U1EA0>..<U1EF9>;/
1231 % TABLE 35 SUPERSCRIPTS AND SUBSCRIPTS, CURRENCY SYMBOLS
1232   <U207F>;/
1233 % TABLE 9 BASIC GREEK
1234   <U0386>;<U0388>..<U038A>;<U038C>;<U038E>..<U03A1>;<U03A3>..<U03CE>;/
1235 % TABLE 10 GREEK SYMBOLS AND COPTIC
1236   <U03D0>..<U03D6>;<U03DA>;<U03DC>;<U03DE>;<U03E0>;<U03E2>..<U03F3>;/
1237 % TABLE 33 and 34 GREEK EXTENDED
1238   <U1F00>..<U1F15>;<U1F18>..<U1F1D>;<U1F20>..<U1F45>;<U1F48>..<U1F4D>;/
1239   <U1F50>..<U1F57>;<U1F59>;<U1F5B>;<U1F5D>;<U1F5F>..<U1F7D>;/
1240   <U1F80>..<U1FB4>;<U1FB6>..<U1FBC>;<U1FC2>..<U1FC4>;<U1FC6>..<U1FCC>;/
1241   <U1FD0>..<U1FD3>;<U1FD6>..<U1FDB>;<U1FE0>..<U1FEC>;<U1FF2>..<U1FF4>;/
1242   <U1FF6>..<U1FFC>;/

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1243 % TABLE 11 and 12 CYRILLIC
1244 <U0401>..<U040C>;<U040E>..<U044F>;<U0451>..<U045C>;<U045E>..<U0481>;/
1245 <U0490>..<U04C4>;<U04C7>..<U04C8>;<U04CB>..<U04CC>;<U04D0>..<U04EB>;/
1246 <U04EE>..<U04F5>;<U04F8>..<U04F9>;/
1247 % TABLE 13 ARMENIAN
1248 <U0531>..<U0556>;<U0561>..<U0587>;/
1249 % TABLE 14 HEBREW
1250 <U05B0>..<U05B9>;<U05BB>..<U05BD>;<U05BF>;<U05C1>..<U05C2>;/
1251 <U05D0>..<U05EA>;<U05F0>..<U05F2>;/
1252 % TABLE 15 and 16 ARABIC
1253 <U0621>..<U063A>;<U0640>..<U0652>;<U0670>..<U06B7>;<U06BA>..<U06BE>;/
1254 <U06C0>..<U06CE>;<U06D0>..<U06D3>;<U06D5>..<U06DC>;<U06E5>..<U06E8>;/
1255 <U06EA>..<U06ED>;/
1256 % TABLE 17 DEVANAGARI
1257 <U0901>..<U0903>;<U0905>..<U0939>;<U093E>..<U094D>;<U0950>..<U0952>;/
1258 <U0958>..<U0963>;/
1259 % TABLE 18 BENGALI
1260 <U0981>..<U0983>;<U0985>..<U098C>;<U098F>..<U0990>;/
1261 <U0993>..<U09A8>;<U09AA>..<U09B0>;<U09B2>;<U09B6>..<U09B9>;/
1262 <U09BE>..<U09C4>;<U09C7>..<U09C8>;<U09CB>..<U09CD>;<U09DC>..<U09DD>;/
1263 <U09DF>..<U09E3>;<U09F0>..<U09F1>;/
1264 % TABLE 19 GURMUKHI
1265 <U0A02>;<U0A05>..<U0A0A>;<U0A0F>..<U0A10>;<U0A13>..<U0A28>;/
1266 <U0A2A>..<U0A30>;<U0A32>..<U0A33>;<U0A35>..<U0A36>;<U0A38>..<U0A39>;/
1267 <U0A3E>..<U0A42>;<U0A47>..<U0A48>;<U0A4B>..<U0A4D>;<U0A59>..<U0A5C>;/
1268 <U0A5E>;<U0A74>;/
1269 % TABLE 20 GUJARATI
1270 <U0A81>..<U0A83>;<U0A85>..<U0A8B>;<U0A8D>;<U0A8F>..<U0A91>;/
1271 <U0A93>..<U0AA8>;<U0AAA>..<U0AB0>;<U0AB2>..<U0AB3>;<U0AB5>..<U0AB9>;/
1272 <U0ABD>..<U0AC5>;<U0AC7>..<U0AC9>;<U0ACB>..<U0ACD>;<U0AD0>;<U0AE0>;/
1273 % TABLE 21 ORIYA
1274 <U0B01>..<U0B03>;<U0B05>..<U0B0C>;<U0B0F>..<U0B10>;<U0B13>..<U0B28>;/
1275 <U0B2A>..<U0B30>;<U0B32>..<U0B33>;<U0B36>..<U0B39>;<U0B3E>..<U0B43>;/
1276 <U0B47>..<U0B48>;<U0B4B>..<U0B4D>;<U0B5C>..<U0B5D>;<U0B5F>..<U0B61>;/
1277 % TABLE 22 TAMIL
1278 <U0B82>..<U0B83>;<U0B85>..<U0B8A>;<U0B8E>..<U0B90>;<U0B92>..<U0B95>;/
1279 <U0B99>..<U0B9A>;<U0B9C>;<U0B9E>..<U0B9F>;<U0BA3>..<U0BA4>;/
1280 <U0BA8>..<U0BAA>;<U0BAE>..<U0BB5>;<U0BB7>..<U0BB9>;<U0BBE>..<U0BC2>;/
1281 <U0BC6>..<U0BC8>;<U0BCA>..<U0BCD>;/
1282 % TABLE 23 TELUGU
1283 <U0C01>..<U0C03>;<U0C05>..<U0C0C>;<U0C0E>..<U0C10>;<U0C12>..<U0C28>;/
1284 <U0C2A>..<U0C33>;<U0C35>..<U0C39>;<U0C3E>..<U0C44>;<U0C46>..<U0C48>;/
1285 <U0C4A>..<U0C4D>;<U0C60>..<U0C61>;/
1286 % TABLE 24 KANNADA
1287 <U0C82>..<U0C83>;<U0C85>..<U0C8C>;<U0C8E>..<U0C90>;<U0C92>..<U0CA8>;/
1288 <U0CAA>..<U0CB3>;<U0CB5>..<U0CB9>;<U0CBE>..<U0CC4>;<U0CC6>..<U0CC8>;/
1289 <U0CCA>..<U0CCD>;<U0CDE>;<U0CE0>..<U0CE1>;/
1290 % TABLE 25 MALAYALAM
1291 <U0D02>..<U0D03>;<U0D05>..<U0D0C>;<U0D0E>..<U0D10>;<U0D12>..<U0D28>;/
1292 <U0D2A>..<U0D39>;<U0D3E>..<U0D43>;<U0D46>..<U0D48>;<U0D4A>..<U0D4D>;/
1293 <U0D60>..<U0D61>;/
1294 % TABLE 26 THAI
1295 <U0E01>..<U0E3A>;<U0E40>..<U0E4E>;<U0E50>..<U0E59>;/
1296 % TABLE 27 LAO
1297 <U0E81>..<U0E82>;<U0E84>;<U0E87>..<U0E88>;<U0E8A>;<U0E8D>;/
1298 <U0E94>..<U0E97>;<U0E99>..<U0E9F>;<U0EA1>..<U0EA3>;<U0EA5>;<U0EA7>;/
1299 <U0EAA>..<U0EAB>;<U0EAD>..<U0EAE>;<U0EB0>..<U0EB9>;<U0EBB>..<U0EBD>;/
1300 <U0EC0>..<U0EC4>;<U0EC6>;<U0EC8>..<U0ECD>;<U0EDC>..<U0EDD>;/
1301 % TIBETAN Amendment 6
1302 <U0F00>;<U0F18>..<U0F19>;<U0F35>;<U0F37>;<U0F39>;<U0F40>..<U0F47>;/
1303 <U0F49>..<U0F69>;/
1304 <U0F71>..<U0F84>;<U0F86>..<U0F8B>;<U0F90>..<U0F95>;<U0F97>;/
1305 <U0F99>..<U0FAD>;<U0FB1>..<U0FB7>;<U0FB9>;/
1306 % TABLE 28 GEORGIAN
1307 <U10A0>..<U10C5>;<U10D0>..<U10F6>;/
1308 % TABLE 50 HIRAGANA
1309 <U3041>..<U3093>;<U309B>..<U309C>;/
1310 % TABLE 51 KATAKANA
1311 <U30A1>..<U30F6>;<U30FB>..<U30FC>;/
1312 % TABLE 52 BOPOMOFO
1313 <U3105>..<U312C>;/
1314 % CJK unified ideographs
1315 <U4E01>..<U9FA5>;/
1316 % HANGUL amendment 5
1317 <UAC00>..<UD7A3>;/
1318 % Miscellaneous
1319 <U00B5>;<U00B7>;<U02B0>..<U02B8>;<U02BB>;<U02BD>..<U02C1>;/
1320 <U02D0>..<U02D1>;<U02E0>..<U02E4>;<U037A>;<U0559>;<U093D>;<U0B3D>;/

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1321      <U1FBE>;<U203F>..<U2040>;<U2102>;<U2107>;<U210A>..<U2113>;<U2115>;/
1322      <U2118>..<U211D>;<U2124>;<U2126>;<U2128>;<U212A>..<U2131>;/
1323      <U2133>..<U2138>;<U2160>..<U2182>;<U3005>..<U3006>;<U3021>..<U3029>
1324      %
1325      % The "digit" class of the "i18n" FDCC-set is reflecting
1326      % the recommendations in TR 10176 annex A
1327      digit /
1328      % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1329      <U0030>..<U0039>;/
1330      % TABLE 15 and 16 ARABIC
1331      <U0660>..<U0669>;<U06F0>..<U06F9>;/
1332      % TABLE 17 DEVANAGARI
1333      <U0966>..<U096F>;/
1334      % TABLE 18 BENGALI
1335      <U09E6>..<U09EF>;/
1336      % TABLE 19 GURMUKHI
1337      <U0A66>..<U0A6F>;/
1338      % TABLE 20 GUJARATI
1339      <U0AE6>..<U0AEF>;/
1340      % TABLE 21 ORIYA
1341      <U0B66>..<U0B6F>;/
1342      % TABLE 22 TAMIL
1343      <0>;<U0BE7>..<U0BEF>;/
1344      % TABLE 23 TELUGU
1345      <U0C66>..<U0C6F>;/
1346      % TABLE 24 KANNADA
1347      <U0CE6>..<U0CEF>;/
1348      % TABLE 25 MALAYALAM
1349      <U0D66>..<U0D6F>;/
1350      % TABLE 26 THAI
1351      <U0E50>..<U0E59>;/
1352      % TABLE 27 LAO
1353      <U0ED0>..<U0ED9>;/
1354      % TIBETAN Amendment 6
1355      <U0F20>..<U0F29>
1356      %
1357      outdigit <U0030>..<U0039>
1358      %
1359      space /
1360      % ISO/IEC 6429
1361      <U0008>;<U000A>..<U000D>;
1362      % TABLE 1 BASIC LATIN
1363      <U0020>;/
1364      % TABLE 35 GENERAL PUNCTUATION
1365      <U2000>..<U2006>;<U2008>..<U200B>;/
1366      % TABLE 50 CJK SYMBOLS AND PUNCTUATION, HIRAGANA
1367      <U3000>
1368      %
1369      cntrl   <U0000>..<U001F>;<U0077>..<U009F>
1370      %
1371      punct /
1372      <U0021>..<U002F>;<U003A>..<U0040>;<U005B>..<U0060>;<U007B>..<U007E>;/
1373      <U00A0>..<U00A9>;<U00AB>..<U00B9>;<U00BB>..<U00BF>;<U00D7>;<U00F7>;/
1374      <U037E>;<U0482>;<U055A>..<U055F>;<U0589>;<U05BE>;<U05C0>;<U05C3>;/
1375      <U05F3>;<U05F4>;<U060C>;<U061B>;<U061F>;<U0640>;<U064B>..<U0652>;/
1376      <U066A>..<U066D>;<U06D4>;<U06DD>..<U06E1>;<U06E9>..<U06EC>;<U10FB>;/
1377      <U2010>..<U2029>;<U2030>..<U2046>;<U20A0>..<U20AA>;<U2100>..<U210B>;/
1378      <U210D>..<U2110>;<U2112>..<U211B>;<U211D>..<U2127>;<U212A>..<U212C>;/
1379      <U212E>..<U2138>;<U2200>..<U22F1>;<U2300>;<U2302>..<U237A>;<U2400>..<U2424>;/
1380      <U2440>..<U244A>;<U2580>..<U2595>;<U25A0>..<U25EF>;<U2600>..<U2613>;/
1381      <U261A>..<U266F>;<U2701>..<U2704>;<U2706>..<U2709>;<U270C>..<U2727>;/
1382      <U2729>..<U274B>;<U274D>;<U274F>..<U2752>;<U2756>;<U2758>..<U275E>;/
1383      <U2761>..<U2767>;<U3000>..<U3020>;<U3030>;<U3036>;<U3037>;<U303F>;<U3164>;/
1384      <U3190>..<U319F>;<U3200>..<U321C>;<U3220>..<U3243>;<U3260>..<U327B>;/
1385      <U327F>..<U32B0>;<U32C0>..<U32CB>;<U32D0>..<U32FE>;<U3300>..<U3376>;/
1386      <U337B>..<U33DD>;<U33E0>..<U33FE>;<UFD3E>;<UFD3F>;<UFE49>..<UFE52>;/
1387      <UFE54>..<UFE66>;<UFE68>..<UFE6B>;<UFEFF>;<UFF01>..<UFF0F>;<UFF1A>..<UFF20>;/
1388      <UFF3B>..<UFF40>;<UFF5B>..<UFF5E>;<UFF61>..<UFF65>;<UFF70>;<UFF9E>..<UFFA0>;/
1389      <UFFE0>..<UFFE6>;<UFFE8>..<UFFEE>;<UFFFD>
1390      %
1391      graph /
1392      <U0021>..<U007E>;<U00A0>..<U01F5>;<U01FA>..<U0217>;/
1393      <U0250>..<U02A8>;<U02B0>..<U02DE>;<U02E0>..<U02E9>;<U0300>..<U0345>;/
1394      <U0360>;<U0361>;<U0374>;<U0375>;<U037A>;<U037E>;<U0384>..<U038A>;<U038C>;/
1395      <U038E>..<U03A1>;<U03A3>..<U03CE>;<U03D0>..<U03D6>;<U03DA>;<U03DC>;<U03DE>;/
1396      <U03E0>;<U03E2>..<U03F3>;<U0401>..<U040C>;<U040E>..<U044F>;/
1397      <U0451>..<U045C>;<U045E>..<U0486>;<U0490>..<U04C4>;<U04C7>;<U04C8>;/
1398      <U04CB>;<U04CC>;<U04D0>..<U04EB>;<U04EE>..<U04F5>;<U04F8>;<U04F9>;/
1399      <U0531>..<U0556>;<U0559>..<U055F>;<U0561>..<U0587>;<U0589>;/

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1400 <U0591>..<U05A1>;<U05A3>..<U05AF>;<U05B0>..<U05B9>;/
1401 <U05BB>..<U05C4>;<U05D0>..<U05EA>;<U05F0>..<U05F4>;<U060C>;<U061B>;<U061F>;/
1402 <U0621>..<U063A>;<U0640>..<U0652>;<U0660>..<U066D>;<U0670>..<U06B7>;/
1403 <U06BA>..<U06BE>;<U06C0>..<U06CE>;<U06D0>..<U06ED>;<U06F0>..<U06F9>;/
1404 <U0901>..<U0903>;<U0905>..<U0939>;<U093C>..<U094D>;<U0950>..<U0954>;/
1405 <U0958>..<U0970>;<U0981>..<U0983>;<U0985>..<U098C>;<U098F>;<U0990>;/
1406 <U0993>..<U09A8>;<U09AA>..<U09B0>;<U09B2>;<U09B6>..<U09B9>;<U09BC>;/
1407 <U09BE>..<U09C4>;<U09C7>;<U09C8>;<U09CB>..<U09CD>;<U09D7>;<U09DC>;<U09DD>;/
1408 <U09DF>..<U09E3>;<U09E6>..<U09FA>;<U0A02>;<U0A05>..<U0A0A>;<U0A0F>;<U0A10>;/
1409 <U0A13>..<U0A28>;<U0A2A>..<U0A30>;<U0A32>;<U0A33>;<U0A35>;<U0A36>;/
1410 <U0A38>;<U0A39>;<U0A3C>;<U0A3E>..<U0A42>;<U0A47>;<U0A48>;<U0A4B>..<U0A4D>;/
1411 <U0A59>..<U0A5C>;<U0A5E>..<U0A66>..<U0A74>;<U0A81>..<U0A83>;<U0A85>..<U0A8B>;/
1412 <U0A8D>;<U0A8F>..<U0A91>;<U0A93>..<U0AA8>;<U0AAA>..<U0AB0>;/
1413 <U0AB2>;<U0AB3>;<U0AB5>..<U0AB9>;<U0ABC>..<U0AC5>;<U0AC7>..<U0AC9>;/
1414 <U0ACB>..<U0ACD>;<U0AD0>;<U0AE0>;<U0AE6>..<U0AEF>;<U0B01>..<U0B03>;/
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1796      %
1797      % The "combining" class reflects ISO/IEC 10646-1 annex B.1
1798      % That is, all combining characters (level 2+3).
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1812          <U0CBE>..<U0CC4>;<U0CC6>..<U0CC8>;<U0CCA>..<U0CCD>;<U0CD5>;<U0CD6>; /
1813          <U0D02>;<U0D03>;<U0D3E>..<U0D43>;<U0D46>..<U0D48>;<U0D4A>..<U0D4D>;<U0D57>; /
1814          <U0E31>;<U0E34>..<U0E3A>;<U0E47>..<U0E4E>;<U0EB1>;<U0EB4>..<U0EB9>; /
1815          <U0EBB>;<U0EBC>;<U0EC8>..<U0ECD>;<U0F18>;<U0F19>;<U0F35>;<U0F37>;<U0F39>; /
1816          <U0F3E>;<U0F3F>;<U0F71>..<U0F84>;<U0F86>..<U0F89>;<U0F8B>;<U0F90>..<U0F95>; /
1817          <U0F97>;<U0F99>..<U0FAD>;<U0FB1>..<U0FB7>;<U0FB9>;<U302A>..<U302F>; /
1818          <U3099>;<U309A>;<UFB1E>
1819      %
1820      % The "combining_level3" class reflects ISO/IEC 10646-1 annex B.2
1821      % That is, combining characters of level 3.
1822      class      "combining_level3"; /
1823          <U0300>..<U036F>;<U20D0>..<U20FF>;<U1100>..<U11FF>;<UFE20>..<UFE2F>; /
1824          <U0483>..<U0486>;<U0591>..<U05A1>;<U05A3>..<U05AE>;<U05C4>; /
1825          <U05AF>;<U093C>;<U0953>;<U0954>;<U09BC>;<U09D7>;<U0A3C>; /
1826          <U0A70>;<U0A71>;<U0ABC>;<U0B3C>;<U0B56>;<U0B57>;<U0BD7>;<U0C55>;<U0C56>; /
1827          <U0CD5>;<U0CD6>;<U0D57>;<U0F39>;<U302A>..<U302F>;<U3099>;<U309A>
1828      %
1829
1830      END LC_CTYPE
1831
1832

```

4.4 LC_COLLATE

A collation sequence definition defines the relative order between collating elements (characters and multicharacter collating elements) in the FDCC-set. This order is expressed in terms of collation values; i.e., by assigning each element one or more collation values (also known as collation weights). This does not imply that applications shall assign such values, but that ordering of strings using the resultant collation definition in the FDCC-set shall behave as if such assignment is done and used in the collation process. The collation sequence definition is used by regular expressions, pattern matching, and sorting. The following capabilities are provided:

- (1) Multicharacter collating elements. Specification of multicharacter collating elements (i.e., sequences of two or more characters to be collated as an entity).
- (2) User-defined ordering of collating elements. Each collating element shall be assigned a collation value defining its order in the character (or basic) collation sequence. This ordering is used by regular expressions and pattern matching and, unless collation weights are explicitly specified, also as the collation weight to be used in sorting.
- (3) Multiple weights and equivalence classes. Collating elements can be assigned one or more (up to the limit (COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX)) collating weights for use in sorting. The first weight is hereafter referred to as the primary weight.
- (4) One-to Many mapping. A single character is mapped into a string of collating elements.

- 1856 (5) Many-to-Many substitution. A string of one or more characters is substituted by
 1857 another string (or an empty string, i.e., the character or characters shall be ignored
 1858 for collation purposes).
 1859 (6) Equivalence class definition. Two or more collating elements have the same
 1860 collation value (primary weight).
 1861 (7) Ordering by weights. When two strings are compared to determine their relative
 1862 order, the two strings are first broken up into a series of collating elements, and
 1863 each successive pair of elements are compared according to the relative primary
 1864 weights for the elements. If equal, and more than one weight has been assigned,
 1865 then the pairs of collating elements are recompared according to the relative
 1866 subsequent weights, until either a pair of collating elements compare unequal or the
 1867 weights are exhausted.
 1868 (8) Easy reordering of characters. ISO/IEC 14651 has a template for collation
 1869 specification that with just a few modifications can be culturally correct for a
 1870 specific culture. Here the "reorder-after" keyword gives a convenient way to
 1871 modify a FDCC-set template.
 1872 (9) Easy reordering of sections. The template in ISO/IEC 14651 gives an ordering of
 1873 the sections that may not be culturally acceptable in certain cultures. The keyword
 1874 "reorder-section-after" gives a convenient way to modify the order of sections in a
 1875 FDCC-set template.

1876
 1877 The following keywords shall be recognized in a collation sequence definition. Some of
 1878 them are described in detail in the following subclauses.

1880 copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, only the "reorder-after", "reorder-end", "reorder-sections-after" and "reorder- sections-end" keywords may also be specified. The FDCC-set shall be copied in source form.
1886 coll_weight_max	Define as a decimal number the number of collation levels that an interpreting system needs to support for this FDCC-set, this value is elsewhere referred as the COLL_WEIGHT_MAX limit. An interpreting system shall cater for up to 7 collating levels.
1891 section-symbol	Define a section symbol representing a set of collation order statements. The section is defined with the "order_start" keyword until the next "order_start" or "order_end" keyword. This keyword is optional.
1896 collating-element	Define a collating-element symbol representing a multicharacter collating element. This keyword is optional.
1899 collating-symbol	Define one or more collating symbols for use in collation order statements. This keyword is optional.
1901 symbol-equivalence	Define a collating-symbol to be equivalent to another defined collating-symbol.
1903 order_start	Define collation rules. This statement is followed by one or more collation order statements, assigning character collation values and collation weights to

1906		collating elements.
1907	order_end	Specify the end of the collation-order statements.
1908	reorder-after	Redefine collating rules. Specify after which collating element the redefinition of collation order shall take order. This statement is followed by one or more collation order statements, reassigning character collation values and collation weights to collating elements.
1909		
1910		
1911		
1912		
1913		
1914	reorder-end	Specify the end of the "reorder-after" collating order statements.
1915		
1916	reorder-section-after	Redefine the order of sections. This statement is followed by one or more section symbols, reassigning character collation values and collation weights to collating elements.
1917		
1918		
1919		
1920	reorder-section-end	Specify the end of the "reorder-sections" section order statements.
1921		
1922		

4.4.1 Collation statements

The "order_start" and "replace-after" keywords shall be followed by collating statements. The syntax for the collating statements is

"%s %s;%s;...;%s\n",<collating-identifier>,<weight>,<weight>,...

Each <collating-identifier> shall consist of either a character (in any of the forms defined in 4.1.1), a <collating-element>, a <collating-symbol>, an ellipsis, or the special symbol "UNDEFINED". The weights for each of the collation elements determines the character collation sequence - such that each collation statement does not need to be in collation order, and weights could be rearranged via for example the "replace-after" keyword. No character has any specific predetermined placement in the collation sequence. The order in which collating elements are specified determines the character collation sequence, such that each collating element shall compare less than the elements following it.

A <collating-element> shall be used to specify multicharacter collating elements, and indicates that the character sequence specified via the <collating-element> is to be collated as a unit and in the relative order specified by its place.

A <collating-symbol> shall be used to define a position in the relative order for use in weights.

The absolute ellipsis symbol ("...") specifies that a sequence of characters shall collate according to their encoded character values. It shall be interpreted as indicating that all characters with a coded character set value higher than the value of the character in the preceding line, and lower than the coded character set value for the character in the following line, in the current coded character set, shall be placed in the character collation order between the previous and the following character in ascending order according to their coded character set values. An initial ellipsis shall be interpreted as if the preceding line specified the <NUL> character, and a trailing ellipsis as if the following line specified the highest coded character set value in the current coded character set. An ellipsis shall be treated as invalid if the preceding or following lines do not specify characters in the

1956 current coded character set. The use of the ellipsis symbol ties the definition to a specific
1957 coded character set and may preclude the definition from being portable between
1958 applications, and is deprecated. Symbolic ellipses may be used as the ellipses symbol, but
1959 generating symbolic character names, and thus have a better chance of portability between
1960 applications.

1961

1962 The symbolic ellipses (".." or "....") specifies a sequence of collating statements. It shall
1963 be interpreted as indicating that all characters with symbolic names higher than the
1964 symbolic name of the character in the preceding line, and lower than the coded character
1965 set value for the character in the following line, shall be placed in the character collation
1966 order between the previous and the following character in ascending order.

1967

1968 The symbol "UNDEFINED" shall be interpreted as including all coded character set values
1969 not specified explicitly or via the ellipsis or one of the symbolic ellipses symbols. Such
1970 characters shall be inserted in the character collation order at the point indicated by the
1971 symbol, and in ascending order according to their coded character set values. If no
1972 "UNDEFINED" symbol is specified, and the current coded character set contains
1973 characters not specified in this clause, the utility shall issue a warning message and place
1974 such characters at the end of the character collation order.

1975

1976 The optional operands for each collation-element shall be used to define the primary,
1977 secondary, or subsequent weights for the collating element. The first operand specifies the
1978 relative primary weight, the second the relative secondary weight, and so on. Two or more
1979 collation-elements can be assigned the same weight; they belong to the same equivalence
1980 class if they have the same primary weight. Collation shall behave as if, for each weight
1981 level, "IGNORE"ed elements are removed. Then each successive pair of elements shall be
1982 compared according to the relative weights for the elements. If the two strings compare
1983 equal, the process shall be repeated for the next weight level, up to the limit
1984 "COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX" of the associated FDCC-set.

1985

1986 Weights shall be expressed as characters (in any of the forms specified here), <collating-
1987 symbol>s, <collating-element>s, an ellipsis, or the special symbol "IGNORE". A single
1988 character, a <collating-symbol>, or a <collating-element> shall represent the relative order
1989 in the character collating sequence of the character or symbol, rather than the character or
1990 characters themselves.

1991

1992 One-to-many mapping is indicated by specifying two or more concatenated characters or
1993 symbolic names. Thus, if the character <ss> is given the string <s><s> as a weight,
1994 comparisons shall be performed as if all occurrences of the character <ss> are replaced by
1995 <s><s>. If it is desirable to define <ss> and <s><s> as an equivalence class, then a
1996 collating-element must be defined for the string "ss", as in the example below.

1997

1998 All characters specified via an ellipsis shall by default be assigned unique weights, equal
1999 to the relative order of characters. Characters specified via an explicit or implicit
2000 "UNDEFINED" special symbol shall by default be assigned the same primary weight (i.e.,
2001 belong to the same equivalence class). An ellipsis symbol as a weight shall be interpreted
2002 to mean that each character in the sequence shall have unique weights, equal to the
2003 relative order of their character in the character collation sequence. Secondary and
2004 subsequent weights have unique values. The use of the ellipsis as a weight shall be treated
2005 as an error if the collating element is neither an ellipsis nor the special symbol

2006 "UNDEFINED".

2007

2008 The special keyword "IGNORE" as a weight shall indicate that when strings are compared
2009 using the weights at the level where "IGNORE" is specified, the collating element shall be
2010 ignored; i.e., as if the string did not contain the collating element. In regular expressions
2011 and pattern matching, all characters that are "IGNORE"d in their primary weight form an
2012 equivalence class.

2013

2014 A <comment_character> occurring where the delimiter ";" may occur, terminates the
2015 collating statement.

2016

2017 An empty operand shall be interpreted as the collating-element itself.

2018

2019 For example, the collation statement

2020

2021 <a> <a>;<a>

2022

2023 is equal to

2024

2025 <a>

2026

2027 An ellipsis (absolute or symbolic) can be used as an operand if the collating-element was
2028 an ellipsis, and shall be interpreted as the value of each character defined by the ellipsis.

2029

2030 Example:

2031

```
2032        collating-element <ch> from "<c><h>"  
2033        collating-element <Ch> from "<C><h>"  
2034        order_start      forward;backward  
2035        UNDEFINED        IGNORE;IGNORE  
2036        <LOW>  
2037        <space>        <LOW>;<space>  
2038        ...            <LOW>;  
2039        <a>            <a>;<a>  
2040        <a'>          <a>;<a'>  
2041        <A>            <A>;<A>  
2042        <A'>          <A>;<A'>  
2043        <ch>           <ch>;<ch>  
2044        <Ch>           <ch>;<Ch>  
2045        <s>            <s>;<s>  
2046        <ss>           <s>;<s>"<s><s>" ; "<ss><ss>"  
2047        order_end
```

2048

2049 This example is interpreted as follows:

2050

2051 (1) The UNDEFINED means that all characters not specified in this definition (explicitly or via the
2052 ellipsis) shall be ignored.

2053 (2) <LOW> defines the first collating weight, and thus the lowest weight in this example.

2054 (3) All characters between <space> and <a> shall have the same primary equivalence class <LOW> and
2055 individual secondary weights based on their ordinal encoded values. (The use of absolute ellipses is
2056 deprecated, but used here to illustrate generic use of ellipses. Symbolic ellipses should be used
2057 instead).

2058 (4) All characters based on the upper or lowercase character "a" belong to the same primary equivalence
2059 class.

2060 (5) The multicharacter collating element <c><h> is represented by the collating symbol <ch> and belongs
2061 to the same primary equivalence class as the multicharacter collating element <C><h>.

2062 (6) The <ss> collating element has two weights on the primary level, and it is in the same primary
2063 equivalence class as two consecutive <s>-es; on the secondary level the collating element has two
2064 weights of the equivalence class <ss>.

2065

2066 **4.4.2 "copy" keyword**

2067

2068 This keyword specifies the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the

2069 definition of this category. The syntax is
 2070

2071 "copy %s\n", <FDCC-set-name>
 2072

2073 The <FDCC-set-name> shall consist of one or more characters (in any of the forms
 2074 defined in 4.1.1). If this keyword is specified, only the "reorder-after", "reorder-end",
 2075 "reorder-sections-after" and "reorder-sections-end" keywords may also be specified. The
 2076 FDCC-set shall be copied in source form.
 2077

2078 **4.4.3 "col_weight_max" keyword**

2080 This keyword defines as a decimal number the number of collation levels that an
 2081 interpreting system needs to support, this value is elsewhere referred as the
 2082 COLL_WEIGHT_MAX limit. The minimum value is 7. The syntax is
 2083

2084 "col_weight_max %d\n", <value>
 2085

2086 **4.4.4 "section-symbol" keyword**

2088 This keyword shall be used to define symbols for use in section related statements; such
 2089 as the "order_start", and "reorder-sections-after" keywords and section-reordering
 2090 statements. The syntax is
 2091

2092 "section-symbol %s\n", <section-symbol>
 2093

2094 The <section-symbol> shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle brackets (< and
 2095 >), and shall not duplicate any symbolic name in the current charmap (if any), or any
 2096 other symbolic name defined in this collation definition. A <section-symbol> defined via
 2097 this keyword is only defined with the LC_COLLATE category.
 2098

2099 Example:
 2100 section-symbol <LATIN>
 2101 section-symbol <ARABIC>
 2102

2103 **4.4.5 "collating-element" keyword**

2105 In addition to the collating elements in the character set, the collating-element keyword
 2106 shall be used to define multicharacter collating elements. The syntax is
 2107

2108 "collating-element %s from %s\n",<collating-symbol>,<string>
 2109

2110 The <collating-symbol> operand shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle
 2111 brackets (< and >), and shall not duplicate any symbolic name in the current charmap or
 2112 repertoiremap file (if any), or any other symbolic name defined in this collation definition.
 2113 The string operand shall be a string of two or more characters that shall collate as an
 2114 entity. A <collating-element> defined via this keyword is only defined within the
 2115 LC_COLLATE category.
 2116

2117 Example with ISO/IEC 10646:
 2118 collating-element <ch> from "<c><h>"
 2119 collating-element <e-acute> from "<e><combining-acute>"
 2120 collating-element <aa> from "<a><a>"

2121 Note: The problem of comparing a fully composed character of ISO/IEC 10646 with a
2122 decomposed representation of the same text is normally handled by the two strings
2123 comparing equal up to level 3 (the case level) of ISO/IEC 14651, but distinguishing the
2124 two at the 4th level.

2125

2126 **4.4.6 "collating-symbol" keyword**

2127

2128 This keyword shall be used to define symbols for use in collation sequence statements;
2129 e.g., between the order_start and the order_end keywords. The syntax is

2130 "collating-symbol %s;%s;...%s\n", <collating-symbol>, <collating-symbol> ...

2131 The <collating-symbol> shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle brackets (< and
2132 >), and shall not duplicate any symbolic name in the current charmap (if any), or any
2133 other symbolic name defined in this collation definition. A <collating-symbol> defined via
2134 this keyword is only defined with the LC_COLLATE category. More than one <collating-
2135 symbol> may be defined with one "collating-symbol" keyword, and symbolic ellipses may
2136 be used.

2137 Example:

2138 collating-symbol <CAPITAL>
2139 collating-symbol <HIGH>

2140 **4.4.7 "symbol-equivalence" keyword**

2141 This keyword shall be used to define symbols for use in collation sequence statements;
2142 and assign the same weight as another defined symbol. The syntax is

2143 "symbol-equivalence %s %s\n", <collating-symbol-1>, <collating-symbol-2>

2144 The <collating-symbol-1> and <collating-symbol-2> shall be symbolic names, enclosed
2145 between angle brackets (< and >). <collating-symbol-1> shall not duplicate any symbolic
2146 name in the current charmap (if any), or any other symbolic name defined in this collation
2147 definition. <collating-symbol-2> is defined elsewhere in the LC_COLLATE category as a
2148 collating-symbol. The use of <collating-symbol-2> shall be equivalent to using the
2149 <collating-symbol-2> in the LC_COLLATE category. A <collating-symbol-1> defined via
2150 this keyword is only defined with the LC_COLLATE category.

2151 Example

2152 collating-symbol <CAP>
2153 symbol-equivalence <CAPITAL> <CAP>

2154 **4.4.8 "order_start" keyword**

2155 The "order_start" keyword shall precede collation order entries and also defines the
2156 number of weights for this collation sequence definition, the collation section name and
2157 other collation rules.

2158 The syntax of the "order_start" keyword has two forms:

2159 "order_start %s;%s;...;%s\n", <sort-rules>, <sort-rules> ...

2172 and

2173 "order_start %s;%s;...;%s\n", <section-symbol>, <sort-rules>, <sort-rules> ...

2174
2175 The operands to the order_start keyword are optional. If present, the operands define rules
2176 to be applied when strings are compared. The first operand may be a <section-symbol>
2177 surrounded by "<" and ">" and the set of collating statements following the "order_start"
2178 keyword until the "order_end" keyword are identified with this <section_symbol> or
2179 another "order_start" keyword is encountered. The remaining number of operands define
2180 how many weights each element is assigned; if no operands are present, one forward
2181 operand is assumed. If present, the first operand defines rules to be applied when
2182 comparing strings using the first (primary) weight; the second when comparing strings
2183 using the second weight, and so on. Operands shall be separated by semicolons (;). Each
2184 operand shall consist of one or more collation directives, separated by commas (,). If the
2185 number of operands exceeds the (COLL_WEIGHTS_MAX) limit, a utility parsing the
2186 FDCC-set description shall issue a warning message. The following directives shall be
2187 supported:

2188
2189 **forward** Specifies that the direction of scanning a part of a string at a given point in a
2190 string is done towards the logical end of the whole string for this weight level.
2191 **backward** Specifies that the direction of scanning a part of a string at a given point in a
2192 string is done towards the logical beginning of the whole string for this weight
2193 level.

2194
2195 **position** Specifies that comparison operations for the weight level will consider the
2196 relative position of non-"IGNORE"d elements in the strings. The string
2197 containing a non-"IGNORE"d element after the fewest IGNOREd collating
2198 elements from the start of the compare shall collate first. If both strings
2199 contain a non-"IGNORE"d character in the same relative position, the collating
2200 values assigned to the elements shall determine the ordering. In case of
2201 equality, subsequent non-IGNOREd characters shall be considered in the same
2202 manner.

2203 The directives "forward" and "backward", and "backward" and "position", are mutually
2204 exclusive at a given level.

2205 Examples:

2206 order_start forward;backward
2207 order_start <CYRILLIC>;forward;forward

2210 If no operands are specified, a single forward operand shall be assumed.

2213 4.4.9 "order_end" keyword

2215 The collating order entries shall be terminated with an order_end keyword.

2217 4.4.10 "reorder-after" keyword

2219 The "reorder-after" keyword shall be used to specify a modification to a copied collation
2220 specification of an existing FDCC-set. There can be more than one "reorder-after"
2221 statement in a collating specification. The syntax shall be:
2222

2223 "reorder-after %s\n",<collating-symbol>

2224
 2225 The <collating-symbol> operand shall be a symbolic name, enclosed between angle
 2226 brackets, and shall be present in the source FDCC-set copied via the "copy" keyword.
 2227 The "reorder-after" statement is followed by one or more collation statements as described
 2228 in the "Collating Order" clause (4.4.5), with the exception that the ellipsis symbol (...)
 2229 shall not be used.

2230
 2231 Each collation statement reassigns character collation values and collation weights to
 2232 collating elements existing in the copied collation specification, by removing the collating
 2233 statement from the copied specification, and inserting the collating element in the collating
 2234 sequence with the new collation weights after the preceding collating element of the
 2235 "reorder-after" specification, the first collating element in the collation sequence being the
 2236 <collating-symbol> specified on the "reorder-after" statement.

2237
 2238 A "reorder-after" specification is terminated by another "reorder-after" specification or the
 2239 "reorder-end" statement.

2240 2241 4.4.10.1 Example of "reorder-after"

```
2242
2243        reorder-after <y8>
2244        <U:>            <Y>;<U:>;<CAPITAL>
2245        <u:>            <Y>;<U:>;<SMALL>
2246        reorder-after <z8>
2247        <AE>            <AE>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>
2248        <ae>            <AE>;<NONE>;<SMALL>
2249        <A:>            <AE>;<DIAERESIS>;<CAPITAL>
2250        <a:>            <AE>;<DIAERESIS>;<SMALL>
2251        <O/>            <O/>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>
2252        <o/>            <O/>;<NONE>;<SMALL>
2253        <AA>            <AA>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>
2254        <aa>            <AA>;<NONE>;<SMALL>
2255        reorder-end
```

2256
 2257 The example is interpreted as follows (using the "i18nrep" repertoiremap):

- 2258 1. The collating element <U:> is removed from the copied collating sequence and inserted after <y8> in the
 2259 collating sequence with the new weights. The collating element <u:> is removed from the copied collating
 2260 sequence and inserted in the resulting collation sequence after <U:> with the new weights. <y8> is used to
 2261 indicate the last entry of the <y> letters.
- 2262 2. The second "reorder-after" statement terminates the first list of reordering collation identifier entries, and
 2263 initiates a second list, rearranging the order and weights for the <AE>, <ae>, <A:>, <a:>, <O/>, and <o/>
 2264 collating elements after the <z8> collating symbol in the copied specification. <z8> is used to indicate the
 2265 last entry of the <z> letters.
- 2266 3. The "reorder-end" statement terminates the second list of reordering entries.
- 2267 4. Thus for the original sequence

2268 ... (U u Ü ü) V v W w X x Y y Z z

2269 this example reordering gives

2270 ... U u V v W w X x (Y y Ü ü) Z z (Å æ Ä ä) Ø ø Å å

2271 where the parenthesis indicate ordering with the same weight on the first level for multiple upper/lowercase

2280 pairs.

2281

2282 **4.4.11 "reorder-end" keyword**

2283

2284 The "reorder-end" keyword shall specify the end of a list of collating statements, initiated
2285 by the "reorder-after" keyword.

2286

2287 **4.4.12 "reorder-sections-after" keyword**

2288

2289 The "reorder-sections-after" keyword shall be used to specify a modification to a copied
2290 collation specification of an existing FDCC-set. The "reorder-sections-after" statement is
2291 followed by one or more statements consisting of section reordering statements.

2292

2293 **4.4.12.1 section reordering statements**

2294

2295 The section reordering statements rearranges the set of collating entries and changes
2296 sorting rules for the set of collating entries identified by a section symbol in a preceding
2297 "order_start" statement. Each section reorder statement has the syntax:

2298

2299 "%s %s;...%s\n", <section-symbol>, <sort-rules>, <sort-rules> ...

2300

2301 The <section-symbol> identifies the set of collating entries, and shall be defined via a
2302 "section-symbol" keyword.

2303

2304 The <sort-rules> are as described for the "order_start" keyword. Specified <sort-rules>
2305 replace the specification for the ordering of the section given on the "order_start"
2306 statement identified by the <section-symbol>. The <sort-rules> are optional and <sort-
2307 rules> not to be changed may be given by empty specifications.

2308

2309 The order of the section reordering statements rearranges the assignment of collation
2310 entries for the sets of collation entries identified by the <section-symbols> to the order
2311 that the <section-symbols> occur after the "reorder-sections-after" statement.

2312

2313 The section reordering statements are terminated by a "reorder-sections-end" statement.

2314

2315 **4.4.12.2 Example of section reordering**

2316

```
2317         copy "i18n"
2318         reorder-sections-after <DIGITS>
2319         <ARABIC>
2320         <LATIN> forward;backward;forward;forward,position
2321         reorder-sections-end
```

2322

2323 This example is interpreted as follows: The LC_COLLATE category of the "i18n" FDCC-set is copied. Then a
2324 reordering of all collating statements for the sections <ARABIC> and <LATIN> is done, leaving the rest of the
2325 sections as they were in the "i18n" FDCC-set. The <ARABIC> section is placed immediately after the <DIGITS>
2326 section, and the <LATIN> section immediately following the <ARABIC> section. The ordering rules are kept as
2327 they were in the "i18n" FDCC-set, while the <LATIN> section gets new ordering rules as indicated. The
2328 "reorder-sections-end" keyword terminates the section reordering statements.

2329

2330 **4.4.13 "reorder-sections-end" keyword**

2331

2332 The "reorder-sections-end" keyword shall specify the end of a list of section symbols,
2333 initiated by the "reorder-sections-after" keyword.

2334 4.4.14 "i18n" LC_COLLATE category

2335
 2336 The "i18n" LC_COLLATE category is defined as the following, which includes the
 2337 tailorabile template in ISO/IEC 14651.

```

2338
2339 LC_COLLATE
2340
2341 % Case collating symbols
2342 collating-symbol <RES-1>
2343 collating-symbol <BLK>
2344 collating-symbol <MIN>      % SMALL
2345 collating-symbol <WIDE>     % WIDE
2346 collating-symbol <COMPAT>
2347 collating-symbol <FONT>
2348 collating-symbol <CIRCLE>
2349 collating-symbol <RES-2>
2350 collating-symbol <CAP>       % CAPITAL
2351 collating-symbol <WIDECAP>
2352 collating-symbol <COMPATCAP>
2353 collating-symbol <FONTCAP>
2354 collating-symbol <CIRCLECAP>
2355 collating-symbol <HIRA-SMALL>
2356 collating-symbol <HIRA>
2357 collating-symbol <SMALL>
2358 collating-symbol <SMALL-NARROW>
2359 collating-symbol <KATA>
2360 collating-symbol <NARROW>
2361 collating-symbol <CIRCLE-KATA>
2362 collating-symbol <MNN>
2363 collating-symbol <MNS>
2364 collating-symbol <VERTICAL>
2365 % Arabic forms
2366 collating-symbol <AINI>
2367 collating-symbol <AMED>
2368 collating-symbol <AFIN>
2369 collating-symbol <AISO>
2370 %
2371 collating-symbol <NOBREAK>
2372 collating-symbol <SQUARED>
2373 collating-symbol <SQUAREDCAP>
2374 collating-symbol <FRACTION>
2375 collating-symbol <BLANK>
2376 collating-symbol <CAPITAL-SMALL>
2377 collating-symbol <SMALL-CAPITAL>
2378 collating-symbol <BOTH>
2379 % accents
2380 collating-symbol <LOWLINE> % LOW LINE
2381 collating-symbol <MACRO>   % MACRON
2382 collating-symbol <OBLIK>   % STROKE
2383 collating-symbol <AIGUT>   % ACUTE ACCENT
2384 collating-symbol <GRAVE>   % GRAVE ACCENT
2385 collating-symbol <BREVE>   % BREVE
2386 collating-symbol <CIRCF>   % CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
2387 collating-symbol <CARON>   % CARON
2388 collating-symbol <CRCLE>   % RING ABOVE
2389 collating-symbol <TREMA>   % DIAERESIS
2390 collating-symbol <2AIGU>   % DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT
2391 collating-symbol <TILDE>   % TILDE
2392 collating-symbol <POINT>   % DOT ABOVE
2393 collating-symbol <CEDIL>   % CEDILLA
2394 collating-symbol <OGONK>   % OGONEK
2395 collating-symbol <OVERLINE> % OVERLINE
2396 collating-symbol <CROOK>   % HOOK ABOVE
2397 collating-symbol <TONOS>   % VERTICAL LINE ABOVE
2398 collating-symbol <D030E>   % DOUBLE VERTICAL LINE ABOVE
2399 collating-symbol <2GRAV>   % DOUBLE GRAVE ACCENT
2400 collating-symbol <D0310>   % CANDRABINDU
2401 collating-symbol <BREVVR>   % INVERTED BREVE
2402 collating-symbol <D0312>   % TURNED COMMA ABOVE
2403 collating-symbol <PSILI>   % COMMA ABOVE
2404 collating-symbol <DASIA>   % REVERSED COMMA ABOVE
2405 collating-symbol <D0315>   % COMMA ABOVE RIGHT
2406 collating-symbol <D0316>   % GRAVE ACCENT BELOW
2407 collating-symbol <D0317>   % ACUTE ACCENT BELOW
2408 collating-symbol <D0318>   % LEFT TACK BELOW
2409 collating-symbol <D0319>   % RIGHT TACK BELOW

```

2410	collating-symbol <D031A>	% LEFT ANGLE ABOVE
2411	collating-symbol <HORNU>	% HORN
2412	collating-symbol <D031C>	% LEFT HALF RING BELOW
2413	collating-symbol <D031D>	% UP TACK BELOW
2414	collating-symbol <D031E>	% DOWN TACK BELOW
2415	collating-symbol <D031F>	% PLUS SIGN BELOW
2416	collating-symbol <D0320>	% MINUS SIGN BELOW
2417	collating-symbol <PALCR>	% PALATALIZED HOOK BELOW
2418	collating-symbol <RETCR>	% RETROFLEX HOOK BELOW
2419	collating-symbol <POINS>	% DOT BELOW
2420	collating-symbol <TREMS>	% DIAERESIS BELOW
2421	collating-symbol <CRCLS>	% RING BELOW
2422	collating-symbol <COMMS>	% COMMA BELOW
2423	collating-symbol <D0329>	% VERTICAL LINE BELOW
2424	collating-symbol <D032A>	% BRIDGE BELOW
2425	collating-symbol <D032B>	% INVERTED DOUBLE ARCH BELOW
2426	collating-symbol <D032C>	% CARON BELOW
2427	collating-symbol <CIRCS>	% CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT BELOW
2428	collating-symbol <BREVS>	% BREVE BELOW
2429	collating-symbol <D032F>	% INVERTED BREVE BELOW
2430	collating-symbol <TILDS>	% TILDE BELOW
2431	collating-symbol <MACRS>	% MACRON BELOW
2432	collating-symbol <D0333>	% DOUBLE LOW LINE
2433	collating-symbol <TILDX>	% TILDE OVERLAY
2434	collating-symbol <BARRE>	% SHORT STROKE OVERLAY
2435	collating-symbol <D0336>	% LONG STROKE OVERLAY
2436	collating-symbol <D0337>	% SHORT SOLIDUS OVERLAY
2437	collating-symbol <CRCL2>	% RIGHT HALF RING BELOW
2438	collating-symbol <D033A>	% INVERTED BRIDGE BELOW
2439	collating-symbol <D033B>	% SQUARE BELOW
2440	collating-symbol <D033C>	% SEAGULL BELOW
2441	collating-symbol <D033D>	% X ABOVE
2442	collating-symbol <D033E>	% VERTICAL TILDE
2443	collating-symbol <D033F>	% DOUBLE OVERLINE
2444	collating-symbol <PERIS>	% GREEK PERISPOMENI
2445	collating-symbol <YPOGE>	% GREEK YPOGEGRAMMENI
2446	collating-symbol <D0360>	% DOUBLE TILDE
2447	collating-symbol <D0361>	% DOUBLE INVERTED BREVE
2448	collating-symbol <DFE20>	% LIGATURE LEFT HALF
2449	collating-symbol <DFE21>	% LIGATURE RIGHT HALF
2450	collating-symbol <DFE22>	% DOUBLE TILDE LEFT HALF
2451	collating-symbol <DFE23>	% DOUBLE TILDE RIGHT HALF
2452	collating-symbol <D0483>	% CYRILLIC TITLO
2453	collating-symbol <D0484>	% CYRILLIC PALATALIZATION
2454	collating-symbol <D0485>	% CYRILLIC DASIA PNEUMATA
2455	collating-symbol <D0486>	% CYRILLIC PSILI PNEUMATA
2456	collating-symbol <SHEVA>	% HEBREW POINT SHEVA
2457	collating-symbol <HTFSG>	% HEBREW POINT HATAF SEGOL
2458	collating-symbol <HTFP>	% HEBREW POINT HATAF PATAH
2459	collating-symbol <HTFQM>	% HEBREW POINT HATAF QAMATS
2460	collating-symbol <HIRIQ>	% HEBREW POINT HIRIQ
2461	collating-symbol <TSERE>	% HEBREW POINT TSERE
2462	collating-symbol <SEGOL>	% HEBREW POINT SEGOL
2463	collating-symbol <PATAH>	% HEBREW POINT PATAH
2464	collating-symbol <QAMAT>	% HEBREW POINT QAMATS
2465	collating-symbol <HOLAM>	% HEBREW POINT HOLAM
2466	collating-symbol <QUBUT>	% HEBREW POINT QUBUTS
2467	collating-symbol <DAGES>	% HEBREW POINT DAGESH OR MAPIQ
2468	collating-symbol <RAPHE>	% HEBREW POINT RAFE
2469	collating-symbol <SHINP>	% HEBREW POINT SHIN DOT
2470	collating-symbol <SINPT>	% HEBREW POINT SIN DOT
2471	collating-symbol <VARIKA>	% HEBREW POINT JUDEO-SPANISH VARIKA
2472	collating-symbol <FATHATAN>	% ARABIC FATHATAN
2473	collating-symbol <DAMMATAN>	% ARABIC DAMMATAN
2474	collating-symbol <KASRATAN>	% ARABIC KASRATAN
2475	collating-symbol <FATHA>	% ARABIC FATHA
2476	collating-symbol <DAMMA>	% ARABIC DAMMA
2477	collating-symbol <KASRA>	% ARABIC KASRA
2478	collating-symbol <SHADDA>	% ARABIC SHADDA
2479	collating-symbol <SUKUN>	% ARABIC SUKUN
2480	collating-symbol <SUPERALEF>	% ARABIC LETTER SUPERSCRIPT ALEF
2481	collating-symbol <D06D6>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH LIGATURE SAD WITH LAM WITH ALEF MAKSLA
2482	collating-symbol <D06D7>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH LIGATURE QAF WITH LAM WITH ALEF MAKSLA
2483	collating-symbol <D06D8>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH MEEM INITIAL FORM
2484	collating-symbol <D06D9>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH LAM ALEF
2485	collating-symbol <D06DA>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH JEEM
2486	collating-symbol <D06DB>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH THREE DOTS
2487	collating-symbol <D06DC>	% ARABIC SMALL HIGH SEEN

2488 collating-symbol <D06E1> % ARABIC SMALL HIGH DOTLESS HEAD OF KAH
 2489 collating-symbol <D06E2> % ARABIC SMALL HIGH MEEM ISOLATED FORM
 2490 collating-symbol <D06E3> % ARABIC SMALL LOW SEEN
 2491 collating-symbol <AMADD> % ARABIC SMALL HIGH MADDA
 2492 collating-symbol <D06E7> % ARABIC SMALL HIGH YEH
 2493 collating-symbol <D06E8> % ARABIC SMALL HIGH NOON
 2494 collating-symbol <D06ED> % ARABIC SMALL LOW MEEM
 2495 collating-symbol <D093C> % DEVANAGARI SIGN NUKTA
 2496 collating-symbol <D0951> % DEVANAGARI STRESS SIGN UDATTA
 2497 collating-symbol <D0952> % DEVANAGARI STRESS SIGN ANUDATTA
 2498 collating-symbol <D0953> % DEVANAGARI GRAVE ACCENT
 2499 collating-symbol <D0954> % DEVANAGARI ACUTE ACCENT
 2500 collating-symbol <D09BC> % BENGALI SIGN NUKTA
 2501 collating-symbol <D0A3C> % GURMUKHI SIGN NUKTA
 2502 collating-symbol <D0ABC> % GUJARATI SIGN NUKTA
 2503 collating-symbol <D0B3C> % ORIYA SIGN NUKTA
 2504 collating-symbol <D0E48> % THAI CHARACTER MAI EK
 2505 collating-symbol <D0E49> % THAI CHARACTER MAI THO
 2506 collating-symbol <D0E4A> % THAI CHARACTER MAI TRI
 2507 collating-symbol <D0E4B> % THAI CHARACTER MAI CHATTAWA
 2508 collating-symbol <D0EC8> % LAO TONE MAI EK
 2509 collating-symbol <D0EC9> % LAO TONE MAI THO
 2510 collating-symbol <D0ECA> % LAO TONE MAI TI
 2511 collating-symbol <D0ECB> % LAO TONE MAI CATAWA
 2512 collating-symbol <D0F39> % TIBETAN MARK TSA -PHRU
 2513 collating-symbol <D0F3E> % TIBETAN SIGN YAR TSHES
 2514 collating-symbol <D0F3F> % TIBETAN SIGN MAR TSHES
 2515 collating-symbol <D302A> % IDEOGRAPHIC LEVEL TONE MARK
 2516 collating-symbol <D302B> % IDEOGRAPHIC RISING TONE MARK
 2517 collating-symbol <D302C> % IDEOGRAPHIC DEPARTING TONE MARK
 2518 collating-symbol <D302D> % IDEOGRAPHIC ENTERING TONE MARK
 2519 collating-symbol <D302E> % HANGUL SINGLE DOT TONE MARK
 2520 collating-symbol <D302F> % HANGUL DOUBLE DOT TONE MARK
 2521 collating-symbol <KNVCE> % KATAKANA-HIRAGANA VOICED SOUND MARK
 2522 collating-symbol <KNSMV> % KATAKANA-HIRAGANA SEMI-VOICED SOUND MARK
 2523 collating-symbol <D20D0> % LEFT HARPOON ABOVE
 2524 collating-symbol <D20D1> % RIGHT HARPOON ABOVE
 2525 collating-symbol <D20D2> % LONG VERTICAL LINE OVERLAY
 2526 collating-symbol <D20D3> % SHORT VERTICAL LINE OVERLAY
 2527 collating-symbol <D20D4> % ANTICLOCKWISE ARROW ABOVE
 2528 collating-symbol <D20D5> % CLOCKWISE ARROW ABOVE
 2529 collating-symbol <D20D6> % LEFT ARROW ABOVE
 2530 collating-symbol <D20D7> % RIGHT ARROW ABOVE
 2531 collating-symbol <D20D8> % RING OVERLAY
 2532 collating-symbol <D20D9> % CLOCKWISE RING OVERLAY
 2533 collating-symbol <D20DA> % ANTICLOCKWISE RING OVERLAY
 2534 collating-symbol <D20DB> % THREE DOTS ABOVE
 2535 collating-symbol <D20DC> % FOUR DOTS ABOVE
 2536 collating-symbol <D20DD> % ENCLOSING CIRCLE
 2537 collating-symbol <D20DE> % ENCLOSING SQUARE
 2538 collating-symbol <D20DF> % ENCLOSING DIAMOND
 2539 collating-symbol <D20E0> % ENCLOSING CIRCLE BACKSLASH
 2540 collating-symbol <D20E1> % LEFT RIGHT ARROW ABOVE
 2541 collating-symbol <NEGATIVE>
 2542 collating-symbol <SANSERIF>
 2543 collating-symbol <NEGSANSERIF>
 2544 collating-symbol <ARABIC>
 2545 collating-symbol <EXTARABIC>
 2546 collating-symbol <NAGAR>
 2547 collating-symbol <BENGL>
 2548 collating-symbol <BENGALINUMERATOR>
 2549 collating-symbol <GURMU>
 2550 collating-symbol <GUJAR>
 2551 collating-symbol <ORIYA>
 2552 collating-symbol <TAMIL>
 2553 collating-symbol <TELGU>
 2554 collating-symbol <KNNDA>
 2555 collating-symbol <MALAY>
 2556 collating-symbol <SINHALA>
 2557 collating-symbol <THAII>
 2558 collating-symbol <LAAOO>
 2559 collating-symbol <BODKA>
 2560 collating-symbol <CJKVS>
 2561 collating-symbol <S0200>..<S1100> % 0x0200..0x1100
 2562 collating-symbol <S4E00>..<S9FA5> % Symbols for Han
 2563 collating-symbol <SAC00>..<SD7A3> % Symbols for Hangul
 2564
 2565
 2566

```

2567 collating-symbol <SFA0E>..<SFA29> % Symbols for Compatibility Han
2568
2569 % equivalences
2570 symbol-equivalence <NONE> <BLANK>
2571 symbol-equivalence <CAPITAL> <CAP>
2572 symbol-equivalence <MACRON> <MACRO>
2573 symbol-equivalence <STROKE> <OBLIK>
2574 symbol-equivalence <ACUTE> <AIGUT>
2575 symbol-equivalence <CIRCUMFLEX> <CIRCF>
2576 symbol-equivalence <RING> <CRCLE>
2577 symbol-equivalence <DIAERESIS> <TREMA>
2578 symbol-equivalence <DOT> <POINT>
2579 symbol-equivalence <CEDILLA> <CEDIL>
2580 symbol-equivalence <OGONEK> <OGONK>
2581 symbol-equivalence <HOOK> <CROOK>
2582 symbol-equivalence <HORN> <HORNU>
2583 symbol-equivalence <DOT-BELOW> <POINS>
2584
2585 order_start <Latin>;forward;backward;forward;forward,position
2586
2587 % Copy the template from ISO/IEC 14651
2588 copy "iso14651_t1"
2589
2590 order_end
2591
2592 END LC_COLLATE
2593

```

4.5 LC_MONETARY

The LC_MONETARY category defines the rules and symbols that shall be used to format monetary numeric information. The operands are strings. For some keywords, the strings can contain only integers. More than one set of monetary values may be provided, and for each set a period of validity and conversion rate may be given. Keywords that are not provided, string values set to the empty string "", or integer keywords set to -1, shall be used to indicate that the value is unspecified, and then no default is taken. The following keywords shall be defined:

copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
valid_from	One or more strings separated by semicolons, representing a Gregorian date in the form "YYYYMMDD" according to ISO 8601, specifying the beginning date (inclusive from the beginning of day local time) of the validity of a currency. The position of the string in the list corresponds to the position of operands in other keywords in the LC_MONETARY category. The currencies should be ordered in terms of validity dates, and for each validity period with the currency that the amounts are stored in first. If not specified, it is taken to be the beginning of time.
valid_to	One or more strings separated by semicolons, representing a Gregorian date in the form "YYYYMMDD" according to ISO 8601, specifying the end date (inclusive to the end of day local time) of the validity of a currency. If not specified, it is taken to be the end of time.
conversion_rate	one or more pairs of integers separated by a <semicolon> specifying the fixed conversion rate between the current currency (determined by the parameter number) and the first currency that is valid, determined by a date provided by the

2626	application. If the currency is not the first valid currency for
2627	the period in question, the first integer is for multiplying the
2628	first valid currency, and the second for dividing this result to
2629	get the amount in the current currency. The currency to be
2630	the current currency is selected by the application from the
2631	date applicable and the currency number (first, second, third
2632	etc valid currency at that date); and whether domestic or
2633	international formatting is used is also determined by the
2634	application. Each pair of integers are separated by a <slash>.
2635	The default value is "1/100". This keyword is optional.
2636	int_curr_symbol
2637	One or more strings separated by semicolons that shall be
2638	used as the international currency symbols. Each operand
2639	shall be a four character string, with the first three characters
2640	containing the alphabetic international currency symbol in
2641	accordance with those specified in ISO 4217, <i>Codes for the</i>
2642	<i>representation of currencies and funds</i> . The fourth character
2643	shall be the character used to separate the international
2644	currency symbol from the monetary quantity. The keyword
2645	shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2646	currency_symbol
2647	One or more strings separated by semicolons that shall be
2648	used as the local currency symbol.
2649	mon_decimal_point
2650	The operand is a string containing the symbol that shall be
2651	used as the decimal delimiter in monetary formatted
2652	quantities. In contexts where other standards limit the
2653	"mon_decimal_point" to a single byte, the result of
2654	specifying a multibyte operand is unspecified. The keyword
2655	shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2656	mon_thousands_sep
2657	The operand is a string containing the symbol that shall be
2658	used as a separator for groups of digits to the left of the
2659	decimal delimiter in formatted monetary quantities. In
2660	contexts where other standards limit the
2661	"mon_thousands_sep" to a single byte, the result of speci-
2662	fying a multibyte operand is unspecified. The keyword shall
2663	be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2664	mon_grouping
2665	Define the size of each group of digits in formatted
2666	monetary quantities. The operand is a sequence of integers
2667	separated by semicolons. Each integer specifies the number
2668	of digits in each group, with the initial integer defining the
2669	size of the group immediately preceding the decimal
2670	delimiter, and the following integers defining the preceding
2671	groups. If the last integer is not -1, then the size of the
2672	previous group (if any) shall be repeatedly used for the
2673	remainder of the digits. If the last integer is -1, then no
2674	further grouping shall be performed. The keyword shall be
2675	specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
	positive_sign
	A string that shall be used to indicate a nonnegative-valued
	formatted monetary quantity. The keyword shall be specified,
	unless the "copy" keyword is used.
	negative_sign
	A string that shall be used to indicate a negative-valued
	formatted monetary quantity. The keyword shall be specified,

2676		unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2677	int_frac_digits	One or more integers separated by semicolons, representing the number of fractional digits (those to the right of the decimal delimiter) to be written in a formatted monetary quantity using <code>int_curr_symbol</code> . The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2678		
2679		
2680		
2681	frac_digits	One or more integers separated by semicolons, representing the number of fractional digits (those to the right of the decimal delimiter) to be written in a formatted monetary quantity using <code>"currency_symbol"</code> . The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2682		
2683		
2684		
2685		
2686		
2687	p_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 1 if the <code>"currency_symbol"</code> precedes the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2688		
2689		
2690		
2691		
2692	p_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 0 if no space separates the <code>"currency_symbol"</code> from the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2693		
2694		
2695		
2696		
2697		
2698		
2699	n_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 1 if the <code>"currency_symbol"</code> precedes the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2700		
2701		
2702		
2703		
2704	n_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to 0 if no space separates the <code>"currency_symbol"</code> from the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2705		
2706		
2707		
2708		
2709		
2710		
2711	int_p_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 1 if the <code>"int_curr_symbol"</code> precedes the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. If not specified, the value of <code>"p_cs_precedes"</code> is taken.
2712		
2713		
2714		
2715		
2716	int_p_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 0 if no space separates the <code>"int_curr_symbol"</code> from the value for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. If not specified, the value of <code>"p_sep_by_space"</code> is taken.
2717		
2718		
2719		
2720		
2721		
2722	int_n_cs_precedes	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 1 if the <code>"int_curr_symbol"</code> precedes the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, and set to 0 if the symbol succeeds the value. If not specified, the value of
2723		
2724		
2725		

2726		"n_cs_precedes" is taken.
2727	int_n_sep_by_space	One or more integers separated by semicolons; set to 0 if no space separates the "int_curr_symbol" from the value for a negative formatted monetary quantity, set to 1 if a space separates the symbol from the value, and set to 2 if a space separates the symbol and the sign string, if adjacent. If not specified, the value of "n_sep_by_space" is taken.
2728		
2729		
2730		
2731		
2732		
2733	p_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value indicating the positioning of the "positive_sign" for a nonnegative formatted monetary quantity using the "currency_symbol". The following integer values shall be defined:
2734		
2735		
2736		
2737		
2738		
2739	0	Parentheses enclose the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2740	1	The sign string precedes the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2741	2	The sign string succeeds the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2742	3	The sign string immediately precedes the "currency_symbol".
2743	4	The sign string immediately succeeds the "currency_symbol".
2744		
2745		
2746		
2747		
2748		
2749		The keyword shall be specified, unless the "copy" keyword is used.
2750		
2751		
2752	n_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value indicating the positioning of the "negative_sign" for a negative formatted monetary quantity using the "currency_symbol". The following integer values shall be defined:
2753		
2754		
2755		
2756		
2757		
2758	0	Parentheses enclose the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2759	1	The sign string precedes the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2760	2	The sign string succeeds the quantity and the "currency_symbol".
2761	3	The sign string immediately precedes the "currency_symbol".
2762	4	The sign string immediately succeeds the "currency_symbol".
2763		
2764		
2765		
2766		
2767		
2768		
2769		
2770		
2771	int_p_sign_posn	One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value indicating the positioning of the "positive_sign" for a nonnegative formatted international monetary quantity. The following integer values shall be defined:
2772		
2773		
2774		
2775		

- 2776 0 Parentheses enclose the quantity and the
 2777 "int_curr_symbol".
 2778 1 The sign string precedes the quantity and the
 2779 "int_curr_symbol".
 2780 2 The sign string succeeds the quantity and the
 2781 "int_curr_symbol".
 2782 3 The sign string immediately precedes the
 2783 "int_curr_symbol".
 2784 4 The sign string immediately succeeds the
 2785 "int_curr_symbol".
 2786 If no "int_p_sign_posn" is present the value of the
 2787 "p_sign_posn" is taken.
 2788
- 2789 **int_n_sign_posn** One or more integers separated by semicolons, set to a value
 2790 indicating the positioning of the "negative_sign" for a
 2791 negative formatted international monetary quantity. The
 2792 following integer values shall be defined:
 2793
- 2794 0 Parentheses enclose the quantity and the
 2795 "int_curr_symbol".
 2796 1 The sign string precedes the quantity and the
 2797 "int_curr_symbol".
 2798 2 The sign string succeeds the quantity and the
 2799 "int_curr_symbol".
 2800 3 The sign string immediately precedes the
 2801 "int_curr_symbol".
 2802 4 The sign string immediately succeeds the
 2803 "int_curr_symbol".
 2804 If no "int_n_sign_posn" is present the value of the
 2805 "n_sign_posn" is taken.
 2806

2807 The "i18n" FDCC-set is defined as follows for the LC_MONETARY category.
 2808

```

2809       LC_MONETARY
2810       % This is the 14652 i18n fdcc-set definition for
2811       % the LC_MONETARY category.
2812       %
2813       int_curr_symbol      ""
2814       currency_symbol      ""
2815       mon_decimal_point   "<,>"
2816       mon_thousands_sep    ""
2817       mon_grouping        -1
2818       positive_sign       ""
2819       negative_sign       ""
2820       int_frac_digits     -1
2821       frac_digits         -1
2822       p_cs_precedes      -1
2823       p_sep_by_space      -1
2824       n_cs_precedes      -1
2825       n_sep_by_space      -1
2826       p_sign_posn         -1
2827       n_sign_posn         -1
2828       %
2829       END LC_MONETARY
2830
2831
```

2832 **4.6 LC_NUMERIC**

2833 The LC_NUMERIC category defines the rules and symbols that shall be used to format
 2834

nonmonetary numeric information. The operands are strings. For some keywords, the strings only can contain integers. Keywords that are not provided, string values set to the empty string (""), or integer keywords set to -1, shall be used to indicate that the value is unspecified. The following keywords shall be defined:

2839	copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
2840	decimal_point	The operand is a string containing the symbol that shall be used as the decimal delimiter in numeric, nonmonetary formatted quantities. This keyword cannot be omitted and cannot be set to the empty string. In contexts where other standards limit the decimal point to a single byte, the result of specifying a multibyte operand is unspecified.
2841	thousands_sep	The operand is a string containing the symbol that shall be used as a separator for groups of digits to the left of the decimal delimiter in numeric, nonmonetary formatted monetary quantities. In contexts where other standards limit the "thousands_sep" to a single byte, the result of specifying a multibyte operand is unspecified.
2842	grouping	Define the size of each group of digits in formatted non-monetary quantities. The operand is a sequence of integers separated by semicolons. Each integer specifies the number of digits in each group, with the initial integer defining the size of the group immediately preceding the decimal delimiter, and the following integers defining the preceding groups. If the last integer is not -1, then the size of the previous group (if any) shall be repeatedly used for the remainder of the digits. If the last integer is -1, then no further grouping shall be performed.
2843		
2844		
2845		
2846		
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2852		
2853		
2854		
2855		
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2857		
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2859		
2860		
2861		
2862		
2863		
2864		
2865	The "i18n" FDCC-set is for the LC_NUMERIC category:	
2866		
2867	LC_NUMERIC	
2868	% This is the 14652 i18n fdcc-set definition for	
2869	% the LC_NUMERIC category.	
2870	%	
2871	decimal_point ".,>"	
2872	thousands_sep "	
2873	grouping -1	
2874	%	
2875	END LC_NUMERIC	
2876		
2877		

4.7 LC_TIME

The LC_TIME category defines the rules and symbols that shall be used to format date and time information. The following keywords shall be defined:

2883	copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
2884	abday	Define the abbreviated weekday names for calendar systems with weeks of constant length, to be referenced by the %a field descriptor. The length of the week and a gregorian date for the first weekday is
2885		
2886		
2887		
2888		

2889	defined by the "week" keyword. The operand shall consist of
2890	semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the abbreviated
2891	name of the day corresponding to the first day of the week (default
2892	Sunday), the second the abbreviated name of the day corresponding
2893	to the second day of the week (default Monday), and so on.
2894	day
2895	Define the full weekday names for calendar systems with weeks of
2896	constant length, to be referenced by the %A field descriptor. The
2897	length of the week and a gregorian date for the first weekday is
2898	defined by the "week" keyword. The operand shall consist of
2899	semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the full name of
2900	the day corresponding to the first day of the week (default Sunday),
2901	the second the full name of the day corresponding to the second day
2902	of the week (default Monday), and so on.
2903	week
2904	Shall be used to define the number of days in a week, and which
2905	weekday is the first weekday (the first weekday has the value 1), and
2906	which week is to be considered the first in a year. The first operand
2907	is an integer specifying the number of days in the week. The second
2908	operand is an integer specifying the Gregorian date in the format
2909	YYYYMMDD. The third operand is an integer specifying the
2910	weekday number to be contained in the first week of the year. If the
2911	keyword is not specified the values are taken as 7, 19971130 (a
2912	Sunday), and 7 (Saturday), respectively. ISO 8601 conforming
2913	applications should use the values 7, 19971201 (a Monday), and 4
2914	(Thursday), respectively. This keyword is optional.
2915	abmon
2916	Define the abbreviated month names, to be referenced by the %b
2917	field descriptor. The operand shall consist of twelve or thirteen
2918	semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the abbreviated
2919	name of the first month of the year (January), the second the
2920	abbreviated name of the second month, and so on.
2921	mon
2922	Define the full month names, to be referenced by the %B field
2923	descriptor. The operand shall consist of twelve or thirteen semicolon-
2924	separated strings. The first string shall be the full name of the first
2925	month of the year (January), the second the full name of the second
2926	month, and so on.
2927	d_t_fmt
2928	Define the appropriate date and time representation, to be referenced
2929	by the %c field descriptor. The operand shall consist of a string, and
2930	can contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
2931	addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined in Table 3.
2932	d_fmt
2933	Define the appropriate date representation, to be referenced by the
2934	%x field descriptor. The operand shall consist of a string, and can
2935	contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
2936	addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined in Table 3.
2937	t_fmt
2938	Define the appropriate time representation, to be referenced by the
2939	%X field descriptor. The operand shall consist of a string, and can
2940	contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
2941	addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined in Table 3.
2942	am_pm
2943	Define the appropriate representation of the ante meridiem and post
2944	meridiem strings, to be referenced by the %p field descriptor. The
2945	operand shall consist of two strings, separated by a semicolon. The
2946	first string shall represent the antemeridiem designation, the last

2939 string the postmeridiem designation. The keyword is optional. If
 2940 unspecified, the %p field descriptor shall refer to the empty string.
 2941 Define the appropriate time representation in the 12-hour clock
 2942 format with "am_pm", to be referenced by the %r field descriptor.
 2943 The operand shall consist of a string and can contain any
 2944 combination of characters and field descriptors. If the string is empty,
 2945 the 12-hour format is not supported in the FDCC-set.

2946

2947 **The following keywords are all optional**

2948

2949	era	Shall be used to define alternate Eras, corresponding to the %E field descriptor modifier. The format of the operand is unspecified, but shall support the definition of the %EC and %Ey field descriptors, and may also define the "era_year" format (%EY).
2950		
2951	era_year	Shall be used to define the format of the year in alternate Era format, corresponding to the %EY field descriptor.
2952		
2953	era_d_fmt	Shall be used to define the format of the date in alternate Era notation, corresponding to the %Ex field descriptor.
2954		
2955	alt_digits	Shall be used to define alternate symbols for digits, corresponding to the %O field descriptor modifier. The operand shall consist of semicolon-separated strings. The first string shall be the alternate symbol corresponding with zero, the second string the symbol corresponding with one, and so on. Up to 100 alternate symbol strings can be specified. The %O modifier indicates that the string corresponding to the value specified via the field descriptor shall be used instead of the value.
2956		
2957	first_weekday	Shall be used to define the first day to be displayed, for example in a calendar display utility. The operand is an integer specifying the day number (1 = first) according to the information specified with the "day" keyword. The keyword may be omitted, and then the value 1 is taken, corresponding to Sunday for a week beginning Sunday, or to Monday for a week beginning Monday.
2958		
2959	first_workday	Shall be used to define the first workday as an integer according to the day numbering specified with the "week" keyword.
2960		
2961	cal_direction	Shall be used to define the direction of the display of dates, for example in a calendar display utility. The operand is an integer, and the following values are defined:
2962		
2963		1 left-right from top
2964		2 top-down from left
2965		3 right-left from top
2966		
2967		
2968		
2969		
2970		
2971		
2972		
2973		
2974		
2975		
2976		
2977		
2978		
2979		
2980	timezone	The keyword may be omitted, and then the value 1 is taken. Shall be used to define a set of timezones, each defined by a string. In the following the characters <, >, [and] are used as metacharacters. Only characters with a visible glyph from the portable character set may be used, except in the <std> and <dst> fields. The syntax of the string is:
2981		
2982		
2983		
2984		
2985		
2986		<code><std><offset><dst>[<offset>][,<rule>[,<rule>...]]</code>
2987		
2988		where

2989	<std> and <dst>	Indicates no less than three, nor more than 10 characters that are the designation for the standard <std> or summer <dst> time zone. only <std> is required; if <dst> is missing, then summer time does not apply in this category.
2990		Upper- and lowercase letters are explicitly allowed. Any characters except a leading colon <:> or digits, the comma <,>, the minus <->, the plus <+>, and the null character are permitted to appear in these fields, but their meaning is unspecified.
2991		
2992		
2993		
2994		
2995		
2996		
2997		
2998		
2999		
3000	<offset>	Indicates the value one must add to the local time to arrive at the Coordinated Universal Time. The <offset> has the form:
3001		
3002		
3003		
3004		
3005		
3006		
3007		
3008		
3009		
3010		
3011		
3012		
3013		
3014		
3015		
3016		
3017		
3018		
3019		
3020	<rule>	The minutes (mm) and seconds (ss) are optional. The hour (hh) shall be required and may be a single digit. The <offset> following <std> shall be required. If no <offset> follows <dst>, summer time is assumed to be one hour ahead of standard time. One or more digits may be used; the value is always interpreted as a decimal number. The hour shall be between zero and 24, and the minutes (and seconds) - if present - shall be between zero and 59. If preceded by a "-", the time zone shall be east of the Prime Meridian; otherwise it shall be west of (which may be indicated by an optional preceding "+").
3021		Indicates when to change to and back from summer time. The <rule> has the form:
3022		<date>[/<time>/<year>],<date>[/<time>/<year>]
3023		where the first <date> describes when the change from standard time to summer time occurs, and the second <date> describes when the change back happens. Each <time> field describes when, in current local time, the change to the other time is made. The first <year> field defines the beginning of the validity of this rule, and the second <year> field defines the end of the validity of the rule. A number of rules may be given.
3024		
3025		
3026		
3027		
3028		
3029		
3030		
3031		
3032		
3033		
3034		
3035		
3036		
3037		
3038		The format of <date> shall be one of the following:

J<n> The Julian day <n> (1 <= n

3039	<= 365) Leap years shall not be counted. That is, in all years - including leap years - February 28 is day 59 and March 1 is day 60. It is impossible to explicitly refer to the occasional February 29.
3040	
3041	
3042	
3043	
3044	
3045	
3046	<n> The zero-based Julian day (0 <= n <= 365). Leap years shall be counted and it is possible to refer to February 29.
3047	
3048	
3049	
3050	
3051	M<m>.<n>.<d>
3052	the <d>th day (0 <= d <= 7) of week <n> of month <m> (1 <= n <= 5, 1 <= m <= 12, where week 5 means "the last <d> day in month <m>" which may occur in either the fourth or fifth week). Week 1 is the first week in which the <d>th day occurs. Day zero and day seven is Sunday.
3053	
3054	
3055	
3056	
3057	
3058	
3059	
3060	
3061	
3062	
3063	The <time> has the same format as <offset> except that no leading sign ("-" or "+") shall be allowed. The default, if <time> is not given, shall be "02:00:00".
3064	
3065	
3066	
3067	
3068	The <year> has the format YYYY.
3069	
3070	NOTE: This way of specifying the timezone is compatible with the format for the environment variable TZ described in Section 8.1.1 of POSIX.1.
3071	
3072	

4.7.1 Date Field Descriptors

The LC_TIME category defines the interpretation of a number of field descriptors. The field descriptors are also available in the definitions with the following LC_TIME keywords: "d_t_fmt", "d_fmt", "t_fmt", "t_fmt_ampm", "era", and "era_d_fmt". A field descriptor may not be used with the LC_TIME keywords defining it.

Table 3: Escape sequences for the date field

3083	%a	FDCC-set's abbreviated weekday name.
3084	%A	FDCC-set's full weekday name.
3085	%b	FDCC-set's abbreviated month name.
3086	%B	FDCC-set's full month name.
3087	%c	FDCC-set's appropriate date and time representation.
3088	%C	Century (a year divided by 100 and truncated to integer) as decimal

3089		number (00-99).
3090	%d	Day of the month as a decimal number (01-31).
3091	%D	Date in the format mm/dd/yy.
3092	%e	Day of the month as a decimal number (1-31 in a two-digit field with leading <space> fill).
3093		
3094	%F	The date in the format YYYY-MM-DD (ISO 8601 format).
3095	%g	Week-based year within century, as a decimal number (00-99).
3096	%G	Week-based year with century, as a decimal number (for example 1997).
3097	%h	A synonym for %b.
3098	%H	Hour (24-hour clock), as a decimal number (00-23).
3099	%I	Hour (12-hour clock), as a decimal number (01-12).
3100	%j	Day of the year, as a decimal number (001-366).
3101	%m	Month, as a decimal number (01-13).
3102	%M	Minute, as a decimal number (00-59).
3103	%n	A <newline> character.
3104	%p	FDCC-set's equivalent of either AM or PM.
3105	%r	12-hour clock time (01-12), using the AM/PM notation.
3106	%R	24-hour clock time, in the format "%H:%M".
3107	%S	Seconds, as a decimal number (00-61).
3108	%t	A <tab> character.
3109	%T	24-hour clock time, in the format HH:MM:SS.
3110	%u	Weekday, as a decimal number (1(Monday)-7).
3111	%U	Week number of the year (Sunday as the first day of the week) as a decimal number (00-53). All days in a new year preceding the first Sunday shall be considered to be in week 0.
3112		
3113		
3114	%v	Week number of the year, as a decimal number with two digits including a possible leading zero, according to "week" keyword.
3115		
3116	%V	Week of the year (Monday as the first day of the week), as a decimal number (01-53). The method for determining the week number shall be as specified by ISO 8601.
3117		
3118		
3119	%w	Weekday, as a decimal number (0(Sunday)-6).
3120	%W	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week), as a decimal number (00-53). All days in a new year preceding the first Monday shall be considered to be in week 0.
3121		
3122		
3123	%x	FDCC-set's appropriate date representation.
3124	%X	FDCC-set's appropriate time representation.
3125	%y	Year within century (00-99).
3126	%Y	Year with century, as a decimal number.
3127	%z	The offset from UTC in the ISO 8601 format "-0430" (meaning 4 hours 30 minutes behind UTC, west of Greenwich), or by no characters if no time zone is determinable.
3128		
3129		
3130	%Z	Time-zone name, or no characters if no time zone is determinable.
3131	%%	A <percent-sign> character.
3132		
3133	NOTE: %g, %G and %V give values according to the ISO 8601 week-based year. In this system, weeks begin on a Monday and week 1 of the year is the week that includes 4th January, which is also the week that includes the first Thursday of the year, and is also the first week that contains at least four days in the year. If the first Monday of the year is the 2nd, 3rd or 4th, the preceding days are part of the last week of the preceding year; thus, for Saturday 2nd January 1999, %G is replaced by 1998 and %V	

3139 is replaced by 53. If the 29th, 30th or 31st January is a Monday, it and any following
 3140 days are part of week 1 of the following year. Thus, for Tuesday 30th December 1997,
 3141 %G is replaced by 1998 and %V is replaced by 1.

3143 **4.7.2 Modified Field Descriptors**

3145 Some field descriptors can be modified by the E and O modifier characters to indicate a
 3146 different format or specification as specified in the LC_TIME FDCC-set description. If the
 3147 corresponding keyword (see "era", "era_year", "era_d_fmt", and "alt_digits") is not
 3148 specified for the current FDCC-set, the unmodified field descriptor value shall be used.

3150 %Ec	FDCC-set's alternate date and time representation.
3151 %EC	The name of the base year (period) in the FDCC-set's alternate representation.
3153 %Ex	FDCC-set's alternate date representation.
3154 %EX	FDCC-set's alternate time representation.
3155 %Ey	Offset from %EC (year only) in the FDCC-set's alternate representation.
3156 %EY	Full alternate year representation.
3157 %Od	Day of month using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3158 %Oe	Day of month using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3159 %Of	Weekday as a decimal number according to alt_day (1 is first day).
3160 %OH	Hour (24-hour clock) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3161 %OI	Hour (12-hour clock) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3162 %Om	Month using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3163 %OM	Minutes using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3164 %OS	Seconds using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3165 %Ou	Weekday as a number in the alternate representation of the FDCC-set (Monday=1).
3167 %OU	Week number of the year (Sunday as the first day of the week) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3169 %OV	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week, ISO 8601 rules) using the alternate numeric symbols of the FDCC-set.
3171 %Ow	Weekday as number in the FDCC-set's alternate representation (Sunday=0).
3173 %OW	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week) using the FDCC-set's alternate numeric symbols.
3175 %Oy	Year (offset from %C) in alternate representation.

3177 **4.7.3 "i18n" LC_TIME category**

3179 The "i18n" LC_TIME category is (following ISO 8601):

```

3181       LC_TIME
3182       % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3183       % the LC_TIME category.
3184       %
3185       % Weekday and week numbering according to ISO 8601
3186       abday    "<1>" ; "<2>" ; "<3>" ; "<4>" ; "<5>" ; "<6>" ; "<7>" ;
3187       day      "<1>" ; "<2>" ; "<3>" ; "<4>" ; "<5>" ; "<6>" ; "<7>" ;
3188       week     7;19971201;4
3189       abmon    "<0><1>" ; "<0><2>" ; "<0><3>" ; "<0><4>" ; "<0><5>" ; "<0><6>" ; /
3190            "<0><7>" ; "<0><8>" ; "<0><9>" ; "<1><0>" ; "<1><1>" ; "<1><2>" ;
3191       mon     "<0><1>" ; "<0><2>" ; "<0><3>" ; "<0><4>" ; "<0><5>" ; "<0><6>" ; /
3192            "<0><7>" ; "<0><8>" ; "<0><9>" ; "<1><0>" ; "<1><1>" ; "<1><2>" ;
3193       am_pm    "" ; ""
3194       % Date formats following ISO 8601

```

```

3195 % Appropriate date and time representation (%c)
3196 "%F %T"
3197 d_t_fmt "<%><F><SP><%><T>" 
3198 %
3199 % Appropriate date representation (%x)      "%F"
3200 d_fmt "<%><F>" 
3201 %
3202 % Appropriate time representation (%X)      "%T"
3203 t_fmt "<%><T>" 
3204 t_fmt_ampm ""
3205 %
3206 END LC_TIME
3207
3208

```

4.8 LC_MESSAGES

The LC_MESSAGES category shall define the format and values for affirmative and negative responses. The operands shall be strings or extended regular expressions to specify which response strings that should be considered matches; see ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 clause 2.8.4 for a definition of extended regular expressions. The following keywords shall be defined:

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| 3217 copy | Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified. |
| 3220 yesexpr | The operand shall consist of an extended regular expression that describes the acceptable affirmative response to a question expecting an affirmative or negative response. |
| 3223 noexpr | The operand shall consist of an extended regular expression that describes the acceptable negative response to a question expecting an affirmative or negative response. |

The "i18n" LC_MESSAGES category is:

```

3229 LC_MESSAGES
3230 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3231 % the LC_MESSAGES category.
3232 %
3233 yesexpr "<U005B><+><1><U005D>" 
3234 noexpr "<U005B><-><0><U005D>" 
3235 END LC_MESSAGES
3236

```

4.9 LC_PAPER

The LC_PAPER category defines the default size of paper used for documents. The following keywords shall be defined:

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| 3242 copy | Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified. |
| 3245 height | Shall be used to specify the vertical dimension of the paper. The operand is an integer and the value is the height measured in millimetres. |
| 3247 width | Shall be used to specify the horizontal dimension of the paper. The operand is an integer and the value is the width measured in millimetres. |
- 3250 NOTE: If the height is greater than the width, it is called to be in portrait
 3251 position, else it is called to be in landscape position.

3252 The "i18n" LC_PAPER category is:

```
3253
3254     LC_PAPER
3255     % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
3256     % the LC_PAPER category.
3257     %
3258     height    297
3259     width     210
3260     END LC_PAPER
```

3261

3262 **4.10 LC_NAME**

3263

3264 The LC_NAME category defines formats to be used in addressing a person, e.g. in a
 3265 postal address or in a letter. The following keywords shall be defined:

3266

3267 copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the 3268 definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword 3269 shall be specified.
3270 name_fmt	Define the appropriate representation of a person's name and title. The 3271 operand shall consist of a string, and can contain any combination of 3272 characters and field descriptors. In addition, the string can contain escape 3273 sequences defined below.
3274 name_gen	The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for all persons, 3275 example: the Japanese "-sama" salutation in a letter.
3276 name_miss	The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for unmarried females.
3277 name_mr	The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for males.
3278 name_mrs	The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for married females.
3279 name_ms	The operand is a string defining a salutation valid for all females.

3280

3281 NOTE: There are a number of variations for addressing a person among the cultures.
 3282 Middle names are not used in many countries and even the family name is not used in
 3283 some countries. The specification below should be regarded as a starting point for this
 3284 problem.

3285

3286 The LC_NAME category defines the interpretation of a number of escape sequences. The
 3287 escape sequences are also available in the definitions with the following LC_NAME
 3288 keywords: "name_fmt".

3289

3290 Escape sequences for the "name_fmt" keyword:

3291

3292 %f	Family names.
3293 %F	Family names in uppercase.
3294 %g	First given name.
3295 %G	First given initial.
3296 %l	First given name with latin letters.
3297 %o	Other shorter name, eg. "Bill".
3298 %m	Middle names.
3299 %M	Middle initial.
3300 %p	Profession.
3301 %s	Salutation, such as "Doctor"
3302 %S	Abbreviated salutation, such as "Mr." or "Dr."
3303 %d	Salutation, using the FDCC-sets conventions, with 1 for the name_gen, 2 3304 for name_mr, 3 for name_mrs, 4 for name_miss, 5 for name_ms. The

3305 value may be stored in the database with the person information.
 3306 %t If the preceding escape sequence resulted in an empty string, then the
 3307 empty string, else a <space>.

3309 Each escape sequence may have an <R> after the <%> to specify that the information is
 3310 taken from a Romanized version string of the entity.

3311
 3312 The "i18n" LC_NAME category is:

```
3313  

3314     LC_NAME  

3315     % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for  

3316     % the LC_NAME category.  

3317     %  

3318     name_fmt     "<%><p><%><t><%><g><%><t><%><m><%><t><%><f>"  

3319     END LC_NAME  

3320
```

4.11 LC_ADDRESS

3323 The LC_ADDRESS category defines formats to be used in specifying a location like a
 3324 person's living or office, for use in a postal address or in a letter, and other items related
 3325 to geography. All keywords are optional. The following keywords shall be recognized:

3327 copy	Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no other keyword shall be specified.
3330 postal_fmt	Define the appropriate representation of a postal address such as street and city. The proper formatting of a person's name and title is done with the "name_fmt" keyword of the LC_NAME category. The operand shall consist of a string, and can contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined below.
3336 country_name	The operand is a string with the name of the country in the language of the FDCC-set.
3338 country_post	The operand is a string with the abbreviation of the country, used for postal addresses, for example by CEPT-MAILCODE.
3340 country_ab2	The operand is a string with the two-letter abbreviation of the country, according to ISO 3166.
3342 country_ab3	The operand is a string with the three-letter abbreviation of the country, according to ISO 3166.
3344 country_num	The operand is an integer with the three-digit number of the country, according to ISO 3166.
3346 country_car	The operand is a string with the abbreviation of the country, used for motor vehicles and traffic, according to the Genève convention 1949:68.
3349 country_isbn	The operand is a string with the abbreviation of the country, used for book numbering (ISBN), according to ISO 2108. ISBN numbers are allocated according to country.
3352 lang_name	The operand is a string with the name of the language in the language of the FDCC-set.
3354 lang_ab	The operand is a string with the two-letter abbreviation of the language, according to ISO 639.
3356 lang_term	The operand is a string with the three-letter abbreviation of the language for terminology use, according to ISO 639-2.

3358 **lang_lib** The operand is a string with the three-letter abbreviation of the
 3359 language for library use, according to ISO 639-2. If not specified, the
 3360 value of the "lang_term" keyword is taken.

3361
 3362 The LC_ADDRESS category defines the interpretation of a number of escape sequences.
 3363 The escape sequences are also available in the definitions with the following
 3364 LC_ADDRESS keywords: "postal_fmt".

3365
 3366 Escape sequences for the "postal_fmt" keyword:

3368 %a C/O address.
 3369 %f Firm name.
 3370 %d department name.
 3371 %b Building name.
 3372 %s street or block (eg. Japanese) name.
 3373 %h house number or designation.
 3374 %N if any graphical characters have been specified then an end of line is
 3375 made.
 3376 %t if the preceding escape sequence resulted in an empty string, then the
 3377 empty string, else a <space>.
 3378 %r room number, door designation.
 3379 %e floor number.
 3380 %C country designation, from the <country_post> keyword.
 3381 %z zip number, postal code.
 3382 %T town, city.
 3383 %S state, province, or prefecture.
 3384 %c country.

3385
 3386 Each escape sequence may have an <R> after the <%> to specify that the information is
 3387 taken from a Romanized version string of the entity.

3388
 3389 NOTE: There are a number of variations for specifying a location among the cultures.
 3390 Some of the information, like the middle names, or even the family name, is not used
 3391 in some cultures. The specification here should be regarded as a start point for this
 3392 problem.

3393
 3394 The "i18n" LC_ADDRESS category is:

3395
 3396 **LC_ADDRESS**
 3397 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
 3398 % the LC_ADDRESS category.
 3399 %
 3400 postal_fmt "<%><a><%><N><%><f><%><N><%><d><%><N><%><%><N> /
 3401 <%><s><SP><%><h><SP><%><e><SP><%><r><%><N> /
 3402 <%><C><-><%><z><SP><%><T><%><N><%><c><%><N>"
 3403 END LC_ADDRESS
 3404
 3405

4.12 LC_TELEPHONE

3406 The LC_TELEPHONE category defines formats to be used with telephone services. All
 3407 keywords are optional. The following keywords shall be defined:

3410
 3411 **copy** Specify the name of an existing FDCC-set to be used as the source

3412 for the definition of this category. If this keyword is specified, no
 3413 other keyword shall be specified.
 3414 **tel_int_fmt** Define the appropriate representation of a telephone number for
 3415 international use. The operand shall consist of a string, and can
 3416 contain any combination of characters and field descriptors. In
 3417 addition, the string can contain escape sequences defined below.
 3418 **tel_dom_fmt** Define the appropriate representation of a telephone number for
 3419 domestic use. The operand shall consist of a string, and can contain
 3420 any combination of characters and field descriptors. In addition, the
 3421 string can contain escape sequences defined below.
 3422 **int_select** The operand is a string with the digits used to call international
 3423 telephone numbers.
 3424 **int_prefix** The operand is a string with the prefix used from other countries to
 3425 call the area
 3426
 3427 The LC_TELEPHONE category defines the interpretation of a number of escape
 3428 sequences. The escape sequences are also available in the definitions with the following
 3429 LC_TELEPHONE keywords: "tel_int_fmt" and "tel_dom_fmt".
 3430
 3431 %a area code without prefix (prefix is often <0>).
 3432 %A area code including prefix (prefix is often <0>).
 3433 %l local number.
 3434 %c country code
 3435 %C alternative carrier service code used for dialling abroad
 3436

3437 The "i18n" LC_TELEPHONE category is:
 3438
 3439 LC_TELEPHONE
 3440 % This is the ISO/IEC 14652 "i18n" definition for
 3441 % the LC_TELEPHONE category.
 3442 %
 3443 tel_int_fmt "+><%><c><SP><%><a><SP><%><l>"
 3444 END LC_TELEPHONE
 3445
 3446

3447 5. CHARMAP

3448 A character set description may exist for each coded character set supported by an
 3449 application. This text is referred elsewhere in this Technical Report as a charmap.
 3450
 3451 A conforming charmap to be used with a FDCC-set shall support the portable character set
 3452 specified in Table 1.

3453 Conforming charmaps shall specify certain character and character set attributes, as
 3454 defined in 5.1.

3455 5.1 Character Set Description Text

3456 The character set description text (charmap) describes the mapping between symbolic
 3457 character names and actual encoding of a coded character set. It is used to bind the
 3458 symbolic character names in a FDCC-set to an actual encoding, so an application can
 3459 process data in this encoding.

3465	The following declarations can precede the character definitions. Each shall consist of the symbol shown in the following list, starting in column 1, including the surrounding brackets, followed by one or more "blank"s, followed by the value to be assigned to the symbol. If any of the declarations are included, they shall be specified in the order shown in the following list:
3470	
3471	< code_set_name > The name of the coded character set for which the character set description text is defined. The characters of the name shall be taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs defined in Table 1.
3472	
3473	
3474	
3475	
3476	< mb_cur_max > The maximum number of bytes in a multibyte character. This shall default to 1.
3477	
3478	
3479	< mb_cur_min > An unsigned positive integer value that shall define the minimum number of bytes in a character for the encoded character set. The value shall be less or equal to "mb_cur_max". If not specified, the minimum number shall be equal to "mb_cur_max".
3480	
3481	
3482	
3483	
3484	
3485	< escape_char > The escape character used to indicate that the characters following shall be interpreted in a special way, as defined later in this subclause. This shall default to backslash (\). The character slash (/) is used in all the following text and examples, unless otherwise noted.
3486	
3487	
3488	
3489	
3490	
3491	< comment_char > The character that when placed in column 1 of a charmap line, is used to indicate that the line shall be ignored. The default character shall be the number sign (#). The character percent-sign (%) is used in all the following text and examples, unless otherwise noted.
3492	
3493	
3494	
3495	
3496	
3497	< repertoiremap > The name of the repertoiremap used to define the symbolic character names in the charmap. The characters of the name shall be taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs defined in Table 1.
3498	
3499	
3500	
3501	
3502	< escseq > defines the escape sequences for ISO 2022 shifting for the coded character set defined by the charmap. The semicolon-separated operands are all strings with characters taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs defined in table 1. The first operand defines the g-set or c-set to be defined, and the following values are defined: c0, c1, g0, g1, g2, g3. The second operand defines what range of characters in the charmap is affected, and the values defined are: c0, c1, g0, g1. The third operand is the escape sequence that is defined.
3503	
3504	
3505	
3506	
3507	
3508	
3509	
3510	
3511	
3512	< addset > the name of the charmap to be added the current coded character set and to be selected by the escape sequences defined by <escseq> of the added charmap.
3513	
3514	

3515 <include> include the encoding of another charmap in the current charmap.
3516
3517
3518
3519
3520
3521
3522
3523
3524
3525
3526
3527
3528
The semicolon-separated operands are all strings with characters taken from the set of characters with visible glyphs defined in table 1. The first operand defines the g-set or c-set to be defined in the current charmap, and the following values are defined: c0, c1, g0, g1, g2, g3. The second operand defines a range of characters in the referenced charmap, and the values defined are: c0, c1, g0, g1. The third operand is the name of the charmap to be included. The coded character sets are defined initially for the encoding, and therefore do not need escape sequences for identification. If two g0 sets are defined, the second is switched to using the SHIFT OUT control character, while the first is shifted to using the SHIFT IN control character.

3529 The character set mapping definitions shall be all the lines immediately following an
3530 identifier line containing the string "CHARMAP" starting in column 1, and preceding a
3531 trailer line containing the string "END CHARMAP" starting in column 1. Empty lines
3532 and lines containing a <comment_char> in the first column shall be ignored. Each
3533 noncomment line of the character set mapping definition (i.e., between the "CHARMAP"
3534 and "END CHARMAP" lines of the text) shall be in one of the following syntaxes.

3535
3536
3537 "%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>
3538
3539 "%s...%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>
3540
3541 "%s....%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>
3542
3543 "%s..%s %s %s\n", <symbolic-name>,<symbolic-name>,<encoding>,<comments>
3544

3545 In the first syntax, the line of the character set mapping definition shall start with the
3546 symbolic name, immediately preceded by a <less-than> character and immediately
3547 followed by a <greater-than> character. Symbolic names shall only contain characters
3548 from the set shown with a visible glyph in Table 1.

3549
3550 The same symbolic name may occur several times, with different values. The first value is
3551 the one used when generating an encoding, while the other values are accepted in
3552 decoding. Symbolic names may be included to identify values that can overlap with each
3553 other or with the values of the symbolic names shown in Table 1. It is possible to specify
3554 symbolic names for which no encoding exists in the encoded character set, by not
3555 specifying a value.

3556
3557 In the second and third syntax (symbolic decimal ellipsis), the line in the character set
3558 mapping defines a range of one or more symbolic names. The difference between the
3559 second and the third syntax is the number of dots in the ellipsis: the second has 3 dots, the
3560 third has 4 dots. In these forms the symbolic names shall consist of zero or more
3561 nonnumeric characters from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an
3562 integer formed by one or more decimal digits. The characters preceding the integer shall
3563 be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the digits in the second
3564 symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than the integer formed by the digits in the

first name. This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers in decimal format between the first and the second integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example, <j0101>....<j0104> is interpreted as the symbolic names <j0101>, <j0102>, <j0103>, and <j0104>, in that order.

Note: The rationale to allow both a 3-dot and a 4-dot symbol for symbolic decimal ellipses is that in the POSIX standard the decimal symbolic ellipses was defined by a 3-dot symbol for charmaps, while the 3-dot symbol was an absolute ellipses for POSIX locales, and this International standard specifies a 4-dot symbol for the decimal symbolic ellipses. The 3-dot symbolic decimal ellipses in charmaps is deprecated.

In the fourth syntax (symbolic hexadecimal ellipsis, with two dots), the line in the character set mapping defines a range of one or more symbolic names. In this form the symbolic names shall consist of zero or more nonnumeric characters from the set shown with visible glyphs in Table 1, followed by an integer formed by one or more hexadecimal digits, using uppercase letters only for the range "A" to "F". The characters preceding the hexadecimal integer shall be identical in the two symbolic names, and the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the second symbolic name shall be identical to or greater than the integer formed by the hexadecimal digits in the first name. This shall be interpreted as a series of symbolic names formed from the common part and each of the integers in hexadecimal format using uppercase letters only between the first and the second integer, inclusive, and with a length of the symbolic names generated that is equal to the length of the first (and also the second) symbolic name. As an example, <U010E>..<U0111> is interpreted as the symbolic names <U010E>, <U010F>, <U0110>, and <U0111>, in that order.

The encoding part shall be expressed as one (for single-byte values) or more concatenated decimal, octal or hexadecimal constants. Decimal constants shall be represented by two or three decimal digits, preceded by the escape character and the lowercase letter "d"; for example /d05, /d97, or /d143. Hexadecimal constants shall be represented by two hexadecimal digits, preceded by the escape character and the lowercase letter "x"; for example /x05, /x61, or /x8f. Octal constants shall be represented by two or three octal digits, preceded by the escape character; for example /05, /141, or /217. In a charmap, each constant should represent an 8 bit byte for portability reasons. Applications supporting other byte sizes may allow constants to represent values larger than those that can be represented in 8 bit bytes, and to allow additional digits in constants. When constants are concatenated for multibyte character values, they may be of different types, and interpreted in byte order from the first to the last with the least significant byte of the multibyte character specified by the last byte. The manner in which these constants are represented in the character stored in the system is application defined. Omitting bytes from a multibyte character produces undefined results.

In lines defining ranges of symbolic names, the encoded value is the value for the first symbolic name in the range (the symbolic name preceding the ellipsis). Subsequent symbolic names defined by the range shall have encoding values in increasing order. For example the line

<j0101>....<j0104> /d129/d254

3615 shall be interpreted as

3616
 3617 <j0101> /d129/d254
 3618 <j0102> /d129/d255
 3619 <j0103> /d130/d000
 3620 <j0104> /d130/d001

3621

3622 The comments parameter is optional.

3623

3624

3625 Example of using ISO 2022 techniques:

3626

3627 The following example defines two coded character sets, a 7-bit and a 14-bit. They are then merged into one
 3628 encoding. It is an example on how encodings used in Eastern Asia could be specified.

3629

3630 The 7-bit charmap

3631

```
<escape_char> /
<comment_char> %
% The 7bit charmap defines both control and graphic characters
<code_set_name> "eastern7bit"
<escseq>      "c0";"c0"/"x21/x40"
<escseq>      "g0";"g0"/"x28/x48"
<escseq>      "g1";"g0"/"x29/x48"
<escseq>      "g2";"g0"/"x2A/x48"
<escseq>      "g3";"g0"/"x2B/x48"

CHARMAP
<tab>        /x08
<newline>     /x0D
<a>          /x61
% more character encodings to be defined here
END CHARMAP
```

3648

3649

3650 The 14-bit charmap

3651

```
<escape_char> /
<comment_char> %
<code_set_name> "eastern14bit"
<mb_cur_max> 2
<esqseq>      "g0";"g0"/"x24/x40"
<esqseq>      "g1";"g0"/"x24/x29/x40"
<esqseq>      "g2";"g0"/"x24/x2A/x40"
<esqseq>      "g3";"g0"/"x24/x2B/x40"

CHARMAP
<U0365>      /d036/d055 % the character codes are only examples
<U0744>      /d036/d056
% more character encodings to be defined here
END CHARMAP
```

3665

3666

3667 The merged encoding

3668

```
<escape_char> /
<comment_char> %
<code_set_name> "shift-eastern"
<mb_cur_max> 2
<mb_cur_min> 1
```

3674 <include> "c0";"c0";"eastern7bit"
 3675 <include> "g0";"g0";"eastern7bit"
 3676 <include> "g1";"g0";"eastern14bit"
 3677 % This defines the g0 values of "eastern14bit" (without the 8th
 3678 % bit set) to be the g1 in this encoding (with the 8th bit set).
 3679 %
 3680 % So the bytes without the 8th bit set is from the "shift7bit"
 3681 % coded character set, while bytes with the 8th bit set are from
 3682 % the 14-bit set.

3683
 3684 Another merged encoding using the same charmaps:

3685
 3686 <escape_char> /
 3687 <comment_char> %
 3688 <code_set_name> "EUC-eastern"
 3689 <mb_cur_max> 2
 3690 <mb_cur_min> 1
 3691 <include> "c0";"c0";"eastern7bit"
 3692 <include> "g0";"g0";"eastern7bit"
 3693 <include> "g0";"g0";"eastern14bit"
 3694 % As there are two "g0" sets defined, the first referenced is the
 3695 % initial g0 set, while the second can be shifted to via the SHIFT OUT
 3696 % control character. The first can then be shifted to by the SHIFT IN
 3697 % control character.

3698

3699

3700 **6 REPERTOIREMAP**

3701

3702 FDCC-set and Charmap sources may be specified in a coded character set independent
 3703 way, using symbolic character names. The relation between the symbolic character names
 3704 and characters may be specified via a Repertoiremap, which defines the repertoire of
 3705 characters defined for a FDCC-set, and the symbolic character names and corresponding
 3706 abstract character (by a reference to ISO/IEC 10646).

3707

3708 The repertoire mapping is defined by specifying the symbolic character name and the
 3709 ISO/IEC 10646 code position in hexadecimal form (with a preceding 'U') and optionally
 3710 the long ISO/IEC 10646 character name in the following syntax:

3711

3712 "%s %s %s\n",<symbolic-name>,<10646-short-identifier>,<comments>

3713

3714 The symbolic character name and the ISO/IEC 10646 short identifier are each surrounded
 3715 by angle brackets <>, and the fields shall be separated by one or more spaces or tabs on a
 3716 line. If a right angle bracket or an escape character is used within a symbolic name, it
 3717 shall be preceded by the escape character. Characters not in ISO/IEC 10646 may be
 3718 referenced by the symbolic character names <P00000000>..<PF8FFFFFFF>.

3719

3720 The escape character can be redefined from the default reverse solidus () with the first
 3721 line of the Repertoiremap containing the string "escape_char" followed by one or more
 3722 spaces or tabs and then the escape character.

3723

3724 Several symbolic character names can refer to the same abstract character, and are then
 3725 used as synonyms in FDCC-sets and charmaps. The set of <U0000>..<UFFFF> and
 3726 <U00000000>..<U7FFFFFFF> symbolic names (no lowercase letters) are predefined and
 3727 refers to the corresponding code points of ISO/IEC 10646 with the same short identifier.

3728

3729 The "i18nrep" repertoiremap is defined to accommodate prior art, such as defined in the
 3730 ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 standard annex G, and used by ISO and IEC member bodies in their
 3731 national POSIX locale specifications, and as used in POSIX locales distributed by the
 3732 ISO/IEC POSIX working group and X/Open. Many POSIX charmaps registered with
 3733 ISO/IEC 15897 use these symbolic names. It also reflects use on the Internet, and many of
 3734 the Internet registered charsets are specified using these symbolic names. The "i18nrep"
 3735 repertoiremap thus facilitates reuse of both POSIX locale data and POSIX charmaps with
 3736 data from this Technical Report. The contents of the "i18nrep" repertoiremap is as follows:
 3737

```

3738 escape_char /
3739 <NUL>           <U0000>  NULL (NUL)
3740 <SOH>           <U0001>  START OF HEADING (SOH)
3741 <STX>           <U0002>  START OF TEXT (STX)
3742 <ETX>           <U0003>  END OF TEXT (ETX)
3743 <EOT>           <U0004>  END OF TRANSMISSION (EOT)
3744 <ENQ>           <U0005>  ENQUIRY (ENQ)
3745 <ACK>           <U0006>  ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK)
3746 <alert>          <U0007>  BELL (BEL)
3747 <BEL>           <U0007>  BELL (BEL)
3748 <backspace>     <U0008>  BACKSPACE (BS)
3749 <tab>            <U0009>  CHARACTER TABULATION (HT)
3750 <newline>        <U000A>  LINE FEED (LF)
3751 <vertical-tab>   <U000B>  LINE TABULATION (VT)
3752 <form-feed>      <U000C>  FORM FEED (FF)
3753 <carriage-return> <U000D>  CARRIAGE RETURN (CR)
3754 <DLE>            <U0010>  DATALINK ESCAPE (DLE)
3755 <DC1>            <U0011>  DEVICE CONTROL ONE (DC1)
3756 <DC2>            <U0012>  DEVICE CONTROL TWO (DC2)
3757 <DC3>            <U0013>  DEVICE CONTROL THREE (DC3)
3758 <DC4>            <U0014>  DEVICE CONTROL FOUR (DC4)
3759 <NAK>            <U0015>  NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE (NAK)
3760 <SYN>            <U0016>  SYNCRONOUS IDLE (SYN)
3761 <ETB>            <U0017>  END OF TRANSMISSION BLOCK (ETB)
3762 <CAN>            <U0018>  CANCEL (CAN)
3763 <SUB>            <U001A>  SUBSTITUTE (SUB)
3764 <ESC>            <U001B>  ESCAPE (ESC)
3765 <IS4>            <U001C>  FILE SEPARATOR (IS4)
3766 <IS3>            <U001D>  GROUP SEPARATOR (IS3)
3767 <intro>          <U001D>  GROUP SEPARATOR (IS3)
3768 <IS2>            <U001E>  RECORD SEPARATOR (IS2)
3769 <IS1>            <U001F>  UNIT SEPARATOR (IS1)
3770 <DEL>            <U007F>  DELETE (DEL)
3771 <space>          <U0020>  SPACE
3772 <exclamation-mark> <U0021>  EXCLAMATION MARK
3773 <quotation-mark>  <U0022>  QUOTATION MARK
3774 <number-sign>     <U0023>  NUMBER SIGN
3775 <dollar-sign>    <U0024>  DOLLAR SIGN
3776 <percent-sign>   <U0025>  PERCENT SIGN
3777 <ampersand>     <U0026>  AMPERSAND
3778 <apostrophe>    <U0027>  APOSTROPHE
3779 <left-parenthesis> <U0028>  LEFT PARENTHESIS
3780 <right-parenthesis> <U0029>  RIGHT PARENTHESIS
3781 <asterisk>       <U002A>  ASTERISK
3782 <plus-sign>      <U002B>  PLUS SIGN
3783 <comma>          <U002C>  COMMA
3784 <hyphen>          <U002D>  HYPHEN-MINUS
3785 <hyphen-minus>   <U002D>  HYPHEN-MINUS
3786 <period>          <U002E>  FULL STOP
3787 <full-stop>      <U002E>  FULL STOP
3788 <slash>           <U002F>  SOLIDUS
3789 <solidus>         <U002F>  SOLIDUS
3790 <zero>            <U0030>  DIGIT ZERO
3791 <one>             <U0031>  DIGIT ONE
3792 <two>             <U0032>  DIGIT TWO
3793 <three>           <U0033>  DIGIT THREE
3794 <four>            <U0034>  DIGIT FOUR
3795 <five>            <U0035>  DIGIT FIVE
3796 <six>             <U0036>  DIGIT SIX
3797 <seven>           <U0037>  DIGIT SEVEN
3798 <eight>           <U0038>  DIGIT EIGHT
3799 <nine>            <U0039>  DIGIT NINE
3800 <colon>           <U003A>  COLON
3801 <:semicolon>        <U003B>  SEMICOLON
3802 <less-than-sign>  <U003C>  LESS-THAN SIGN
3803 <equals-sign>     <U003D>  EQUALS SIGN
3804 <greater-than-sign> <U003E>  GREATER-THAN SIGN
3805 <question-mark>   <U003F>  QUESTION MARK
3806 <commercial-at>   <U0040>  COMMERCIAL AT
3807 <left-square-bracket> <U005B>  LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
3808 <backslash>        <U005C>  REVERSE SOLIDUS
3809 <reverse-solidus>  <U005C>  REVERSE SOLIDUS
3810 <right-square-bracket> <U005D>  RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
  
```

3811	<circumflex>	<U005E> CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
3812	<circumflex-accent>	<U005E> CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
3813	<underscore>	<U005F> LOW LINE
3814	<low-line>	<U005F> LOW LINE
3815	<grave-accent>	<U0060> GRAVE ACCENT
3816	<left-brace>	<U007B> LEFT CURLY BRACKET
3817	<left-curly-bracket>	<U007B> LEFT CURLY BRACKET
3818	<vertical-line>	<U007C> VERTICAL LINE
3819	<right-brace>	<U007D> RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
3820	<right-curly-bracket>	<U007D> RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
3821	<tilde>	<U007E> TILDE
3822		
3823	<a8>	<U0252> Weight indicating the position of the last a
3824	<b8>	<U0182> Weight indicating the position of the last b
3825	<c8>	<U0255> Weight indicating the position of the last c
3826	<d8>	<U018D> Weight indicating the position of the last d
3827	<e8>	<U0264> Weight indicating the position of the last e
3828	<f8>	<U0191> Weight indicating the position of the last f
3829	<g8>	<U01A2> Weight indicating the position of the last g
3830	<h8>	<U02BD> Weight indicating the position of the last h
3831	<i8>	<U0196> Weight indicating the position of the last i
3832	<j8>	<U0284> Weight indicating the position of the last j
3833	<k8>	<U029E> Weight indicating the position of the last k
3834	<l8>	<U028E> Weight indicating the position of the last l
3835	<m8>	<U0271> Weight indicating the position of the last m
3836	<n8>	<U014A> Weight indicating the position of the last n
3837	<o8>	<U0277> Weight indicating the position of the last o
3838	<p8>	<U0278> Weight indicating the position of the last p
3839	<q8>	<U0138> Weight indicating the position of the last q
3840	<r8>	<U02B6> Weight indicating the position of the last r
3841	<s8>	<U0286> Weight indicating the position of the last s
3842	<t8>	<U0287> Weight indicating the position of the last t
3843	<u8>	<U01B1> Weight indicating the position of the last u
3844	<v8>	<U028C> Weight indicating the position of the last v
3845	<w8>	<U028D> Weight indicating the position of the last w
3846	<x8>	<U216B> Weight indicating the position of the last x
3847	<y8>	<U01B3> Weight indicating the position of the last y
3848	<z8>	<U0293> Weight indicating the position of the last z
3849		
3850	<NU>	<U0000> NULL (NUL)
3851	<SH>	<U0001> START OF HEADING (SOH)
3852	<SX>	<U0002> START OF TEXT (STX)
3853	<EX>	<U0003> END OF TEXT (ETX)
3854	<ET>	<U0004> END OF TRANSMISSION (EOT)
3855	<EQ>	<U0005> ENQUIRY (ENQ)
3856	<AK>	<U0006> ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK)
3857	<BL>	<U0007> BELL (BEL)
3858	<BS>	<U0008> BACKSPACE (BS)
3859	<HT>	<U0009> CHARACTER TABULATION (HT)
3860	<LF>	<U000A> LINE FEED (LF)
3861	<VT>	<U000B> LINE TABULATION (VT)
3862	<FF>	<U000C> FORM FEED (FF)
3863	<CR>	<U000D> CARRIAGE RETURN (CR)
3864	<SO>	<U000E> SHIFT OUT (SO)
3865	<SI>	<U000F> SHIFT IN (SI)
3866	<DL>	<U0010> DATALINK ESCAPE (DLE)
3867	<D1>	<U0011> DEVICE CONTROL ONE (DC1)
3868	<D2>	<U0012> DEVICE CONTROL TWO (DC2)
3869	<D3>	<U0013> DEVICE CONTROL THREE (DC3)
3870	<D4>	<U0014> DEVICE CONTROL FOUR (DC4)
3871	<NK>	<U0015> NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE (NAK)
3872	<SY>	<U0016> SYNCHRONOUS IDLE (SYN)
3873	<EB>	<U0017> END OF TRANSMISSION BLOCK (ETB)
3874	<CN>	<U0018> CANCEL (CAN)
3875		<U0019> END OF MEDIUM (EM)
3876	<SB>	<U001A> SUBSTITUTE (SUB)
3877	<EC>	<U001B> ESCAPE (ESC)
3878	<FS>	<U001C> FILE SEPARATOR (IS4)
3879	<GS>	<U001D> GROUP SEPARATOR (IS3)
3880	<RS>	<U001E> RECORD SEPARATOR (IS2)
3881	<US>	<U001F> UNIT SEPARATOR (IS1)
3882	<DT>	<U007F> DELETE (DEL)
3883	<PA>	<U0080> PADDING CHARACTER (PAD)
3884	<HO>	<U0081> HIGH OCTET PRESET (HOP)
3885	<BH>	<U0082> BREAK PERMITTED HERE (BPH)
3886	<NH>	<U0083> NO BREAK HERE (NBH)
3887	<IN>	<U0084> INDEX (IND)
3888	<NL>	<U0085> NEXT LINE (NEL)
3889	<SA>	<U0086> START OF SELECTED AREA (SSA)
3890	<ES>	<U0087> END OF SELECTED AREA (ESA)
3891	<HS>	<U0088> CHARACTER TABULATION SET (HTS)
3892	<HJ>	<U0089> CHARACTER TABULATION WITH JUSTIFICATION (HTJ)
3893	<VS>	<U008A> LINE TABULATION SET (VTS)
3894	<PD>	<U008B> PARTIAL LINE FORWARD (PLD)
3895	<PU>	<U008C> PARTIAL LINE BACKWARD (PLU)
3896	<RI>	<U008D> REVERSE LINE FEED (RI)
3897	<S2>	<U008E> SINGLE-SHIFT TWO (SS2)
3898	<S3>	<U008F> SINGLE-SHIFT THREE (SS3)
3899	<DC>	<U0090> DEVICE CONTROL STRING (DCS)

3900	<P1>	<U0091>	PRIVATE USE ONE (PU1)
3901	<P2>	<U0092>	PRIVATE USE TWO (PU2)
3902	<TS>	<U0093>	SET TRANSMIT STATE (STS)
3903	<CC>	<U0094>	CANCEL CHARACTER (CCH)
3904	<MW>	<U0095>	MESSAGE WAITING (MW)
3905	<SG>	<U0096>	START OF GUARDED AREA (SPA)
3906	<EG>	<U0097>	END OF GUARDED AREA (EPA)
3907	<SS>	<U0098>	START OF STRING (SOS)
3908	<GC>	<U0099>	SINGLE GRAPHIC CHARACTER INTRODUCER (SGCI)
3909	<SC>	<U009A>	SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER (SCI)
3910	<CI>	<U009B>	CONTROL SEQUENCE INTRODUCER (CSI)
3911	<ST>	<U009C>	STRING TERMINATOR (ST)
3912	<OC>	<U009D>	OPERATING SYSTEM COMMAND (OSC)
3913	<PM>	<U009E>	PRIVACY MESSAGE (PM)
3914	<AC>	<U009F>	APPLICATION PROGRAM COMMAND (APC)
3915	<SP>	<U0020>	SPACE
3916	<!>	<U0021>	EXCLAMATION MARK
3917	<">	<U0022>	QUOTATION MARK
3918	<Nb>	<U0023>	NUMBER SIGN
3919	<DO>	<U0024>	DOLLAR SIGN
3920	<%>	<U0025>	PERCENT SIGN
3921	<&>	<U0026>	AMPERSAND
3922	<'>	<U0027>	APOSTROPHE
3923	<(>	<U0028>	LEFT PARENTHESIS
3924	<)>	<U0029>	RIGHT PARENTHESIS
3925	<*>	<U002A>	ASTERISK
3926	<+>	<U002B>	PLUS SIGN
3927	<,>	<U002C>	COMMA
3928	<->	<U002D>	HYPHEN-MINUS
3929	<. >	<U002E>	FULL STOP
3930	<//>	<U002F>	SOLIDUS
3931	<0>	<U0030>	DIGIT ZERO
3932	<1>	<U0031>	DIGIT ONE
3933	<2>	<U0032>	DIGIT TWO
3934	<3>	<U0033>	DIGIT THREE
3935	<4>	<U0034>	DIGIT FOUR
3936	<5>	<U0035>	DIGIT FIVE
3937	<6>	<U0036>	DIGIT SIX
3938	<7>	<U0037>	DIGIT SEVEN
3939	<8>	<U0038>	DIGIT EIGHT
3940	<9>	<U0039>	DIGIT NINE
3941	<:>	<U003A>	COLON
3942	<;>	<U003B>	SEMICOLON
3943	<<>	<U003C>	LESS-THAN SIGN
3944	<=>	<U003D>	EQUALS SIGN
3945	</>>	<U003E>	GREATER-THAN SIGN
3946	<?>	<U003F>	QUESTION MARK
3947	<At>	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
3948	<A>	<U0041>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
3949		<U0042>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B
3950	<C>	<U0043>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C
3951	<D>	<U0044>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D
3952	<E>	<U0045>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E
3953	<F>	<U0046>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
3954	<G>	<U0047>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G
3955	<H>	<U0048>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
3956	<I>	<U0049>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I
3957	<J>	<U004A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J
3958	<K>	<U004B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
3959	<L>	<U004C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
3960	<M>	<U004D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
3961	<N>	<U004E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
3962	<O>	<U004F>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
3963	<P>	<U0050>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
3964	<Q>	<U0051>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
3965	<R>	<U0052>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
3966	<S>	<U0053>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
3967	<T>	<U0054>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
3968	<U>	<U0055>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
3969	<V>	<U0056>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
3970	<W>	<U0057>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
3971	<X>	<U0058>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
3972	<Y>	<U0059>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
3973	<Z>	<U005A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
3974	<<(>	<U005B>	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
3975	<///>>	<U005C>	REVERSE SOLIDUS
3976	<)/>>	<U005D>	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
3977	<'/>>	<U005E>	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
3978	<_>	<U005F>	LOW LINE
3979	<'_!>	<U0060>	GRAVE ACCENT
3980	<a>	<U0061>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A
3981		<U0062>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B
3982	<c>	<U0063>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C
3983	<d>	<U0064>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D
3984	<e>	<U0065>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E
3985	<f>	<U0066>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
3986	<g>	<U0067>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G
3987	<h>	<U0068>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H

3988	<i>	<U0069>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I
3989	<j>	<U006A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J
3990	<k>	<U006B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K
3991	<l>	<U006C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L
3992	<m>	<U006D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M
3993	<n>	<U006E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N
3994	<o>	<U006F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O
3995	<p>	<U0070>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P
3996	<q>	<U0071>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
3997	<r>	<U0072>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
3998	<s>	<U0073>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S
3999	<t>	<U0074>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T
4000	<u>	<U0075>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U
4001	<v>	<U0076>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V
4002	<w>	<U0077>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W
4003	<x>	<U0078>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X
4004	<y>	<U0079>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
4005	<z>	<U007A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
4006	<(!>	<U007B>	LEFT CURLY BRACKET
4007	<! !>	<U007C>	VERTICAL LINE
4008	<! !>	<U007D>	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
4009	<' ?>	<U007E>	TILDE
4010	<NS>	<U00A0>	NO-BREAK SPACE
4011	<! I>	<U00A1>	INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK
4012	<CT>	<U00A2>	CENT SIGN
4013	<Pd>	<U00A3>	POUND SIGN
4014	<Cu>	<U00A4>	CURRENCY SIGN
4015	<Ye>	<U00A5>	YEN SIGN
4016	<BB>	<U00A6>	BROKEN BAR
4017	<SE>	<U00A7>	SECTION SIGN
4018	<' :>	<U00A8>	DIAERESIS
4019	<Co>	<U00A9>	COPYRIGHT SIGN
4020	<-a>	<U00AA>	FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR
4021	<<<>	<U00AB>	LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
4022	<NO>	<U00AC>	NOT SIGN
4023	<-->	<U00AD>	SOFT HYPHEN
4024	<Rg>	<U00AE>	REGISTERED SIGN
4025	<' m>	<U00AF>	MACRON
4026	<DG>	<U00B0>	DEGREE SIGN
4027	<+ ->	<U00B1>	PLUS-MINUS SIGN
4028	<2S>	<U00B2>	SUPERSCRIPT TWO
4029	<3S>	<U00B3>	SUPERSCRIPT THREE
4030	<' '>	<U00B4>	ACUTE ACCENT
4031	<MY>	<U00B5>	MICRO SIGN
4032	<PI>	<U00B6>	PILCROW SIGN
4033	<. M>	<U00B7>	MIDDLE DOT
4034	<', >	<U00B8>	CEDILLA
4035	<1S>	<U00B9>	SUPERSCRIPT ONE
4036	<-o>	<U00BA>	MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR
4037	</O/>>	<U00BB>	RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
4038	<14>	<U00BC>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER
4039	<12>	<U00BD>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF
4040	<34>	<U00BE>	VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS
4041	<?I>	<U00BF>	INVERTED QUESTION MARK
4042	<A!>	<U00C0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
4043	<A'>	<U00C1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
4044	<A//>	<U00C2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4045	<A?>	<U00C3>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE
4046	<A:>	<U00C4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
4047	<AA>	<U00C5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
4048	<AE>	<U00C6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE (ash)
4049	<C, >	<U00C7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
4050	<E!>	<U00C8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
4051	<E'>	<U00C9>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
4052	<E//>	<U00CA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4053	<E:>	<U00CB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
4054	<I!>	<U00CC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
4055	<I'>	<U00CD>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
4056	<I//>	<U00CE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4057	<I:>	<U00CF>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
4058	<D->	<U00D0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH (Icelandic)
4059	<N?>	<U00D1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE
4060	<O!>	<U00D2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
4061	<O'>	<U00D3>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
4062	<O//>	<U00D4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4063	<O?>	<U00D5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE
4064	<O:>	<U00D6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
4065	<*X>	<U00D7>	MULTIPLICATION SIGN
4066	<O//>	<U00D8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE
4067	<U!>	<U00D9>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
4068	<U'>	<U00DA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
4069	<U//>	<U00DB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4070	<U:>	<U00DC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
4071	<Y'>	<U00DD>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
4072	<TH>	<U00DE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN (Icelandic)
4073	<ss>	<U00DF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S (German)
4074	<a!>	<U00E0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
4075	<a'>	<U00E1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
4076	<a//>	<U00E2>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX

4077	<a?>	<U00E3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE
4078	<a:>	<U00E4>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
4079	<aa>	<U00E5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
4080	<ae>	<U00E6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE (ash)
4081	<c,>	<U00E7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
4082	<e!>	<U00E8>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
4083	<e'>	<U00E9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
4084	<e/>>	<U00EA>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4085	<e:>	<U00EB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
4086	<i!>	<U00EC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
4087	<i'>	<U00ED>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
4088	<i/>>	<U00EE>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4089	<i:>	<U00EF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
4090	<d->	<U00F0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH (Icelandic)
4091	<n?>	<U00F1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE
4092	<o!>	<U00F2>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
4093	<o'>	<U00F3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
4094	<o/>>	<U00F4>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4095	<o?>	<U00F5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE
4096	<o:>	<U00F6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
4097	<-:>	<U00F7>	DIVISION SIGN
4098	<o//>	<U00F8>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE
4099	<u!>	<U00F9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
4100	<u'>	<U00FA>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
4101	<u/>>	<U00FB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4102	<u:>	<U00FC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
4103	<y'>	<U00FD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
4104	<th>	<U00FE>	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN (Icelandic)
4105	<y:>	<U00FF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
4106	<A->	<U0100>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON
4107	<a->	<U0101>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON
4108	<A(>	<U0102>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE
4109	<a(>	<U0103>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE
4110	<A;>	<U0104>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
4111	<a;>	<U0105>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
4112	<C'>	<U0106>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH ACUTE
4113	<c'>	<U0107>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH ACUTE
4114	<C/>>	<U0108>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4115	<c/>>	<U0109>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4116	<C.>	<U010A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE
4117	<c.>	<U010B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE
4118	<C<>	<U010C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CARON
4119	<c<>	<U010D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CARON
4120	<D<>	<U010E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CARON
4121	<d<>	<U010F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CARON
4122	<D//>	<U0110>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH STROKE
4123	<d//>	<U0111>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH STROKE
4124	<E->	<U0112>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON
4125	<e->	<U0113>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON
4126	<E(>	<U0114>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH BREVE
4127	<e(>	<U0115>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH BREVE
4128	<E.>	<U0116>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
4129	<e.>	<U0117>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
4130	<E;>	<U0118>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK
4131	<e;>	<U0119>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK
4132	<E<>	<U011A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CARON
4133	<e<>	<U011B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CARON
4134	<G//>	<U011C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4135	<g//>	<U011D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4136	<G(>	<U011E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH BREVE
4137	<g(>	<U011F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH BREVE
4138	<G.>	<U0120>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH DOT ABOVE
4139	<g.>	<U0121>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH DOT ABOVE
4140	<G,>	<U0122>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA
4141	<g,>	<U0123>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA
4142	<H//>	<U0124>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4143	<h//>	<U0125>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4144	<H//>	<U0126>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH STROKE
4145	<h//>	<U0127>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE
4146	<I?>	<U0128>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE
4147	<i?>	<U0129>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE
4148	<I->	<U012A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON
4149	<i->	<U012B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON
4150	<I(>	<U012C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH BREVE
4151	<i(>	<U012D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH BREVE
4152	<I;>	<U012E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK
4153	<i;>	<U012F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH OGONEK
4154	<I.>	<U0130>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE
4155	<i.>	<U0131>	LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I
4156	<IJ>	<U0132>	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE IJ
4157	<i;j>	<U0133>	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE IJ
4158	<J//>	<U0134>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4159	<j//>	<U0135>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4160	<K,>	<U0136>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA
4161	<k,>	<U0137>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA
4162	<k;k>	<U0138>	LATIN SMALL LETTER KRA (Greenlandic)
4163	<l'>	<U0139>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH ACUTE
4164	<l'>	<U013A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH ACUTE

4165	<L,>	<U013B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA
4166	<l,>	<U013C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA
4167	<L<>	<U013D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CARON
4168	<l<>	<U013E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CARON
4169	<L,>	<U013F>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT
4170	<l,>	<U0140>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT
4171	<L//>	<U0141>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE
4172	<l//>	<U0142>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE
4173	<N,>	<U0143>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE
4174	<n,>	<U0144>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE
4175	<N,>	<U0145>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA
4176	<n,>	<U0146>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA
4177	<N<>	<U0147>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CARON
4178	<n<>	<U0148>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CARON
4179	<'n>	<U0149>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N PRECEDED BY APOSTROPHE
4180	<NG>	<U014A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ENG (Sami)
4181	<ng>	<U014B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER ENG (Sami)
4182	<O->	<U014C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON
4183	<o->	<U014D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON
4184	<O(>	<U014E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH BREVE
4185	<o(>	<U014F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH BREVE
4186	<O">	<U0150>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4187	<o">	<U0151>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4188	<OE>	<U0152>	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE
4189	<oe>	<U0153>	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE
4190	<R,>	<U0154>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE
4191	<r,>	<U0155>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH ACUTE
4192	<R,>	<U0156>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA
4193	<r,>	<U0157>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA
4194	<R<>	<U0158>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CARON
4195	<r<>	<U0159>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CARON
4196	<S,>	<U015A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE
4197	<s,>	<U015B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE
4198	<S/>>	<U015C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4199	<s/>>	<U015D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4200	<S,>	<U015E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA
4201	<s,>	<U015F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA
4202	<S<>	<U0160>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON
4203	<s<>	<U0161>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON
4204	<T,>	<U0162>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA
4205	<t,>	<U0163>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA
4206	<T<>	<U0164>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CARON
4207	<t<>	<U0165>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CARON
4208	<T//>	<U0166>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH STROKE
4209	<t//>	<U0167>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH STROKE
4210	<U?>	<U0168>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE
4211	<u?>	<U0169>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE
4212	<U->	<U016A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON
4213	<u->	<U016B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON
4214	<U(>	<U016C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH BREVE
4215	<u(>	<U016D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH BREVE
4216	<U0>	<U016E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE
4217	<u0>	<U016F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE
4218	<U">	<U0170>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4219	<u">	<U0171>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
4220	<U;i>	<U0172>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH OGONEK
4221	<u;i>	<U0173>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH OGONEK
4222	<W//>	<U0174>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4223	<w//>	<U0175>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4224	<Y//>	<U0176>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4225	<y//>	<U0177>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4226	<Y:>	<U0178>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
4227	<Z'>	<U0179>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE
4228	<z'>	<U017A>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE
4229	<z.->	<U017B>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE
4230	<z.->	<U017C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE
4231	<Z<>	<U017D>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON
4232	<z<>	<U017E>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON
4233	<s1>	<U017F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S
4234	<b//>	<U0180>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH STROKE
4235	<B2>	<U0181>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH HOOK
4236	<C2>	<U0187>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH HOOK
4237	<c2>	<U0188>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH HOOK
4238	<F2>	<U0191>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH HOOK
4239	<f2>	<U0192>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK
4240	<K2>	<U0198>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH HOOK
4241	<k2>	<U0199>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH HOOK
4242	<O9>	<U01A0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN
4243	<o9>	<U01A1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN
4244	<OI>	<U01A2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER OI
4245	<oi>	<U01A3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER OI
4246	<yr>	<U01A6>	LATIN LETTER YR
4247	<U9>	<U01AF>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN
4248	<u9>	<U01B0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN
4249	<Z//>	<U01B5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH STROKE
4250	<z//>	<U01B6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH STROKE
4251	<ED>	<U01B7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER EZH
4252	<DZ<>	<U01C4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER DZ WITH CARON
4253	<Dz<>	<U01C5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON

4254	<dz>	<U01C6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER DZ WITH CARON
4255	<LJ3>	<U01C7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER LJ
4256	<Lj3>	<U01C8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH SMALL LETTER J
4257	<lJ3>	<U01C9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER LJ
4258	<NJ3>	<U01CA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER NJ
4259	<Nj3>	<U01CB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH SMALL LETTER J
4260	<nJ3>	<U01CC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER NJ
4261	<A>	<U01CD>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CARON
4262	<a>	<U01CE>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CARON
4263	<I>	<U01CF>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CARON
4264	<i>	<U01D0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CARON
4265	<O>	<U01D1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CARON
4266	<o>	<U01D2>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CARON
4267	<U>	<U01D3>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CARON
4268	<u>	<U01D4>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CARON
4269	<U:->	<U01D5>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4270	<u:->	<U01D6>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4271	<U:'>	<U01D7>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4272	<u:'>	<U01D8>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4273	<U:<>	<U01D9>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND CARON
4274	<u:<>	<U01DA>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND CARON
4275	<U:!'>	<U01DB>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND GRAVE
4276	<u:!'>	<U01DC>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS AND GRAVE
4277	<e1>	<U01DD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER TURNED E
4278	<A1>	<U01DE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4279	<a1>	<U01DF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS AND MACRON
4280	<A7>	<U01E0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE AND MACRON
4281	<a7>	<U01E1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE AND MACRON
4282	<A3>	<U01E2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH MACRON (ash)
4283	<a3>	<U01E3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH MACRON (ash)
4284	<G//>	<U01E4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH STROKE
4285	<g//>	<U01E5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH STROKE
4286	<G>	<U01E6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CARON
4287	<g>	<U01E7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CARON
4288	<K>	<U01E8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CARON
4289	<k>	<U01E9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CARON
4290	<O>	<U01EA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK
4291	<o>	<U01EB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK
4292	<O1>	<U01EC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
4293	<o1>	<U01ED>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
4294	<EZ>	<U01EE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER EZH WITH CARON
4295	<ez>	<U01EF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER EZH WITH CARON
4296	<j>	<U01F0>	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CARON
4297	<DZ3>	<U01F1>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER DZ
4298	<Dz3>	<U01F2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH SMALL LETTER Z
4299	<dz3>	<U01F3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER DZ
4300	<G'>	<U01F4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH ACUTE
4301	<g'>	<U01F5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH ACUTE
4302	<AA'>	<U01FA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE AND ACUTE
4303	<aa'>	<U01FB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE AND ACUTE
4304	<AE'>	<U01FC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH ACUTE (ash)
4305	<ae'>	<U01FD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH ACUTE (ash)
4306	<O//>	<U01FE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND ACUTE
4307	<o//>	<U01FF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND ACUTE
4308	<A!!>	<U0200>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4309	<a!!>	<U0201>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4310	<A>	<U0202>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH INVERTED BREVE
4311	<a>	<U0203>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH INVERTED BREVE
4312	<E!!>	<U0204>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4313	<e!!>	<U0205>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4314	<E>	<U0206>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH INVERTED BREVE
4315	<e>	<U0207>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH INVERTED BREVE
4316	<I!!>	<U0208>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4317	<i!!>	<U0209>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4318	<I>	<U020A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH INVERTED BREVE
4319	<i>	<U020B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH INVERTED BREVE
4320	<O!!>	<U020C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4321	<o!!>	<U020D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4322	<O>	<U020E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH INVERTED BREVE
4323	<o>	<U020F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH INVERTED BREVE
4324	<R!!>	<U0210>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4325	<r!!>	<U0211>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4326	<R>	<U0212>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH INVERTED BREVE
4327	<r>	<U0213>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH INVERTED BREVE
4328	<U!!>	<U0214>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4329	<u!!>	<U0215>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE GRAVE
4330	<U>	<U0216>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH INVERTED BREVE
4331	<u>	<U0217>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH INVERTED BREVE
4332	<r1>	<U027C>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH LONG LEG
4333	<ed>	<U0292>	LATIN SMALL LETTER EZH
4334	<;S>	<U02BB>	MODIFIER LETTER TURNED COMMA
4335	<1/>	<U02C6>	MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
4336	<'>	<U02C7>	CARON (Mandarin Chinese third tone)
4337	<1->	<U02C9>	MODIFIER LETTER MACRON (Mandarin Chinese first tone)
4338	<1!>	<U02CB>	MODIFIER LETTER GRAVE ACCENT (Mandarin Chinese fourth tone)
4339	<'(>	<U02D8>	BREVE
4340	<'.>	<U02D9>	DOT ABOVE (Mandarin Chinese light tone)
4341	<'0>	<U02DA>	RING ABOVE

4342	<` ;>	<U02DB>	OGONEK
4343	<1?>	<U02DC>	SMALL TILDE
4344	<' ">	<U02DD>	DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT
4345	<' G>	<U0374>	GREEK NUMERAL SIGN (Dexia keraia)
4346	<, G>	<U0375>	GREEK LOWER NUMERAL SIGN (Aristeri keraia)
4347	<j3>	<U037A>	GREEK YPOGEGRAMMENI
4348	<?%>	<U037E>	GREEK QUESTION MARK (Erotimatiiko)
4349	<' *>	<U0384>	GREEK TONOS
4350	<' %>	<U0385>	GREEK DIALYTIKA TONOS
4351	<A%>	<U0386>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS
4352	<. *>	<U0387>	GREEK ANO TELEIA
4353	<E%>	<U0388>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH TONOS
4354	<Y%>	<U0389>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH TONOS
4355	<I%>	<U038A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS
4356	<O%>	<U038C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH TONOS
4357	<U%>	<U038E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH TONOS
4358	<W%>	<U038F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH TONOS
4359	<i3>	<U0390>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND TONOS
4360	<A*>	<U0391>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA
4361	<B*>	<U0392>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER BETA
4362	<G*>	<U0393>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER GAMMA
4363	<D*>	<U0394>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER DELTA
4364	<E*>	<U0395>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON
4365	<Z*>	<U0396>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ZETA
4366	<Y*>	<U0397>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA
4367	<H*>	<U0398>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER THETA
4368	<I*>	<U0399>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA
4369	<K*>	<U039A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER KAPPA
4370	<L*>	<U039B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER LAMDA
4371	<M*>	<U039C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER MU
4372	<N*>	<U039D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER NU
4373	<C*>	<U039E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER XI
4374	<O*>	<U039F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON
4375	<P*>	<U03A0>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PI
4376	<R*>	<U03A1>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER RHO
4377	<S*>	<U03A3>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER SIGMA
4378	<T*>	<U03A4>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER TAU
4379	<U*>	<U03A5>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON
4380	<F*>	<U03A6>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PHI
4381	<X*>	<U03A7>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER CHI
4382	<Q*>	<U03A8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PSI
4383	<W*>	<U03A9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA
4384	<J*>	<U03AA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA
4385	<V*>	<U03AB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA
4386	<a%>	<U03AC>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS
4387	<e%>	<U03AD>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH TONOS
4388	<y%>	<U03AE>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH TONOS
4389	<i%>	<U03AF>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS
4390	<u3>	<U03B0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND TONOS
4391	<a*>	<U03B1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA
4392	<b*>	<U03B2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA
4393	<g*>	<U03B3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER GAMMA
4394	<d*>	<U03B4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER DELTA
4395	<e*>	<U03B5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON
4396	<z*>	<U03B6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ZETA
4397	<y*>	<U03B7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA
4398	<h*>	<U03B8>	GREEK SMALL LETTER THETA
4399	<i*>	<U03B9>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA
4400	<k*>	<U03BA>	GREEK SMALL LETTER KAPPA
4401	<l*>	<U03BB>	GREEK SMALL LETTER LAMDA
4402	<m*>	<U03BC>	GREEK SMALL LETTER MU
4403	<n*>	<U03BD>	GREEK SMALL LETTER NU
4404	<c*>	<U03BE>	GREEK SMALL LETTER XI
4405	<o*>	<U03BF>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON
4406	<p*>	<U03C0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER PI
4407	<r*>	<U03C1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO
4408	<s*>	<U03C2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER FINAL SIGMA
4409	<s*>	<U03C3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER SIGMA
4410	<t*>	<U03C4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER TAU
4411	<u*>	<U03C5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON
4412	<f*>	<U03C6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER PHI
4413	<x*>	<U03C7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER CHI
4414	<q*>	<U03C8>	GREEK SMALL LETTER PSI
4415	<w*>	<U03C9>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA
4416	<j*>	<U03CA>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA
4417	<v*>	<U03CB>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA
4418	<o%>	<U03CC>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH TONOS
4419	<u%>	<U03CD>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH TONOS
4420	<w%>	<U03CE>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH TONOS
4421	<b3>	<U03D0>	GREEK BETA SYMBOL
4422	<T3>	<U03DA>	GREEK LETTER STIGMA
4423	<M3>	<U03DC>	GREEK LETTER DIGAMMA
4424	<K3>	<U03DE>	GREEK LETTER KOPPA
4425	<P3>	<U03E0>	GREEK LETTER SAMPI
4426	<IO>	<U0401>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER IO
4427	<D%>	<U0402>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER DJE (Serbocroatian)
4428	<G%>	<U0403>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER GJE
4429	<IE>	<U0404>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER UKRAINIAN IE
4430	<DS>	<U0405>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER DZE

4431	<II>	<U0406>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER BYELORUSSIAN-UKRAINIAN I
4432	<YI>	<U0407>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YI (Ukrainian)
4433	<J%>	<U0408>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER JE
4434	<LJ>	<U0409>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER LJE
4435	<NJ>	<U040A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER NJE
4436	<Ts>	<U040B>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER TSHE (Serbocroatian)
4437	<KJ>	<U040C>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER KJE
4438	<V%>	<U040E>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SHORT U (Byelorussian)
4439	<DZ>	<U040F>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER DZHE
4440	<A=>	<U0410>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER A
4441	<B=>	<U0411>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER BE
4442	<V=>	<U0412>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER VE
4443	<G=>	<U0413>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER GHE
4444	<D=>	<U0414>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER DE
4445	<E=>	<U0415>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER IE
4446	<Z%>	<U0416>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER ZHE
4447	<Z=>	<U0417>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER ZE
4448	<I=>	<U0418>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER I
4449	<J=>	<U0419>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SHORT I
4450	<K=>	<U041A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER KA
4451	<L=>	<U041B>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER EL
4452	<M=>	<U041C>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER EM
4453	<N=>	<U041D>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER EN
4454	<O=>	<U041E>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER O
4455	<P=>	<U041F>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER PE
4456	<R=>	<U0420>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER ER
4457	<S=>	<U0421>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER ES
4458	<T=>	<U0422>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER TE
4459	<U=>	<U0423>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER U
4460	<F=>	<U0424>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER EF
4461	<H=>	<U0425>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER HA
4462	<C=>	<U0426>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER TSE
4463	<C%>	<U0427>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER CHE
4464	<S%>	<U0428>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SHA
4465	<SC>	<U0429>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SHCHA
4466	<= '>	<U042A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER HARD SIGN
4467	<Y=>	<U042B>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YERU
4468	<% '>	<U042C>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER SOFT SIGN
4469	<JE>	<U042D>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER E
4470	<JU>	<U042E>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YU
4471	<JA>	<U042F>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YA
4472	<a=>	<U0430>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A
4473	<b=>	<U0431>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER BE
4474	<v=>	<U0432>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER VE
4475	<g=>	<U0433>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GHE
4476	<d=>	<U0434>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DE
4477	<e=>	<U0435>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IE
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4479	<zz>	<U0437>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ZE
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4481	<j=>	<U0439>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SHORT I
4482	<k=>	<U043A>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER KA
4483	<l=>	<U043B>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER EL
4484	<m=>	<U043C>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER EM
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4486	<o=>	<U043E>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER O
4487	<p=>	<U043F>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER PE
4488	<r=>	<U0440>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ER
4489	<s=>	<U0441>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ES
4490	<t=>	<U0442>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER TE
4491	<u=>	<U0443>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER U
4492	<f=>	<U0444>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER EF
4493	<h=>	<U0445>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER HA
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4495	<c%>	<U0447>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER CHE
4496	<s%>	<U0448>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SHA
4497	<SC>	<U0449>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SHCHA
4498	<= '>	<U044A>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER HARD SIGN
4499	<y=>	<U044B>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YERU
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4501	<je>	<U044D>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER E
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4504	<io>	<U0451>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IO
4505	<d%>	<U0452>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DJE (Serbocroatian)
4506	<g%>	<U0453>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GJE
4507	<ie>	<U0454>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER UKRAINIAN IE
4508	<ds>	<U0455>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DZE
4509	<ii>	<U0456>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER BYELORUSSIAN-UKRAINIAN I
4510	<yi>	<U0457>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YI (Ukrainian)
4511	<j%>	<U0458>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER JE
4512	<lj>	<U0459>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER LJE
4513	<nj>	<U045A>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER NJE
4514	<ts>	<U045B>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER TSHE (Serbocroatian)
4515	<kj>	<U045C>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER KJE
4516	<v%>	<U045E>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SHORT U (Byelorussian)
4517	<dz>	<U045F>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DZHE
4518	<Y3>	<U0462>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER YAT

4519	<y3>	<U0463>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YAT
4520	<O3>	<U046A>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER BIG YUS
4521	<o3>	<U046B>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER BIG YUS
4522	<F3>	<U0472>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER FITA
4523	<f3>	<U0473>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER FITA
4524	<V3>	<U0474>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER IZHITSA
4525	<v3>	<U0475>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IZHITSA
4526	<C3>	<U0480>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER KOPPA
4527	<c3>	<U0481>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER KOPPA
4528	<G3>	<U0490>	CYRILLIC CAPITAL LETTER GHE WITH UPTURN
4529	<g3>	<U0491>	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GHE WITH UPTURN
4530	<A+>	<U05D0>	HEBREW LETTER ALEF
4531	<B+>	<U05D1>	HEBREW LETTER BET
4532	<G+>	<U05D2>	HEBREW LETTER GIMEL
4533	<D+>	<U05D3>	HEBREW LETTER DALET
4534	<H+>	<U05D4>	HEBREW LETTER HE
4535	<W+>	<U05D5>	HEBREW LETTER VAV
4536	<Z+>	<U05D6>	HEBREW LETTER ZAYIN
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4538	<Tj>	<U05D8>	HEBREW LETTER TET
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4540	<K%>	<U05DA>	HEBREW LETTER FINAL KAF
4541	<K+>	<U05DB>	HEBREW LETTER KAF
4542	<L+>	<U05DC>	HEBREW LETTER LAMED
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4548	<E+>	<U05E2>	HEBREW LETTER AYIN
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4550	<P+>	<U05E4>	HEBREW LETTER PE
4551	<Zj>	<U05E5>	HEBREW LETTER FINAL TSADI
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4553	<Q+>	<U05E7>	HEBREW LETTER QOF
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4555	<Sh>	<U05E9>	HEBREW LETTER SHIN
4556	<T+>	<U05EA>	HEBREW LETTER TAV
4557	<, +>	<U060C>	ARABIC COMMA
4558	<; +>	<U061B>	ARABIC SEMICOLON
4559	<? +>	<U061F>	ARABIC QUESTION MARK
4560	<H'>	<U0621>	ARABIC LETTER HAMZA
4561	<aM>	<U0622>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH MADDA ABOVE
4562	<aH>	<U0623>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4563	<wH>	<U0624>	ARABIC LETTER WAW WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4564	<ah>	<U0625>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW
4565	<yH>	<U0626>	ARABIC LETTER YEH WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4566	<a+>	<U0627>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF
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4568	<tm>	<U0629>	ARABIC LETTER TEH MARBUTA
4569	<t+>	<U062A>	ARABIC LETTER TEH
4570	<tk>	<U062B>	ARABIC LETTER THEH
4571	<g+>	<U062C>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM
4572	<hk>	<U062D>	ARABIC LETTER HAH
4573	<x+>	<U062E>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH
4574	<d+>	<U062F>	ARABIC LETTER DAL
4575	<dk>	<U0630>	ARABIC LETTER THAL
4576	<r+>	<U0631>	ARABIC LETTER REH
4577	<z+>	<U0632>	ARABIC LETTER ZAIN
4578	<s+>	<U0633>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN
4579	<sn>	<U0634>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN
4580	<c+>	<U0635>	ARABIC LETTER SAD
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4582	<tj>	<U0637>	ARABIC LETTER TAH
4583	<zh>	<U0638>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH
4584	<e+>	<U0639>	ARABIC LETTER AIN
4585	<i+>	<U063A>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN
4586	<++>	<U0640>	ARABIC TATWEEL
4587	<f+>	<U0641>	ARABIC LETTER FEH
4588	<q+>	<U0642>	ARABIC LETTER QAF
4589	<k+>	<U0643>	ARABIC LETTER KAF
4590	<l+>	<U0644>	ARABIC LETTER LAM
4591	<m+>	<U0645>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM
4592	<n+>	<U0646>	ARABIC LETTER NOON
4593	<h+>	<U0647>	ARABIC LETTER HEH
4594	<w+>	<U0648>	ARABIC LETTER WAW
4595	<j+>	<U0649>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF MAKSURA
4596	<y+>	<U064A>	ARABIC LETTER YEH
4597	<: +>	<U064B>	ARABIC FATHATAN
4598	<" +>	<U064C>	ARABIC DAMMATAN
4599	<= +>	<U064D>	ARABIC KASRATAN
4600	</ +>	<U064E>	ARABIC FATHA
4601	<' +>	<U064F>	ARABIC DAMMA
4602	<1+>	<U0650>	ARABIC KASRA
4603	<3+>	<U0651>	ARABIC SHADDA
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4605	<0a>	<U0660>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT ZERO
4606	<1a>	<U0661>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT ONE
4607	<2a>	<U0662>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT TWO

4608	<3a>	<U0663>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT THREE
4609	<4a>	<U0664>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT FOUR
4610	<5a>	<U0665>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT FIVE
4611	<6a>	<U0666>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT SIX
4612	<7a>	<U0667>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT SEVEN
4613	<8a>	<U0668>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT EIGHT
4614	<9a>	<U0669>	ARABIC-INDIC DIGIT NINE
4615	<aS>	<U0670>	ARABIC LETTER SUPERSCRIPT ALEF
4616	<p+>	<U067E>	ARABIC LETTER PEH
4617	<hH>	<U0681>	ARABIC LETTER HAH WITH HAMZA ABOVE
4618	<tC>	<U0686>	ARABIC LETTER TCHEH
4619	<zj>	<U0698>	ARABIC LETTER JEH
4620	<v+>	<U06A4>	ARABIC LETTER VEH
4621	<gF>	<U06AF>	ARABIC LETTER GAF
4622	<A-0>	<U1E00>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING BELOW
4623	<a-0>	<U1E01>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING BELOW
4624	<B->	<U1E02>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH DOT ABOVE
4625	<b->	<U1E03>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH DOT ABOVE
4626	<B-->	<U1E04>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH DOT BELOW
4627	<b-->	<U1E05>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH DOT BELOW
4628	<B->	<U1E06>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH LINE BELOW
4629	<b->	<U1E07>	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH LINE BELOW
4630	<C-'>	<U1E08>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA AND ACUTE
4631	<c-'>	<U1E09>	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA AND ACUTE
4632	<D->	<U1E0A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH DOT ABOVE
4633	<d->	<U1E0B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH DOT ABOVE
4634	<D-->	<U1E0C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH DOT BELOW
4635	<d-->	<U1E0D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH DOT BELOW
4636	<D->	<U1E0E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH LINE BELOW
4637	<d->	<U1E0F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH LINE BELOW
4638	<D->	<U1E10>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CEDILLA
4639	<d,>	<U1E11>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CEDILLA
4640	<D-/>>	<U1E12>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4641	<d-/>>	<U1E13>	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4642	<E-!>	<U1E14>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4643	<e-!>	<U1E15>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4644	<E-'>	<U1E16>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4645	<e-'>	<U1E17>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4646	<E-/>>	<U1E18>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4647	<e-/>>	<U1E19>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4648	<E-?>	<U1E1A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH TILDE BELOW
4649	<e-?>	<U1E1B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH TILDE BELOW
4650	<E,(>	<U1E1C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CEDILLA AND BREVE
4651	<e,(>	<U1E1D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CEDILLA AND BREVE
4652	<F->	<U1E1E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH DOT ABOVE
4653	<f->	<U1E1F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH DOT ABOVE
4654	<G->	<U1E20>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH MACRON
4655	<g->	<U1E21>	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH MACRON
4656	<H->	<U1E22>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DOT ABOVE
4657	<h->	<U1E23>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DOT ABOVE
4658	<H-->	<U1E24>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DOT BELOW
4659	<h-->	<U1E25>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DOT BELOW
4660	<H:>	<U1E26>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DIAERESIS
4661	<h:>	<U1E27>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DIAERESIS
4662	<H,>	<U1E28>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH CEDILLA
4663	<h,>	<U1E29>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH CEDILLA
4664	<H-(>	<U1E2A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH BREVE BELOW
4665	<h-(>	<U1E2B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH BREVE BELOW
4666	<I-?>	<U1E2C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE BELOW
4667	<i-?>	<U1E2D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE BELOW
4668	<I:->	<U1E2E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4669	<i:->	<U1E2F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS AND ACUTE
4670	<K->	<U1E30>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH ACUTE
4671	<k->	<U1E31>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH ACUTE
4672	<K-.->	<U1E32>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH DOT BELOW
4673	<k-.->	<U1E33>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH DOT BELOW
4674	<K->	<U1E34>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH LINE BELOW
4675	<k->	<U1E35>	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH LINE BELOW
4676	<L-.->	<U1E36>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW
4677	<l-.->	<U1E37>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW
4678	<L--.>	<U1E38>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4679	<l--.>	<U1E39>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4680	<L->	<U1E3A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH LINE BELOW
4681	<l->	<U1E3B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH LINE BELOW
4682	<L-/>>	<U1E3C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4683	<l-/>>	<U1E3D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4684	<M->	<U1E3E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH ACUTE
4685	<m->	<U1E3F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH ACUTE
4686	<M->	<U1E40>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH DOT ABOVE
4687	<m->	<U1E41>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH DOT ABOVE
4688	<M->	<U1E42>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH DOT BELOW
4689	<m->	<U1E43>	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH DOT BELOW
4690	<N->	<U1E44>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH DOT ABOVE
4691	<n->	<U1E45>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH DOT ABOVE
4692	<N-->	<U1E46>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH DOT BELOW
4693	<n-->	<U1E47>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH DOT BELOW
4694	<N->	<U1E48>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH LINE BELOW
4695	<n->	<U1E49>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LINE BELOW

4696	<N-/>	<U1E4A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4697	<n-/>	<U1E4B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4698	<O?'>	<U1E4C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4699	<o?'>	<U1E4D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4700	<O?:>	<U1E4E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND DIAERESIS
4701	<o?:>	<U1E4F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE AND DIAERESIS
4702	<O-!>	<U1E50>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4703	<o-!>	<U1E51>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND GRAVE
4704	<O-'>	<U1E52>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4705	<o-'>	<U1E53>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
4706	<P'>	<U1E54>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH ACUTE
4707	<p'>	<U1E55>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH ACUTE
4708	<P.>	<U1E56>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH DOT ABOVE
4709	<p.>	<U1E57>	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH DOT ABOVE
4710	<R.>	<U1E58>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT ABOVE
4711	<r.>	<U1E59>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT ABOVE
4712	<R-.>	<U1E5A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW
4713	<r-.>	<U1E5B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW
4714	<R--.>	<U1E5C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4715	<r--.>	<U1E5D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW AND MACRON
4716	<R_>	<U1E5E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH LINE BELOW
4717	<r_>	<U1E5F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH LINE BELOW
4718	<S.>	<U1E60>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT ABOVE
4719	<s.>	<U1E61>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT ABOVE
4720	<S-.>	<U1E62>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW
4721	<s-.>	<U1E63>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW
4722	<S'.>	<U1E64>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE AND DOT ABOVE
4723	<s'.>	<U1E65>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE AND DOT ABOVE
4724	<S<.>	<U1E66>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON AND DOT ABOVE
4725	<s<.>	<U1E67>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON AND DOT ABOVE
4726	<S-.>	<U1E68>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW AND DOT ABOVE
4727	<s-.>	<U1E69>	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW AND DOT ABOVE
4728	<T.>	<U1E6A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH DOT ABOVE
4729	<t.>	<U1E6B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH DOT ABOVE
4730	<T-.>	<U1E6C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH DOT BELOW
4731	<t-.>	<U1E6D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH DOT BELOW
4732	<T_>	<U1E6E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH LINE BELOW
4733	<t_>	<U1E6F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH LINE BELOW
4734	<T-/>	<U1E70>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4735	<t-/>	<U1E71>	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4736	<U--:>	<U1E72>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS BELOW
4737	<u--:>	<U1E73>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS BELOW
4738	<U-?>	<U1E74>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE BELOW
4739	<u-?>	<U1E75>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE BELOW
4740	<U-/>	<U1E76>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4741	<u-/>	<U1E77>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW
4742	<U?'>	<U1E78>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4743	<u?'>	<U1E79>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE AND ACUTE
4744	<U-:>	<U1E7A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND DIAERESIS
4745	<u-:>	<U1E7B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND DIAERESIS
4746	<V?>	<U1E7C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH TILDE
4747	<v?>	<U1E7D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH TILDE
4748	<V-.>	<U1E7E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH DOT BELOW
4749	<v-.>	<U1E7F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DOT BELOW
4750	<W!>	<U1E80>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH GRAVE
4751	<w!>	<U1E81>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH GRAVE
4752	<W'>	<U1E82>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH ACUTE
4753	<w'>	<U1E83>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH ACUTE
4754	<W:>	<U1E84>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DIAERESIS
4755	<w:>	<U1E85>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DIAERESIS
4756	<W.>	<U1E86>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOT ABOVE
4757	<w.>	<U1E87>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOT ABOVE
4758	<W-.>	<U1E88>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOT BELOW
4759	<w-.>	<U1E89>	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOT BELOW
4760	<X.>	<U1E8A>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X WITH DOT ABOVE
4761	<x.>	<U1E8B>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH DOT ABOVE
4762	<X:>	<U1E8C>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X WITH DIAERESIS
4763	<x:>	<U1E8D>	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH DIAERESIS
4764	<Y.>	<U1E8E>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE
4765	<y.>	<U1E8F>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE
4766	<Z-/>	<U1E90>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4767	<z-/>	<U1E91>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CIRCUMFLEX
4768	<Z-.>	<U1E92>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT BELOW
4769	<z-.>	<U1E93>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT BELOW
4770	<Z_.>	<U1E94>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH LINE BELOW
4771	<z_.>	<U1E95>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH LINE BELOW
4772	<A-.>	<U1EA0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT BELOW
4773	<a-.>	<U1EA1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT BELOW
4774	<A2>	<U1EA2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH HOOK ABOVE
4775	<a2>	<U1EA3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH HOOK ABOVE
4776	<A/>'>	<U1EA4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4777	<a/>'>	<U1EA5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4778	<A/>!>	<U1EA6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4779	<a/>!>	<U1EA7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4780	<A/>2>	<U1EA8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4781	<a/>2>	<U1EA9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4782	<A/>?>	<U1EAA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4783	<a/>?>	<U1EAB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4784	<A/>-.>	<U1EAC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW

4785	<a/>-.>	<U1EAD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4786	<A(')>	<U1EAE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND ACUTE
4787	<a(')>	<U1EAF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND ACUTE
4788	<A(!)>	<U1EB0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND GRAVE
4789	<a(!)>	<U1EB1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND GRAVE
4790	<A(2)>	<U1EB2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND HOOK ABOVE
4791	<a(2)>	<U1EB3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND HOOK ABOVE
4792	<A(?)>	<U1EB4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND TILDE
4793	<a(?)>	<U1EB5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND TILDE
4794	<A(-)>	<U1EB6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND DOT BELOW
4795	<a(-)>	<U1EB7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND DOT BELOW
4796	<E->	<U1EB8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT BELOW
4797	<e->	<U1EB9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT BELOW
4798	<E2>	<U1EBA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH HOOK ABOVE
4799	<e2>	<U1EBB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH HOOK ABOVE
4800	<E?>	<U1EBC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH TILDE
4801	<e?>	<U1EBD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH TILDE
4802	<E/-'>	<U1EBE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4803	<e/-'>	<U1EBF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4804	<E/-!>	<U1EC0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4805	<e/-!>	<U1EC1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4806	<E/-2>	<U1EC2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4807	<e/-2>	<U1EC3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4808	<E/-?>	<U1EC4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4809	<e/-?>	<U1EC5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4810	<E/-.->	<U1EC6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4811	<e/-.->	<U1EC7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4812	<I2>	<U1EC8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH HOOK ABOVE
4813	<i2>	<U1EC9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH HOOK ABOVE
4814	<I-.>	<U1ECA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT BELOW
4815	<i-.>	<U1ECB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOT BELOW
4816	<O-.>	<U1ECC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOT BELOW
4817	<o-.>	<U1ECD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOT BELOW
4818	<O2>	<U1ECE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HOOK ABOVE
4819	<o2>	<U1ECF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HOOK ABOVE
4820	<O/-'>	<U1ED0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4821	<o/-'>	<U1ED1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND ACUTE
4822	<O/-!>	<U1ED2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4823	<o/-!>	<U1ED3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND GRAVE
4824	<O/-2>	<U1ED4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4825	<o/-2>	<U1ED5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND HOOK ABOVE
4826	<O/-?>	<U1ED6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4827	<o/-?>	<U1ED7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND TILDE
4828	<O/-.->	<U1ED8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4829	<o/-.->	<U1ED9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX AND DOT BELOW
4830	<O9'>	<U1EDA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4831	<o9'>	<U1EDB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4832	<O9!>	<U1EDC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4833	<o9!>	<U1EDD>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4834	<O92>	<U1EDE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4835	<o92>	<U1EDF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4836	<O9?>	<U1EE0>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND TILDE
4837	<O9?>	<U1EE1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND TILDE
4838	<O9-.>	<U1EE2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4839	<o9-.>	<U1EE3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4840	<U-.>	<U1EE4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW
4841	<u-.>	<U1EE5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW
4842	<U2>	<U1EE6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HOOK ABOVE
4843	<u2>	<U1EE7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HOOK ABOVE
4844	<U9'>	<U1EE8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4845	<u9'>	<U1EE9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND ACUTE
4846	<U91!>	<U1EEA>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4847	<u91!>	<U1EEB>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND GRAVE
4848	<U92>	<U1ECC>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4849	<u92>	<U1EED>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND HOOK ABOVE
4850	<U9?>	<U1EEE>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND TILDE
4851	<u9?>	<U1EEF>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND TILDE
4852	<U9-.>	<U1EFO>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4853	<u9-.>	<U1EF1>	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HORN AND DOT BELOW
4854	<Y!>	<U1EF2>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH GRAVE
4855	<y!>	<U1EF3>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH GRAVE
4856	<Y-.>	<U1EF4>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT BELOW
4857	<y-.>	<U1EF5>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT BELOW
4858	<Y2>	<U1EF6>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH HOOK ABOVE
4859	<y2>	<U1EF7>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH HOOK ABOVE
4860	<Y?>	<U1EF8>	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH TILDE
4861	<y?>	<U1EF9>	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH TILDE
4862	<a*,>	<U1F00>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI
4863	<a*,;>	<U1F01>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA
4864	<a*,!>	<U1F02>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4865	<a*,!>	<U1F03>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4866	<a*, '>	<U1F04>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4867	<a*,;*>	<U1F05>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4868	<a*,?>	<U1F06>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4869	<a*,?>	<U1F07>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4870	<A*,>	<U1F08>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI
4871	<A*,>	<U1F09>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA
4872	<A*,,!>	<U1F0A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA

4873	<A*; !>	<U1F0B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4874	<A*; '>	<U1F0C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4875	<A*; '>	<U1F0D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4876	<A*; ?>	<U1F0E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4877	<A*; ?>	<U1F0F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4878	<e*; ,>	<U1F10>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI
4879	<e*; >	<U1F11>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA
4880	<e*; !>	<U1F12>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4881	<e*; !>	<U1F13>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4882	<e*; ,>	<U1F14>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4883	<e*; ,>	<U1F15>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4884	<E*; ,>	<U1F18>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI
4885	<E*; >	<U1F19>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA
4886	<E*; !>	<U1F1A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4887	<E*; !>	<U1F1B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4888	<E*; ,>	<U1F1C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4889	<E*; ?>	<U1F1D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4890	<y*; ,>	<U1F20>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI
4891	<y*; >	<U1F21>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA
4892	<y*; !>	<U1F22>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4893	<y*; ?>	<U1F23>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4894	<y*; ,>	<U1F24>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4895	<y*; ?>	<U1F25>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4896	<y*; ?>	<U1F26>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4897	<y*; ?>	<U1F27>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4898	<Y*; ,>	<U1F28>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI
4899	<Y*; >	<U1F29>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA
4900	<Y*; !>	<U1F2A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4901	<Y*; !>	<U1F2B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4902	<Y*; ,>	<U1F2C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4903	<Y*; ?>	<U1F2D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4904	<Y*; ?>	<U1F2E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4905	<Y*; ?>	<U1F2F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4906	<i*; ,>	<U1F30>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI
4907	<i*; >	<U1F31>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA
4908	<i*; !>	<U1F32>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4909	<i*; !>	<U1F33>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4910	<i*; ,>	<U1F34>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4911	<i*; ?>	<U1F35>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4912	<i*; ?>	<U1F36>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4913	<i*; ?>	<U1F37>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4914	<I*; ,>	<U1F38>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI
4915	<I*; >	<U1F39>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA
4916	<I*; !>	<U1F3A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4917	<I*; !>	<U1F3B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4918	<I*; ,>	<U1F3C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4919	<I*; ?>	<U1F3D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4920	<I*; ?>	<U1F3E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4921	<I*; ?>	<U1F3F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4922	<o*; ,>	<U1F40>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI
4923	<o*; >	<U1F41>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA
4924	<o*; !>	<U1F42>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4925	<o*; !>	<U1F43>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4926	<o*; ,>	<U1F44>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4927	<o*; ?>	<U1F45>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4928	<o*; ,>	<U1F48>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI
4929	<o*; >	<U1F49>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA
4930	<o*; !>	<U1F4A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4931	<o*; !>	<U1F4B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4932	<o*; ,>	<U1F4C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4933	<o*; ?>	<U1F4D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4934	<u*; ,>	<U1F50>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI
4935	<u*; >	<U1F51>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA
4936	<u*; !>	<U1F52>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4937	<u*; !>	<U1F53>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4938	<u*; ,>	<U1F54>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4939	<u*; ?>	<U1F55>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4940	<u*; ?>	<U1F56>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4941	<u*; ?>	<U1F57>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4942	<U*; >	<U1F59>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA
4943	<U*; !>	<U1F5B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4944	<U*; ?>	<U1F5D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4945	<U*; ?>	<U1F5F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4946	<w*; ,>	<U1F60>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI
4947	<w*; >	<U1F61>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA
4948	<w*; !>	<U1F62>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4949	<w*; ?>	<U1F63>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4950	<w*; ,>	<U1F64>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4951	<w*; ?>	<U1F65>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4952	<w*; ?>	<U1F66>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4953	<w*; ?>	<U1F67>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
4954	<w*; ,>	<U1F68>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI
4955	<w*; >	<U1F69>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA
4956	<w*; !>	<U1F6A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA
4957	<w*; ?>	<U1F6B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA
4958	<w*; ,>	<U1F6C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA
4959	<w*; ?>	<U1F6D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA
4960	<w*; ?>	<U1F6E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
4961	<w*; ?>	<U1F6F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI

4962	<a*!>	<U1F70>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH VARIA
4963	<a*>	<U1F71>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH OXIA
4964	<e*!>	<U1F72>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH VARIA
4965	<e*>	<U1F73>	GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH OXIA
4966	<y*!>	<U1F74>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH VARIA
4967	<y*>	<U1F75>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH OXIA
4968	<i*!>	<U1F76>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH VARIA
4969	<i*>	<U1F77>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH OXIA
4970	<o*!>	<U1F78>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH VARIA
4971	<o*>	<U1F79>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH OXIA
4972	<u*!>	<U1F7A>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH VARIA
4973	<u*>	<U1F7B>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH OXIA
4974	<w*!>	<U1F7C>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH VARIA
4975	<w*>	<U1F7D>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH OXIA
4976	<a*,j>	<U1F80>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4977	<a*:j>	<U1F81>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4978	<a*,!j>	<U1F82>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4979	<a*:!j>	<U1F83>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4980	<a*,'j>	<U1F84>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4981	<a*:,'j>	<U1F85>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4982	<a*,?j>	<U1F86>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4983	<a*:?j>	<U1F87>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4984	<A*,J>	<U1F88>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4985	<A*:J>	<U1F89>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4986	<A*,!J>	<U1F8A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4987	<A*:!J>	<U1F8B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4988	<A*,,'J>	<U1F8C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4989	<A*,,'!J>	<U1F8D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4990	<A*,?J>	<U1F8E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4991	<A*:?J>	<U1F8F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
4992	<y*,J>	<U1F90>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4993	<y*:j>	<U1F91>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4994	<y*,!j>	<U1F92>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4995	<y*:,!j>	<U1F93>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4996	<y*,'j>	<U1F94>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4997	<y*,,'j>	<U1F95>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4998	<y*,?j>	<U1F96>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
4999	<y*:?j>	<U1F97>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5000	<Y*,J>	<U1F98>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5001	<Y*:J>	<U1F99>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5002	<Y*,!J>	<U1F9A>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5003	<Y*,!J>	<U1F9B>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5004	<Y*,,'J>	<U1F9C>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5005	<Y*,,'!J>	<U1F9D>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5006	<Y*,?J>	<U1F9E>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5007	<Y*:?J>	<U1F9F>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5008	<w*,J>	<U1FA0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5009	<w*:j>	<U1FA1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5010	<w*,!j>	<U1FA2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5011	<w*:,!j>	<U1FA3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5012	<w*,'j>	<U1FA4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5013	<w*,,'j>	<U1FA5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5014	<w*,?j>	<U1FA6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5015	<w*:?j>	<U1FA7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5016	<W*,J>	<U1FA8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5017	<W*:J>	<U1FA9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5018	<W*,!J>	<U1FAA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5019	<W*,,'J>	<U1FAB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND VARIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5020	<W*,,'!J>	<U1FAC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5021	<W*:,'!J>	<U1FAD>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND OXIA AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5022	<W*,?J>	<U1FAE>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PSILI AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5023	<W*:?J>	<U1FAF>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH DASIA AND PERISPOMENI AND PROSGEGRAMMENI
5024	<a*(>	<U1FB0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH VRACHY
5025	<a*->	<U1FB1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH MACRON
5026	<a*!j>	<U1FB2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5027	<a*!j>	<U1FB3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH YPOGEGRAMMENI
5028	<a*'j>	<U1FB4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5029	<a*?>	<U1FB6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PERISPOMENI
5030	<a*?j>	<U1FB7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5031	<A*(>	<U1FB8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH VRACHY
5032	<A*->	<U1FB9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH MACRON
5033	<A*!>	<U1FBA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH VARIA
5034	<A*'>	<U1FBBA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH OXIA
5035	<A*J>	<U1FBC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH PROSGEGRAMMENI
5036	<)*>	<U1FBD>	GREEK KORONIS
5037	<J3>	<U1FBE>	GREEK PROSGEGRAMMENI
5038	<,,>	<U1FBF>	GREEK PSILI
5039	<?* *>	<U1FC0>	GREEK PERISPOMENI
5040	<?:>	<U1FC1>	GREEK DIALYTIKA AND PERISPOMENI
5041	<y*!j>	<U1FC2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5042	<y*!j>	<U1FC3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH YPOGEGRAMMENI
5043	<y*'j>	<U1FC4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5044	<y*?>	<U1FC6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PERISPOMENI
5045	<y*?j>	<U1FC7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5046	<E*! !>	<U1FC8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH VARIA
5047	<E*!>	<U1FC9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH OXIA
5048	<Y*!>	<U1FCA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH VARIA
5049	<Y*'>	<U1FCB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH OXIA

5050	<Y*J>	<U1FCC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH PROSGEGRAMMENI
5051	<, !>	<U1FCB>	GREEK PSILI AND VARIA
5052	<, ' >	<U1FCE>	GREEK PSILI AND OXIA
5053	<?, >	<U1FCF>	GREEK PSILI AND PERISPOMENI
5054	<i*()>	<U1FD0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH VRACHY
5055	<i*->	<U1FD1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH MACRON
5056	<i*!: !>	<U1FD2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND VARIA
5057	<i*': '>	<U1FD3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND OXIA
5058	<i*?>	<U1FD6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH PERISPOMENI
5059	<i*?: ?>	<U1FD7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND PERISPOMENI
5060	<I*()>	<U1FD8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH VRACHY
5061	<I*->	<U1FD9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH MACRON
5062	<I*!>	<U1FDA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH VARIA
5063	<I*'->	<U1FDB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH OXIA
5064	<; !>	<U1FDD>	GREEK DASIA AND VARIA
5065	<; ' >	<U1FDE>	GREEK DASIA AND OXIA
5066	<?;/>	<U1FDF>	GREEK DASIA AND PERISPOMENI
5067	<u*()>	<U1FE0>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH VRACHY
5068	<u*->	<U1FE1>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH MACRON
5069	<u*: !>	<U1FE2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND VARIA
5070	<u*: '->	<U1FE3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND OXIA
5071	<r*, >	<U1FE4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO WITH PSILI
5072	<r*;/>	<U1FE5>	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO WITH DASIA
5073	<u*?>	<U1FE6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH PERISPOMENI
5074	<u*?: ?>	<U1FE7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND PERISPOMENI
5075	<U*()>	<U1FE8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH VRACHY
5076	<U*->	<U1FE9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH MACRON
5077	<U*!>	<U1FEA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH VARIA
5078	<U*'/>	<U1FEB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH OXIA
5079	<R*;/>	<U1FEC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER RHO WITH DASIA
5080	<!,:, >	<U1FED>	GREEK DIALYTIKA AND VARIA
5081	<:, ' >	<U1FEE>	GREEK DIALYTIKA AND OXIA
5082	<!, *>	<U1FEF>	GREEK VARIA
5083	<w*! j>	<U1FF2>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH VARIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5084	<w*' j>	<U1FF3>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH YPOGEGRAMMENI
5085	<w*' j>	<U1FF4>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH OXIA AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5086	<w*? j>	<U1FF6>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PERISPOMENI
5087	<w*? j>	<U1FF7>	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH PERISPOMENI AND YPOGEGRAMMENI
5088	<O*!>	<U1FF8>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH VARIA
5089	<O*'/>	<U1FF9>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH OXIA
5090	<W*!>	<U1FFA>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH VARIA
5091	<W*'/>	<U1FFB>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH OXIA
5092	<W*J>	<U1FFC>	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH PROSGEGRAMMENI
5093	<///*>	<U1FFD>	GREEK OXIA
5094	<; ;>	<U1FFE>	GREEK DASIA
5095	<1N>	<U2002>	EN SPACE
5096	<1M>	<U2003>	EM SPACE
5097	<3M>	<U2004>	THREE-PER-EM SPACE
5098	<4M>	<U2005>	FOUR-PER-EM SPACE
5099	<6M>	<U2006>	SIX-PER-EM SPACE
5100	<LR>	<U200E>	LEFT-TO-RIGHT MARK
5101	<RL>	<U200F>	RIGHT-TO-LEFT MARK
5102	<1T>	<U2009>	THIN SPACE
5103	<1H>	<U200A>	HAIR SPACE
5104	<-1>	<U2010>	HYPHEN
5105	<-N>	<U2013>	EN DASH
5106	<-M>	<U2014>	EM DASH
5107	<-3>	<U2015>	HORIZONTAL BAR
5108	<! 2>	<U2016>	DOUBLE VERTICAL LINE
5109	<=2>	<U2017>	DOUBLE LOW LINE
5110	<' 6>	<U2018>	LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
5111	<' 9>	<U2019>	RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
5112	<. 9>	<U201A>	SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK
5113	<9'>	<U201B>	SINGLE HIGH-REVERSED-9 QUOTATION MARK
5114	<" 6>	<U201C>	LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
5115	<" 9>	<U201D>	RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
5116	<: 9>	<U201E>	DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK
5117	<9">	<U201F>	DOUBLE HIGH-REVERSED-9 QUOTATION MARK
5118	<//-->	<U2020>	DAGGER
5119	<//==>	<U2021>	DOUBLE DAGGER
5120	<sb>	<U2022>	BULLET
5121	<3b>	<U2023>	TRIANGULAR BULLET
5122	<..>	<U2025>	TWO DOT LEADER
5123	<. 3>	<U2026>	HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS
5124	<.->	<U2027>	HYPHENATION POINT
5125	<linesep>	<U2028>	LINE SEPARATOR
5126	<parsep>	<U2029>	PARAGRAPH SEPARATOR
5127	<% 0>	<U2030>	PER MILLE SIGN
5128	<1'>	<U2032>	PRIME
5129	<2'>	<U2033>	DOUBLE PRIME
5130	<3'>	<U2034>	TRIPLE PRIME
5131	<1">	<U2035>	REVERSED PRIME
5132	<2">	<U2036>	REVERSED DOUBLE PRIME
5133	<3">	<U2037>	REVERSED TRIPLE PRIME
5134	<Ca>	<U2038>	CARET
5135	<<1>	<U2039>	SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
5136	</>1>	<U203A>	SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
5137	<: X>	<U203B>	REFERENCE MARK
5138	<! 2>	<U203C>	DOUBLE EXCLAMATION MARK

5139	<'->	<U203E>	OVERLINE
5140	<-b>	<U2043>	HYPHEN BULLET
5141	</f>	<U2044>	FRACTION SLASH
5142	<0S>	<U2070>	SUPERSCRIPT ZERO
5143	<4S>	<U2074>	SUPERSCRIPT FOUR
5144	<5S>	<U2075>	SUPERSCRIPT FIVE
5145	<6S>	<U2076>	SUPERSCRIPT SIX
5146	<7S>	<U2077>	SUPERSCRIPT SEVEN
5147	<8S>	<U2078>	SUPERSCRIPT EIGHT
5148	<9S>	<U2079>	SUPERSCRIPT NINE
5149	<+S>	<U207A>	SUPERSCRIPT PLUS SIGN
5150	<-S>	<U207B>	SUPERSCRIPT MINUS
5151	<=S>	<U207C>	SUPERSCRIPT EQUALS SIGN
5152	<(S>	<U207D>	SUPERSCRIPT LEFT PARENTHESIS
5153	<)S>	<U207E>	SUPERSCRIPT RIGHT PARENTHESIS
5154	<nS>	<U207F>	SUPERSCRIPT LATIN SMALL LETTER N
5155	<0s>	<U2080>	SUBSCRIPT ZERO
5156	<1s>	<U2081>	SUBSCRIPT ONE
5157	<2s>	<U2082>	SUBSCRIPT TWO
5158	<3s>	<U2083>	SUBSCRIPT THREE
5159	<4s>	<U2084>	SUBSCRIPT FOUR
5160	<5s>	<U2085>	SUBSCRIPT FIVE
5161	<6s>	<U2086>	SUBSCRIPT SIX
5162	<7s>	<U2087>	SUBSCRIPT SEVEN
5163	<8s>	<U2088>	SUBSCRIPT EIGHT
5164	<9s>	<U2089>	SUBSCRIPT NINE
5165	<+s>	<U208A>	SUBSCRIPT PLUS SIGN
5166	<-s>	<U208B>	SUBSCRIPT MINUS
5167	<=s>	<U208C>	SUBSCRIPT EQUALS SIGN
5168	<(s>	<U208D>	SUBSCRIPT LEFT PARENTHESIS
5169	<)s>	<U208E>	SUBSCRIPT RIGHT PARENTHESIS
5170	<Ff>	<U20A3>	FRENCH FRANC SIGN
5171	<Ll>	<U20A4>	LIRA SIGN
5172	<Pt>	<U20A7>	PESETA SIGN
5173	<W=gt;	<U20A9>	WON SIGN
5174	<"7>	<U20D1>	COMBINING RIGHT HARPOON ABOVE
5175	<oC>	<U2103>	DEGREE CELSIUS
5176	<co>	<U2105>	CARE OF
5177	<oF>	<U2109>	DEGREE FAHRENHEIT
5178	<N0>	<U2116>	NUMERO SIGN
5179	<PO>	<U2117>	SOUND RECORDING COPYRIGHT
5180	<Rx>	<U211E>	PRESCRIPTION TAKE
5181	<SM>	<U2120>	SERVICE MARK
5182	<TM>	<U2122>	TRADE MARK SIGN
5183	<Om>	<U2126>	OHM SIGN
5184	<AO>	<U212B>	ANGSTROM SIGN
5185	<Est>	<U212E>	ESTIMATED SYMBOL
5186	<13>	<U2153>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE THIRD
5187	<23>	<U2154>	VULGAR FRACTION TWO THIRDS
5188	<15>	<U2155>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE FIFTH
5189	<25>	<U2156>	VULGAR FRACTION TWO FIFTHS
5190	<35>	<U2157>	VULGAR FRACTION THREE FIFTHS
5191	<45>	<U2158>	VULGAR FRACTION FOUR FIFTHS
5192	<16>	<U2159>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE SIXTH
5193	<56>	<U215A>	VULGAR FRACTION FIVE SIXTHS
5194	<18>	<U215B>	VULGAR FRACTION ONE EIGHTH
5195	<38>	<U215C>	VULGAR FRACTION THREE EIGHTHS
5196	<58>	<U215D>	VULGAR FRACTION FIVE EIGHTHS
5197	<78>	<U215E>	VULGAR FRACTION SEVEN EIGHTHS
5198	<1R>	<U2160>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE
5199	<2R>	<U2161>	ROMAN NUMERAL TWO
5200	<3R>	<U2162>	ROMAN NUMERAL THREE
5201	<4R>	<U2163>	ROMAN NUMERAL FOUR
5202	<5R>	<U2164>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE
5203	<6R>	<U2165>	ROMAN NUMERAL SIX
5204	<7R>	<U2166>	ROMAN NUMERAL SEVEN
5205	<8R>	<U2167>	ROMAN NUMERAL EIGHT
5206	<9R>	<U2168>	ROMAN NUMERAL NINE
5207	<aR>	<U2169>	ROMAN NUMERAL TEN
5208	 	<U216A>	ROMAN NUMERAL ELEVEN
5209	<cr>	<U216B>	ROMAN NUMERAL TWELVE
5210	<50R>	<U216C>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIFTY
5211	<100R>	<U216D>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE HUNDRED
5212	<500R>	<U216E>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE HUNDRED
5213	<1000R>	<U216F>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND
5214	<1z>	<U2170>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ONE
5215	<2z>	<U2171>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL TWO
5216	<3z>	<U2172>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL THREE
5217	<4z>	<U2173>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FOUR
5218	<5z>	<U2174>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE
5219	<6z>	<U2175>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL SIX
5220	<7z>	<U2176>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL SEVEN
5221	<8z>	<U2177>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL EIGHT
5222	<9z>	<U2178>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL NINE
5223	<az>	<U2179>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL TEN
5224	 	<U217A>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ELEVEN
5225	<cr>	<U217B>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL TWELVE
5226	<50r>	<U217C>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FIFTY

5227	<100r>	<U217D>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ONE HUNDRED
5228	<500r>	<U217E>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE HUNDRED
5229	<1000r>	<U217F>	SMALL ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND
5230	<1000RCD>	<U2180>	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND C D
5231	<5000r>	<U2181>	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE THOUSAND
5232	<10000r>	<U2182>	ROMAN NUMERAL TEN THOUSAND
5233	<<->>	<U2190>	LEFTWARDS ARROW
5234	<-!>	<U2191>	UPWARDS ARROW
5235	<-//>>	<U2192>	RIGHTWARDS ARROW
5236	<-v>	<U2193>	DOWNTWARDS ARROW
5237	<</>>	<U2194>	LEFT RIGHT ARROW
5238	<UD>	<U2195>	UP DOWN ARROW
5239	<<!>>	<U2196>	NORTH WEST ARROW
5240	<///>>>	<U2197>	NORTH EAST ARROW
5241	<!>>>	<U2198>	SOUTH EAST ARROW
5242	<<///>>	<U2199>	SOUTH WEST ARROW
5243	<UD->	<U21A8>	UP DOWN ARROW WITH BASE
5244	</>V>	<U21C0>	RIGHTWARDS HARPOON WITH BARB UPWARDS
5245	<<=>>	<U21D0>	LEFTWARDS DOUBLE ARROW
5246	<=//>>	<U21D2>	RIGHTWARDS DOUBLE ARROW
5247	<==>>	<U21D4>	LEFT RIGHT DOUBLE ARROW
5248	<FA>	<U2200>	FOR ALL
5249	<dP>	<U2202>	PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL
5250	<TE>	<U2203>	THERE EXISTS
5251	</>0>	<U2205>	EMPTY SET
5252	<DE>	<U2206>	INCREMENT
5253	<NB>	<U2207>	NABLA
5254	<(>->	<U2208>	ELEMENT OF
5255	<->	<U220B>	CONTAINS AS MEMBER
5256	<FP>	<U220E>	END OF PROOF
5257	<*P>	<U220F>	N-ARY PRODUCT
5258	<+Z>	<U2211>	N-ARY SUMMATION
5259	<-2>	<U2212>	MINUS SIGN
5260	<-+>	<U2213>	MINUS-OR-PLUS SIGN
5261	<.++>	<U2214>	DOT PLUS
5262	<*->	<U2217>	ASTERISK OPERATOR
5263	<Ob>	<U2218>	RING OPERATOR
5264	<Sb>	<U2219>	BULLET OPERATOR
5265	<RT>	<U221A>	SQUARE ROOT
5266	<0(>	<U221D>	PROPORTIONAL TO
5267	<00>	<U221E>	INFINITY
5268	<-L>	<U221F>	RIGHT ANGLE
5269	<-V>	<U2220>	ANGLE
5270	<PP>	<U2225>	PARALLEL TO
5271	<AN>	<U2227>	LOGICAL AND
5272	<OR>	<U2228>	LOGICAL OR
5273	<(U>	<U2229>	INTERSECTION
5274	<)U>	<U222A>	UNION
5275	<In>	<U222B>	INTEGRAL
5276	<DI>	<U222C>	DOUBLE INTEGRAL
5277	<Io>	<U222E>	CONTOUR INTEGRAL
5278	<.:>	<U2234>	THEREFORE
5279	<.:>	<U2235>	BECAUSE
5280	<:R>	<U2236>	RATIO
5281	<::>	<U2237>	PROPORTION
5282	<?1>	<U223C>	TILDE OPERATOR
5283	<CG>	<U223E>	INVERTED LAZY S
5284	<?->	<U2243>	ASYMPTOTICALLY EQUAL TO
5285	<?=>	<U2245>	APPROXIMATELY EQUAL TO
5286	<?2>	<U2248>	ALMOST EQUAL TO
5287	<=?>	<U224C>	ALL EQUAL TO
5288	<HI>	<U2253>	IMAGE OF OR APPROXIMATELY EQUAL TO
5289	<!>=	<U2260>	NOT EQUAL TO
5290	<=3>	<U2261>	IDENTICAL TO
5291	<=<>	<U2264>	LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO
5292	</>=>	<U2265>	GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO
5293	<*>	<U226A>	MUCH LESS-THAN
5294	<*/>>	<U226B>	MUCH GREATER-THAN
5295	<!><>	<U226E>	NOT LESS-THAN
5296	<!><>	<U226F>	NOT GREATER-THAN
5297	<(C>	<U2282>	SUBSET OF
5298	<)C>	<U2283>	SUPERSET OF
5299	<(_>	<U2286>	SUBSET OF OR EQUAL TO
5300	<_)>	<U2287>	SUPERSET OF OR EQUAL TO
5301	<0.>	<U2299>	CIRCLED DOT OPERATOR
5302	<02>	<U229A>	CIRCLED RING OPERATOR
5303	<-T>	<U22A5>	UP TACK
5304	<.P>	<U22C5>	DOT OPERATOR
5305	<:3>	<U22EE>	VERTICAL ELLIPSIS
5306	<Eh>	<U2302>	HOUSE
5307	<<7>	<U2308>	LEFT CEILING
5308	</>7>	<U2309>	RIGHT CEILING
5309	<7<>	<U230A>	LEFT FLOOR
5310	<7/>>	<U230B>	RIGHT FLOOR
5311	<NI>	<U2310>	REVERSED NOT SIGN
5312	<(A>	<U2312>	ARC
5313	<TR>	<U2315>	TELEPHONE RECORDER
5314	<88>	<U2318>	PLACE OF INTEREST SIGN
5315	<Iu>	<U2320>	TOP HALF INTEGRAL

5316	<I1>	<U2321>	BOTTOM HALF INTEGRAL
5317	<<//>	<U2329>	LEFT-POINTING ANGLE BRACKET
5318	<///>>	<U232A>	RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE BRACKET
5319	<Vs>	<U2423>	OPEN BOX
5320	<1h>	<U2440>	OCR HOOK
5321	<3h>	<U2441>	OCR CHAIR
5322	<2h>	<U2442>	OCR FORK
5323	<4h>	<U2443>	OCR INVERTED FORK
5324	<1j>	<U2446>	OCR BRANCH BANK IDENTIFICATION
5325	<2j>	<U2447>	OCR AMOUNT OF CHECK
5326	<3j>	<U2448>	OCR DASH
5327	<4j>	<U2449>	OCR CUSTOMER ACCOUNT NUMBER
5328	<1-o>	<U2460>	CIRCLED DIGIT ONE
5329	<2-o>	<U2461>	CIRCLED DIGIT TWO
5330	<3-o>	<U2462>	CIRCLED DIGIT THREE
5331	<4-o>	<U2463>	CIRCLED DIGIT FOUR
5332	<5-o>	<U2464>	CIRCLED DIGIT FIVE
5333	<6-o>	<U2465>	CIRCLED DIGIT SIX
5334	<7-o>	<U2466>	CIRCLED DIGIT SEVEN
5335	<8-o>	<U2467>	CIRCLED DIGIT EIGHT
5336	<9-o>	<U2468>	CIRCLED DIGIT NINE
5337	<10-o>	<U2469>	CIRCLED NUMBER TEN
5338	<11-o>	<U246A>	CIRCLED NUMBER ELEVEN
5339	<12-o>	<U246B>	CIRCLED NUMBER TWELVE
5340	<13-o>	<U246C>	CIRCLED NUMBER THIRTEEN
5341	<14-o>	<U246D>	CIRCLED NUMBER FOURTEEN
5342	<15-o>	<U246E>	CIRCLED NUMBER FIFTEEN
5343	<16-o>	<U246F>	CIRCLED NUMBER SIXTEEN
5344	<17-o>	<U2470>	CIRCLED NUMBER SEVENTEEN
5345	<18-o>	<U2471>	CIRCLED NUMBER EIGHTEEN
5346	<19-o>	<U2472>	CIRCLED NUMBER NINETEEN
5347	<20-o>	<U2473>	CIRCLED NUMBER TWENTY
5348	<(1)>	<U2474>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT ONE
5349	<(2)>	<U2475>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT TWO
5350	<(3)>	<U2476>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT THREE
5351	<(4)>	<U2477>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT FOUR
5352	<(5)>	<U2478>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT FIVE
5353	<(6)>	<U2479>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT SIX
5354	<(7)>	<U247A>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT SEVEN
5355	<(8)>	<U247B>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT EIGHT
5356	<(9)>	<U247C>	PARENTHESIZED DIGIT NINE
5357	<(10)>	<U247D>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER TEN
5358	<(11)>	<U247E>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER ELEVEN
5359	<(12)>	<U247F>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER TWELVE
5360	<(13)>	<U2480>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER THIRTEEN
5361	<(14)>	<U2481>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER FOURTEEN
5362	<(15)>	<U2482>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER FIFTEEN
5363	<(16)>	<U2483>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER SIXTEEN
5364	<(17)>	<U2484>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER SEVENTEEN
5365	<(18)>	<U2485>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER EIGHTEEN
5366	<(19)>	<U2486>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER NINETEEN
5367	<(20)>	<U2487>	PARENTHESIZED NUMBER TWENTY
5368	<1.>	<U2488>	DIGIT ONE FULL STOP
5369	<2.>	<U2489>	DIGIT TWO FULL STOP
5370	<3.>	<U248A>	DIGIT THREE FULL STOP
5371	<4.>	<U248B>	DIGIT FOUR FULL STOP
5372	<5.>	<U248C>	DIGIT FIVE FULL STOP
5373	<6.>	<U248D>	DIGIT SIX FULL STOP
5374	<7.>	<U248E>	DIGIT SEVEN FULL STOP
5375	<8.>	<U248F>	DIGIT EIGHT FULL STOP
5376	<9.>	<U2490>	DIGIT NINE FULL STOP
5377	<10.>	<U2491>	NUMBER TEN FULL STOP
5378	<11.>	<U2492>	NUMBER ELEVEN FULL STOP
5379	<12.>	<U2493>	NUMBER TWELVE FULL STOP
5380	<13.>	<U2494>	NUMBER THIRTEEN FULL STOP
5381	<14.>	<U2495>	NUMBER FOURTEEN FULL STOP
5382	<15.>	<U2496>	NUMBER FIFTEEN FULL STOP
5383	<16.>	<U2497>	NUMBER SIXTEEN FULL STOP
5384	<17.>	<U2498>	NUMBER SEVENTEEN FULL STOP
5385	<18.>	<U2499>	NUMBER EIGHTEEN FULL STOP
5386	<19.>	<U249A>	NUMBER NINETEEN FULL STOP
5387	<20.>	<U249B>	NUMBER TWENTY FULL STOP
5388	<(a)>	<U249C>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER A
5389	<(b)>	<U249D>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER B
5390	<(c)>	<U249E>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER C
5391	<(d)>	<U249F>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER D
5392	<(e)>	<U24A0>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER E
5393	<(f)>	<U24A1>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER F
5394	<(g)>	<U24A2>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER G
5395	<(h)>	<U24A3>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER H
5396	<(i)>	<U24A4>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER I
5397	<(j)>	<U24A5>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER J
5398	<(k)>	<U24A6>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER K
5399	<(l)>	<U24A7>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER L
5400	<(m)>	<U24A8>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER M
5401	<(n)>	<U24A9>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER N
5402	<(o)>	<U24AA>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER O
5403	<(p)>	<U24AB>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER P

5404	<(q)>	<U24AC>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
5405	<(r)>	<U24AD>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER R
5406	<(s)>	<U24AE>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER S
5407	<(t)>	<U24AF>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER T
5408	<(u)>	<U24B0>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER U
5409	<(v)>	<U24B1>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER V
5410	<(w)>	<U24B2>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER W
5411	<(x)>	<U24B3>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER X
5412	<(y)>	<U24B4>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
5413	<(z)>	<U24B5>	PARENTHESIZED LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
5414	<A-o>	<U24B6>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A
5415	<B-o>	<U24B7>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B
5416	<C-o>	<U24B8>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C
5417	<D-o>	<U24B9>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D
5418	<E-o>	<U24BA>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E
5419	<F-o>	<U24BB>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
5420	<G-o>	<U24BC>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G
5421	<H-o>	<U24BD>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
5422	<I-o>	<U24BE>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I
5423	<J-o>	<U24BF>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J
5424	<K-o>	<U24C0>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
5425	<L-o>	<U24C1>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
5426	<M-o>	<U24C2>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
5427	<N-o>	<U24C3>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
5428	<O-o>	<U24C4>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
5429	<P-o>	<U24C5>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
5430	<Q-o>	<U24C6>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
5431	<R-o>	<U24C7>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
5432	<S-o>	<U24C8>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
5433	<T-o>	<U24C9>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
5434	<U-o>	<U24CA>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
5435	<V-o>	<U24CB>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
5436	<W-o>	<U24CC>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
5437	<X-o>	<U24CD>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
5438	<Y-o>	<U24CE>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
5439	<Z-o>	<U24CF>	CIRCLED LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
5440	<a-o>	<U24D0>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER A
5441	<b-o>	<U24D1>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER B
5442	<c-o>	<U24D2>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER C
5443	<d-o>	<U24D3>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER D
5444	<e-o>	<U24D4>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER E
5445	<f-o>	<U24D5>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER F
5446	<g-o>	<U24D6>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER G
5447	<h-o>	<U24D7>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER H
5448	<i-o>	<U24D8>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER I
5449	<j-o>	<U24D9>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER J
5450	<k-o>	<U24DA>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER K
5451	<l-o>	<U24DB>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER L
5452	<m-o>	<U24DC>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER M
5453	<n-o>	<U24DD>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER N
5454	<o-o>	<U24DE>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER O
5455	<p-o>	<U24DF>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER P
5456	<q-o>	<U24E0>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
5457	<r-o>	<U24E1>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER R
5458	<s-o>	<U24E2>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER S
5459	<t-o>	<U24E3>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER T
5460	<u-o>	<U24E4>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER U
5461	<v-o>	<U24E5>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER V
5462	<w-o>	<U24E6>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER W
5463	<x-o>	<U24E7>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER X
5464	<y-o>	<U24E8>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
5465	<z-o>	<U24E9>	CIRCLED LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
5466	<0-o>	<U24EA>	CIRCLED DIGIT ZERO
5467	<hh>	<U2500>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT HORIZONTAL
5468	<HH->	<U2501>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY HORIZONTAL
5469	<vv>	<U2502>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL
5470	<VV->	<U2503>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY VERTICAL
5471	<3-->	<U2504>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT TRIPLE DASH HORIZONTAL
5472	<3_->	<U2505>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY TRIPLE DASH HORIZONTAL
5473	<3!>	<U2506>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT TRIPLE DASH VERTICAL
5474	<3//>	<U2507>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY TRIPLE DASH VERTICAL
5475	<4-->	<U2508>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT QUADRUPLE DASH HORIZONTAL
5476	<4_->	<U2509>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY QUADRUPLE DASH HORIZONTAL
5477	<4!>	<U250A>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT QUADRUPLE DASH VERTICAL
5478	<4//>	<U250B>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY QUADRUPLE DASH VERTICAL
5479	<dr>	<U250C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND RIGHT
5480	<dR->	<U250D>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN LIGHT AND RIGHT HEAVY
5481	<Dr->	<U250E>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND RIGHT LIGHT
5482	<DR->	<U250F>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY DOWN AND RIGHT
5483	<d1>	<U2510>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND LEFT
5484	<dL->	<U2511>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN LIGHT AND LEFT HEAVY
5485	<D1->	<U2512>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND LEFT LIGHT
5486	<LD->	<U2513>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY DOWN AND LEFT
5487	<ur>	<U2514>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND RIGHT
5488	<uR->	<U2515>	BOX DRAWINGS UP LIGHT AND RIGHT HEAVY
5489	<Ur->	<U2516>	BOX DRAWINGS UP HEAVY AND RIGHT LIGHT
5490	<UR->	<U2517>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY UP AND RIGHT
5491		<U2518>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND LEFT
5492	<uL->	<U2519>	BOX DRAWINGS UP LIGHT AND LEFT HEAVY

5493	<U1->	<U251A>	BOX DRAWINGS UP HEAVY AND LEFT LIGHT
5494	<UL->	<U251B>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY UP AND LEFT
5495	<vr>	<U251C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND RIGHT
5496	<vR->	<U251D>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL LIGHT AND RIGHT HEAVY
5497	<Udr>	<U251E>	BOX DRAWINGS UP HEAVY AND RIGHT DOWN LIGHT
5498	<uD>	<U251F>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND RIGHT UP LIGHT
5499	<Vr->	<U2520>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL HEAVY AND RIGHT LIGHT
5500	<uDr>	<U2521>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN LIGHT AND RIGHT UP HEAVY
5501	<uDR>	<U2522>	BOX DRAWINGS UP LIGHT AND RIGHT DOWN HEAVY
5502	<VR->	<U2523>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY VERTICAL AND RIGHT
5503	<v1>	<U2524>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND LEFT
5504	<VL->	<U2525>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL LIGHT AND LEFT HEAVY
5505	<Ud1>	<U2526>	BOX DRAWINGS UP HEAVY AND LEFT DOWN LIGHT
5506	<uD1>	<U2527>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND LEFT UP LIGHT
5507	<V1->	<U2528>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL HEAVY AND LEFT LIGHT
5508	<UdL>	<U2529>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN LIGHT AND LEFT UP HEAVY
5509	<uDL>	<U252A>	BOX DRAWINGS UP LIGHT AND LEFT DOWN HEAVY
5510	<VL->	<U252B>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY VERTICAL AND LEFT
5511	<dh>	<U252C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND HORIZONTAL
5512	<dLr>	<U252D>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT HEAVY AND RIGHT DOWN LIGHT
5513	<dLR>	<U252E>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT HEAVY AND LEFT DOWN LIGHT
5514	<dH->	<U252F>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN LIGHT AND HORIZONTAL HEAVY
5515	<Dh->	<U2530>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND HORIZONTAL LIGHT
5516	<DLr>	<U2531>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT LIGHT AND LEFT DOWN HEAVY
5517	<DLR>	<U2532>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT LIGHT AND RIGHT DOWN HEAVY
5518	<DH->	<U2533>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY DOWN AND HORIZONTAL
5519	<uh>	<U2534>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND HORIZONTAL
5520	<uLr>	<U2535>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT HEAVY AND RIGHT UP LIGHT
5521	<u1R>	<U2536>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT HEAVY AND LEFT UP LIGHT
5522	<uH->	<U2537>	BOX DRAWINGS UP LIGHT AND HORIZONTAL HEAVY
5523	<Uh->	<U2538>	BOX DRAWINGS UP HEAVY AND HORIZONTAL LIGHT
5524	<ULr>	<U2539>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT LIGHT AND LEFT UP HEAVY
5525	<U1R>	<U253A>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT LIGHT AND RIGHT UP HEAVY
5526	<UH->	<U253B>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY UP AND HORIZONTAL
5527	<vh>	<U253C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
5528	<vLr>	<U253D>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT HEAVY AND RIGHT VERTICAL LIGHT
5529	<v1R>	<U253E>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT HEAVY AND LEFT VERTICAL LIGHT
5530	<vH->	<U253F>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL LIGHT AND HORIZONTAL HEAVY
5531	<Udh>	<U2540>	BOX DRAWINGS UP HEAVY AND DOWN HORIZONTAL LIGHT
5532	<uDh>	<U2541>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN HEAVY AND UP HORIZONTAL LIGHT
5533	<vh>	<U2542>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL HEAVY AND HORIZONTAL LIGHT
5534	<UdLr>	<U2543>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT UP HEAVY AND RIGHT DOWN LIGHT
5535	<Ud1R>	<U2544>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT UP HEAVY AND LEFT DOWN LIGHT
5536	<UDLr>	<U2545>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT DOWN HEAVY AND RIGHT UP LIGHT
5537	<uD1R>	<U2546>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT DOWN HEAVY AND LEFT UP LIGHT
5538	<uDh>	<U2547>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN LIGHT AND UP HORIZONTAL HEAVY
5539	<uDH>	<U2548>	BOX DRAWINGS UP LIGHT AND DOWN HORIZONTAL HEAVY
5540	<VLr>	<U2549>	BOX DRAWINGS RIGHT LIGHT AND LEFT VERTICAL HEAVY
5541	<V1R>	<U254A>	BOX DRAWINGS LEFT LIGHT AND RIGHT VERTICAL HEAVY
5542	<VH->	<U254B>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
5543	<HH>	<U2550>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE HORIZONTAL
5544	<VV>	<U2551>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE VERTICAL
5545	<dR>	<U2552>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN SINGLE AND RIGHT DOUBLE
5546	<Dr>	<U2553>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN DOUBLE AND RIGHT SINGLE
5547	<DR>	<U2554>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE DOWN AND RIGHT
5548	<dl>	<U2555>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN SINGLE AND LEFT DOUBLE
5549	<D1>	<U2556>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN DOUBLE AND LEFT SINGLE
5550	<LD>	<U2557>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE DOWN AND LEFT
5551	<uR>	<U2558>	BOX DRAWINGS UP SINGLE AND RIGHT DOUBLE
5552	<Ur>	<U2559>	BOX DRAWINGS UP DOUBLE AND RIGHT SINGLE
5553	<UR>	<U255A>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE UP AND RIGHT
5554		<U255B>	BOX DRAWINGS UP SINGLE AND LEFT DOUBLE
5555	<U1>	<U255C>	BOX DRAWINGS UP DOUBLE AND LEFT SINGLE
5556		<U255D>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE UP AND LEFT
5557	<vR>	<U255E>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL SINGLE AND RIGHT DOUBLE
5558	<V1>	<U255F>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL DOUBLE AND RIGHT SINGLE
5559	<VR>	<U2560>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE VERTICAL AND RIGHT
5560	<vL>	<U2561>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL SINGLE AND LEFT DOUBLE
5561	<V1>	<U2562>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL DOUBLE AND LEFT SINGLE
5562	<VL>	<U2563>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE VERTICAL AND LEFT
5563	<dH>	<U2564>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN SINGLE AND HORIZONTAL DOUBLE
5564	<DH>	<U2565>	BOX DRAWINGS DOWN DOUBLE AND HORIZONTAL SINGLE
5565	<DH>	<U2566>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE DOWN AND HORIZONTAL
5566	<uH>	<U2567>	BOX DRAWINGS UP SINGLE AND HORIZONTAL DOUBLE
5567	<Uh>	<U2568>	BOX DRAWINGS UP DOUBLE AND HORIZONTAL SINGLE
5568	<UH>	<U2569>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE UP AND HORIZONTAL
5569	<vH>	<U256A>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL SINGLE AND HORIZONTAL DOUBLE
5570	<vh>	<U256B>	BOX DRAWINGS VERTICAL DOUBLE AND HORIZONTAL SINGLE
5571	<VH>	<U256C>	BOX DRAWINGS DOUBLE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
5572	<FD>	<U2571>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER RIGHT TO LOWER LEFT
5573	<BD>	<U2572>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER LEFT TO LOWER RIGHT
5574	<TB>	<U2580>	UPPER HALF BLOCK
5575	<LB>	<U2584>	LOWER HALF BLOCK
5576	<FB>	<U2588>	FULL BLOCK
5577	<1B>	<U258C>	LEFT HALF BLOCK
5578	<RB>	<U2590>	RIGHT HALF BLOCK
5579	<.S>	<U2591>	LIGHT SHADE
5580	<:S>	<U2592>	MEDIUM SHADE

5581	<?S>	<U2593>	DARK SHADE
5582	<fS>	<U25A0>	BLACK SQUARE
5583	<OS>	<U25A1>	WHITE SQUARE
5584	<RO>	<U25A2>	WHITE SQUARE WITH ROUNDED CORNERS
5585	<Rz>	<U25A3>	WHITE SQUARE CONTAINING BLACK SMALL SQUARE
5586	<RF>	<U25A4>	SQUARE WITH HORIZONTAL FILL
5587	<RY>	<U25A5>	SQUARE WITH VERTICAL FILL
5588	<RH>	<U25A6>	SQUARE WITH ORTHOGONAL CROSHATCH FILL
5589	<RZ>	<U25A7>	SQUARE WITH UPPER LEFT TO LOWER RIGHT FILL
5590	<RK>	<U25A8>	SQUARE WITH UPPER RIGHT TO LOWER LEFT FILL
5591	<RX>	<U25A9>	SQUARE WITH DIAGONAL CROSHATCH FILL
5592	<sB>	<U25AA>	BLACK SMALL SQUARE
5593	<SR>	<U25AC>	BLACK RECTANGLE
5594	<Or>	<U25AD>	WHITE RECTANGLE
5595	<UT>	<U25B2>	BLACK UP-POINTING TRIANGLE
5596	<uT>	<U25B3>	WHITE UP-POINTING TRIANGLE
5597	<Tx>	<U25B7>	WHITE RIGHT-POINTING TRIANGLE
5598	<PR>	<U25BA>	BLACK RIGHT-POINTING POINTER
5599	<Dt>	<U25BC>	BLACK DOWN-POINTING TRIANGLE
5600	<dT>	<U25BD>	WHITE DOWN-POINTING TRIANGLE
5601	<T1>	<U25C1>	WHITE LEFT-POINTING TRIANGLE
5602	<PL>	<U25C4>	BLACK LEFT-POINTING POINTER
5603	<Db>	<U25C6>	BLACK DIAMOND
5604	<Dw>	<U25C7>	WHITE DIAMOND
5605	<LZ>	<U25CA>	LOZENGE
5606	<0m>	<U25CB>	WHITE CIRCLE
5607	<0o>	<U25CE>	BULLSEYE
5608	<0M>	<U25CF>	BLACK CIRCLE
5609	<0L>	<U25D0>	CIRCLE WITH LEFT HALF BLACK
5610	<0R>	<U25D1>	CIRCLE WITH RIGHT HALF BLACK
5611	<Sn>	<U25D8>	INVERSE BULLET
5612	<IC>	<U25D9>	INVERSE WHITE CIRCLE
5613	<Fd>	<U25E2>	BLACK LOWER RIGHT TRIANGLE
5614	<Bd>	<U25E3>	BLACK LOWER LEFT TRIANGLE
5615	<Ci>	<U25EF>	LARGE CIRCLE
5616	<*2>	<U2605>	BLACK STAR
5617	<*1>	<U2606>	WHITE STAR
5618	<TEL>	<U260E>	BLACK TELEPHONE
5619	<tel>	<U260F>	WHITE TELEPHONE
5620	<<H>	<U261C>	WHITE LEFT POINTING INDEX
5621	</>H>	<U261E>	WHITE RIGHT POINTING INDEX
5622	<0u>	<U263A>	WHITE SMILING FACE
5623	<0U>	<U263B>	BLACK SMILING FACE
5624	<SU>	<U263C>	WHITE SUN WITH RAYS
5625	<Fm>	<U2640>	FEMALE SIGN
5626	<M1>	<U2642>	MALE SIGN
5627	<cS>	<U2660>	BLACK SPADE SUIT
5628	<cH>	<U2661>	WHITE HEART SUIT
5629	<cD>	<U2662>	WHITE DIAMOND SUIT
5630	<cC>	<U2663>	BLACK CLUB SUIT
5631	<cS->	<U2664>	WHITE SPADE SUIT
5632	<cH->	<U2665>	BLACK HEART SUIT
5633	<cD->	<U2666>	BLACK DIAMOND SUIT
5634	<cC->	<U2667>	WHITE CLUB SUIT
5635	<Md>	<U2669>	QUARTER NOTE
5636	<M8>	<U266A>	EIGHTH NOTE
5637	<M2>	<U266B>	BEAMED EIGHTH NOTES
5638	<M16>	<U266C>	BEAMED SIXTEENTH NOTES
5639	<Mb>	<U266D>	MUSIC FLAT SIGN
5640	<Mx>	<U266E>	MUSIC NATURAL SIGN
5641	<MX>	<U266F>	MUSIC SHARP SIGN
5642	<OK>	<U2713>	CHECK MARK
5643	<XX>	<U2717>	BALLOT X
5644	<-X>	<U2720>	MALTESE CROSS
5645	<IS>	<U3000>	IDEOGRAPHIC SPACE
5646	<_,_>	<U3001>	IDEOGRAPHIC COMMA
5647	<_.,_>	<U3002>	IDEOGRAPHIC FULL STOP
5648	<+,>	<U3003>	DITTO MARK
5649	<JIS>	<U3004>	JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD SYMBOL
5650	<*_>	<U3005>	IDEOGRAPHIC ITERATION MARK
5651	<i,_>	<U3006>	IDEOGRAPHIC CLOSING MARK
5652	<0,_>	<U3007>	IDEOGRAPHIC NUMBER ZERO
5653	<<+>	<U300A>	LEFT DOUBLE ANGLE BRACKET
5654	</>+>	<U300B>	RIGHT DOUBLE ANGLE BRACKET
5655	<<'/>	<U300C>	LEFT CORNER BRACKET
5656	</>'>	<U300D>	RIGHT CORNER BRACKET
5657	<<"/>	<U300E>	LEFT WHITE CORNER BRACKET
5658	</>">	<U300F>	RIGHT WHITE CORNER BRACKET
5659	<('>	<U3010>	LEFT BLACK LENTICULAR BRACKET
5660	<)">	<U3011>	RIGHT BLACK LENTICULAR BRACKET
5661	<=T>	<U3012>	POSTAL MARK
5662	<=_>	<U3013>	GETA MARK
5663	<('>	<U3014>	LEFT TORTOISE SHELL BRACKET
5664	<)">	<U3015>	RIGHT TORTOISE SHELL BRACKET
5665	<(I>	<U3016>	LEFT WHITE LENTICULAR BRACKET
5666	<)I>	<U3017>	RIGHT WHITE LENTICULAR BRACKET
5667	<-?>	<U301C>	WAVE DASH
5668	<=T:)>	<U3020>	POSTAL MARK FACE
5669	<A5>	<U3041>	HIRAGANA LETTER SMALL A

5670	<a5>	<U3042>	HIRAGANA LETTER A
5671	<i5>	<U3043>	HIRAGANA LETTER SMALL I
5672	<i5>	<U3044>	HIRAGANA LETTER I
5673	<u5>	<U3045>	HIRAGANA LETTER SMALL U
5674	<u5>	<U3046>	HIRAGANA LETTER U
5675	<e5>	<U3047>	HIRAGANA LETTER SMALL E
5676	<e5>	<U3048>	HIRAGANA LETTER E
5677	<o5>	<U3049>	HIRAGANA LETTER SMALL O
5678	<o5>	<U304A>	HIRAGANA LETTER O
5679	<ka>	<U304B>	HIRAGANA LETTER KA
5680	<ga>	<U304C>	HIRAGANA LETTER GA
5681	<ki>	<U304D>	HIRAGANA LETTER KI
5682	<gi>	<U304E>	HIRAGANA LETTER GI
5683	<ku>	<U304F>	HIRAGANA LETTER KU
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5899	<8c>	<U3227>	PARENTHEZIZED IDEOGRAPH EIGHT
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5904	<pm>	<U33D8>	SQUARE PM
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5911	<st>	<UFB06>	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE ST
5912	<3+>	<UFE7D>	ARABIC SHADDA MEDIAL FORM
5913	<aM.>	<UFE82>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH MADDA ABOVE FINAL FORM
5914	<aH.>	<UFE84>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE FINAL FORM
5915	<ah.>	<UFE88>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW FINAL FORM
5916	<a+->	<UFE8D>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF ISOLATED FORM
5917	<a+.>	<UFE8E>	ARABIC LETTER ALEF FINAL FORM
5918	<b+->	<UFE8F>	ARABIC LETTER BEH ISOLATED FORM
5919	<b+.>	<UFE90>	ARABIC LETTER BEH FINAL FORM
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5923	<tm.>	<UFE94>	ARABIC LETTER TEH MARBUTA FINAL FORM
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5929	<tk.>	<UFE9A>	ARABIC LETTER THEH FINAL FORM
5930	<tk.>	<UFE9B>	ARABIC LETTER THEH INITIAL FORM
5931	<tk.>	<UFE9C>	ARABIC LETTER THEH MEDIAL FORM
5932	<g+->	<UFE9D>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM ISOLATED FORM
5933	<g+.>	<UFE9E>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM FINAL FORM
5934	<g+.>	<UFE9F>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM INITIAL FORM

5935	<g+ ;>	<UFEA0>	ARABIC LETTER JEEM MEDIAL FORM
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5937	<hk .>	<UFEA2>	ARABIC LETTER HAH FINAL FORM
5938	<hk ,>	<UFEA3>	ARABIC LETTER HAH INITIAL FORM
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5941	<x+.>	<UFEA6>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH FINAL FORM
5942	<x+,>	<UFEA7>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH INITIAL FORM
5943	<x++>	<UFEA8>	ARABIC LETTER KHAH MEDIAL FORM
5944	<d+->	<UFEA9>	ARABIC LETTER DAL ISOLATED FORM
5945	<d+.>	<UFEAA>	ARABIC LETTER DAL FINAL FORM
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5950	<z+->	<UFEAF>	ARABIC LETTER ZAIN ISOLATED FORM
5951	<z+.>	<UFEB0>	ARABIC LETTER ZAIN FINAL FORM
5952	<s+->	<UFEB1>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN ISOLATED FORM
5953	<s+.>	<UFEB2>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN FINAL FORM
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5955	<s;+>	<UFEB4>	ARABIC LETTER SEEN MEDIAL FORM
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5957	<sn .>	<UFEB6>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN FINAL FORM
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5959	<sn ;>	<UFEB8>	ARABIC LETTER SHEEN MEDIAL FORM
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5961	<c+.>	<UFEBA>	ARABIC LETTER SAD FINAL FORM
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5963	<c;+>	<UFEBC>	ARABIC LETTER SAD MEDIAL FORM
5964	<dd->	<UFEBD>	ARABIC LETTER DAD ISOLATED FORM
5965	<dd .>	<UFEBE>	ARABIC LETTER DAD FINAL FORM
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5969	<tj .>	<UFEC2>	ARABIC LETTER TAH FINAL FORM
5970	<tj ,>	<UFEC3>	ARABIC LETTER TAH INITIAL FORM
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5973	<zH .>	<UFEC6>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH FINAL FORM
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5975	<zH ;>	<UFEC8>	ARABIC LETTER ZAH MEDIAL FORM
5976	<e+->	<UFEC9>	ARABIC LETTER AIN ISOLATED FORM
5977	<e+.>	<UFECA>	ARABIC LETTER AIN FINAL FORM
5978	<e+,>	<UFECB>	ARABIC LETTER AIN INITIAL FORM
5979	<e;+>	<UFECC>	ARABIC LETTER AIN MEDIAL FORM
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5981	<i+.>	<UFECE>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN FINAL FORM
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5983	<i;+>	<UFED0>	ARABIC LETTER GHAIN MEDIAL FORM
5984	<f+->	<UFED1>	ARABIC LETTER FEH ISOLATED FORM
5985	<f+.>	<UFED2>	ARABIC LETTER FEH FINAL FORM
5986	<f+,>	<UFED3>	ARABIC LETTER FEH INITIAL FORM
5987	<f;+>	<UFED4>	ARABIC LETTER FEH MEDIAL FORM
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5989	<q+.>	<UFED6>	ARABIC LETTER QAF FINAL FORM
5990	<q;+>	<UFED7>	ARABIC LETTER QAF INITIAL FORM
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5993	<k+.>	<UFEDA>	ARABIC LETTER KAF FINAL FORM
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5995	<k;+>	<UFEDC>	ARABIC LETTER KAF MEDIAL FORM
5996	<l+->	<UFEDD>	ARABIC LETTER LAM ISOLATED FORM
5997	<l+.>	<UFEDE>	ARABIC LETTER LAM FINAL FORM
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5999	<l;+>	<UFEE0>	ARABIC LETTER LAM MEDIAL FORM
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6002	<m+,>	<UFEF3>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM INITIAL FORM
6003	<m;+>	<UFEF4>	ARABIC LETTER MEEM MEDIAL FORM
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6005	<n+.>	<UFEF6>	ARABIC LETTER NOON FINAL FORM
6006	<n+,>	<UFEF7>	ARABIC LETTER NOON INITIAL FORM
6007	<n+;>	<UFEF8>	ARABIC LETTER NOON MEDIAL FORM
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6016	<y+->	<UFEF2>	ARABIC LETTER YEH ISOLATED FORM
6017	<y+.>	<UFEF3>	ARABIC LETTER YEH FINAL FORM
6018	<y+,>	<UFEF4>	ARABIC LETTER YEH INITIAL FORM
6019	<y+;>	<UFEF5>	ARABIC LETTER YEH MEDIAL FORM
6020	<1M->	<UFEF6>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF ABOVE ISOLATED FORM
6021	<1M .>	<UFEF7>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH MADDAA ABOVE FINAL FORM
6022	<1H->	<UFEF8>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE ISOLATED FORM
6023	<1H .>	<UFEF8>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA ABOVE FINAL FORM

6024	<lh->	<UFEF9>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW ISOLATED FORM
6025	<lh.>	<UFEFA>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF WITH HAMZA BELOW FINAL FORM
6026	<la->	<UFEFB>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF ISOLATED FORM
6027	<la.->	<UFEFC>	ARABIC LIGATURE LAM WITH ALEF FINAL FORM
6028	<H->	<U0023>	NUMBER SIGN
6029	<!S>	<U0024>	DOLLAR SIGN
6030	<@>	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
6031	<Oa>	<U0040>	COMMERCIAL AT
6032	<!C>	<U00A2>	CENT SIGN
6033	<L->	<U00A3>	POUND SIGN
6034	<Xo>	<U00A4>	CURRENCY SIGN
6035	<Y->	<U00A5>	YEN SIGN
6036	<!B>	<U00A6>	BROKEN BAR
6037	<So>	<U00A7>	SECTION SIGN
6038	<7!>	<U00AC>	NOT SIGN
6039	<9I>	<U00B6>	PILCROW SIGN
6040	<_>	<U2500>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT HORIZONTAL
6041	<_=>	<U2501>	BOX DRAWINGS HEAVY HORIZONTAL
6042	<_!>	<U2502>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL
6043	<_V/>>	<U250C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND RIGHT
6044	<_V<w>	<U2510>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND LEFT
6045	<_A/>>	<U2514>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND RIGHT
6046	<_A<>	<U2518>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND LEFT
6047	<_!/_>>	<U251C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND RIGHT
6048	<_!/_>	<U2524>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND LEFT
6049	<_V->	<U252C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DOWN AND HORIZONTAL
6050	<_A->	<U2534>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT UP AND HORIZONTAL
6051	<_!/_>	<U253C>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL
6052	<_/_>/>>	<U2571>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER RIGHT TO LOWER LEFT
6053	<_<\>	<U2572>	BOX DRAWINGS LIGHT DIAGONAL UPPER LEFT TO LOWER RIGHT
6054	<_/_>/>>	<U25E2>	BLACK LOWER RIGHT TRIANGLE
6055	<_<\>	<U25E3>	BLACK LOWER LEFT TRIANGLE
6056	<_d!>	<U266A>	EIGHTH NOTE
6057			
6058			

7 CONFORMANCE

7.1 FDCC-set

A FDCC-set description is conforming to this Technical Report if it meets the requirements in clause 4.

7.2 FDCC-set category

Conformance can be claimed for a category description against each of the clauses 4.3 thru 4.12, and then the requirements of clause 4.1 shall also be met, and a LC_IDENTIFICATION category as described in clause 4.2 shall be specified.

7.3 Charmap

A charmap description is conforming to this Technical Report if it meets the requirements in clause 5.

7.4 Repertoiremap

A repertoiremap description is conforming to this Technical Report if it meets the requirements in clause 6.

Annex A

(informative)

Differences from the ISO/IEC 9945-2 standard

This Technical Report originated from the locale and charmap specifications in the ISO/IEC 9945-2 standard, and it intends to be backwards compatible, so that what is conformant to that standard should also be conformant to this Technical Report.

A number of enhancements have been done and a number of restrictions have been lifted in comparison to the POSIX standard:

A.1 Restrictions removed

1. Dependence on specific meaning of the character NUL as termination of a string (from the C standard) has been removed, to cater for other programming languages than C.

A.2 Enhancements

1. A description of a "repertoiremap" definition was added to facilitate descriptions of FDCC-sets without charmaps, and also to provide binding from a FDCC-set using one set of character names to charmaps using another naming set.

2. The specific POSIX locale has been replaced with the "i18n" FDCC-set, defined on the repertoire on ISO/IEC 10646.

3. Transliteration support has been added in the LC_CTYPE category.

4. Terminology has been aligned with ISO/IEC TR 11017, especially the POSIX term "locale" has been changed to "FDCC-set".

5. A date escape format "%F" has been added for ISO 8601 dates, and another date escape format "%f" has been added for weekday number with Monday being the first day of the week.

6. Added to LC_MONETARY to accommodate differences between local and international formats:

int_p_cs_precedes
int_p_sep_by_space
int_n_cs_precedes
int_n_sep_by_space

7. Section symbols have been added via the "section-symbol" keyword in the LC_COLLATE category.

8. The "order_start" keyword has got an optional "section-symbol" identifier

9. The keywords "reorder-sections-after" and "reorder-sections_end" have been introduced to reorder sections.

- 6132 10. Symbolic elipsises (both decimal and hexadecimal) has been introduced as a notation.
- 6133
- 6134 11. The "print" CTYPE class includes automatically all "graph" characters.
- 6135
- 6136 12. The <Uxxxx> and <Uxxxxxxxx> notations have been introduced as predefined
- 6137 symbolic character names, together with a number of symbolic character names derived
- 6138 from POSIX and the Internet.
- 6139
- 6140 13. New categories LC_IDENTIFICATION, LC_PAPER, LC_NAME, LC_ADDRESS,
- 6141 and LC_TELEPHONE, have been introduced.
- 6142
- 6143 14. The LC_CTYPE has got support for new classes, via the new keywords class and
- 6144 map, which corresponds to the C standard library functions iswctype() and towctrans()
- 6145 respectively.
- 6146
- 6147 15. The "digit" keyword now supports digits for multiple scripts.
- 6148
- 6149 16. The LC_MONETARY category provides support for multiple currencies, such as the
- 6150 native currency and the Euro in some European countries.
- 6151
- 6152 17. The LC_TIME has got a number of enhancements to cater for alternate calendars, and
- 6153 timezone information may be given.
- 6154
- 6155 18. The charmap specification has been enhanced to support ISO 2022.

6156
6157
6158
6159
6160
6161
6162 **Annex B**
6163 (informative)

6164 **Rationale**
6165
6166
6167
6168
6169

6164 The description of FDCC-sets is based on work performed in the UniForum Technical
6165 Committee Subcommittee on Internationalisation and on POSIX. Wherever appropriate,
6166 keywords were taken from the C Standard or the ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX standard.
6167 The C and POSIX term "locale" has been changed into the term "FDCC-set" from
6168 ISO/IEC TR 11017 to align with that specification.
6169

6170 The POSIX utility "localedef" compiles locale sources into object files. The "object"
6171 definitions need not be portable, as long as "source" definitions are. Strictly speaking,
6172 "source" definitions are portable only between applications using the same character set(s).
6173 Such "source" definitions can, if they use symbolic names only, easily be ported between
6174 systems using different code sets as long as the characters in the portable character set
6175 (ISO 646) have common values between the code sets; this is frequently the case in
6176 historical applications. Of course, this requires that the symbolic names used for characters
6177 outside the portable character set are identical between character sets.
6178

6179 To avoid confusion between an octal constant and a backreference, the octal, hexadecimal,
6180 and decimal constants must contain at least two digits. As single-digit constants are
6181 relatively rare, this should not impose any significant hardship. Each of the constants
6182 includes "two or more" digits to account for systems in which the byte size is larger than
6183 eight bits. For example, an ISO/IEC 10646 system that has defined 16-bit bytes may
6184 require six octal, four hexadecimal, and five decimal digits, for some coded characters.
6185

6186 As an international (ISO/IEC) Technical Report this Technical Report should follow the
6187 ISO/IEC guidelines, including the ISO/IEC TR 10176. This TR has a rule that characters
6188 outside the invariant part of ISO/IEC 646 should not be used in portable specifications.
6189 The backslash and the number-sign character are not in the invariant part. As far as
6190 general usage of these symbols, they are covered by the "grandfather clause" specifying
6191 previous practise in international standards and in the industry such as in specifications
6192 from The Open Group, but for newly defined interfaces, ISO has requested that
6193 specifications provide alternate representations, and this Technical Report then follows
6194 POSIX for backward compatibility. Consequently, while the default escape character
6195 remains the backslash, and the default comment character is the number-sign, applications
6196 are required to recognize alternative representations, identified in the applicable source text
6197 via the "escape_char" and "comment_char" keywords.
6198
6199

6200 **B.1.1 LC_IDENTIFICATION Rationale.**
6201

6202 The LC_IDENTIFICATION category gives meta-information on the FDCC-set, such as
6203 who created it, and what is the level of conformance for each of the FDCC sets.
6204
6205

B.1.2 LC_CTYPE Rationale

The LC_CTYPE category primarily is used to define the encoding-independent aspects of a character set, such as character classification. In addition, certain encoding-dependent characteristics are also defined for an application via the LC_CTYPE category. This Technical Report does not mandate that the encoding used in the FDCC-set is the same as the one used by the application, because an application may decide that it is advantageous to define a FDCC-set in a system-wide encoding rather than having multiple, logically identical FDCC-sets in different encodings, and to convert from the application encoding to the system-wide encoding on usage. Other applications could require encoding-dependent FDCC-sets. In either case, the LC_CTYPE attributes that are directly dependent on the encoding, such as "mb_cur_max" and the display width of characters, are not user-specifiable in a locale source, and are consequently not defined as keywords.

As the LC_CTYPE character classes are based on the C Standard character-class definition, the category does not support multicharacter elements. For instance, the German character <sharp-s> is traditionally classified as a lowercase letter. There is no corresponding uppercase letter; in proper capitalization of German text the <sharp-s> will be replaced by SS; i.e., by two characters. This kind of conversion is outside the scope of the "toupper" and "tolower" keywords.

The character classes "digit", "xdigit", "lower", "upper", and "space" have a set of automatically included characters. These only need to be specified if the character values (i.e. encoding) differs from the application default values. The definition of character class "digit" allows alternate digits (e.g., Hindi) to be specified here. The definition of character class "xdigit" requires that the characters included in character class "digit" are included here also, and allows for different symbols for the hexadecimal digits 10 through 15.

The "combining" and "combining-level3" classes are an IT-enablement of ISO/IEC 10646 definitions of combining characters. These can be used to check identifiers for consistency with the guidelines given in TR 10176 annex A.

B.1.3 LC_COLLATE Rationale.

The LC_COLLATE category governs the collation order in the FDCC-set, and may thus be useful for the processing of the ISO/IEC 14651 string ordering and comparison standard, the C Standard strxfrm() and strcoll() functions, as well as a number of ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX utilities.

The rules governing collation depends to some extent on the use. At least five different levels of increasingly complex collation rules can be distinguished:

- (1) Byte/machine code order. This is the historical collation order in the UNIX system and many proprietary operating systems. Collation is here done character by character, without any regard to context. The primary virtue is that it usually is quite fast, and also completely deterministic; it works well when the native machine collation sequence matches the user expectations.
- (2) Character order. On this level, collation is also done character by character, without regard to context. The order between characters is, however, not deter-

mined by the code values, but on the user's expectations of the correct order between characters. In addition, such a (simple) collation order can specify that certain characters collate equal (e.g., upper and lowercase letters).

- (3) String ordering. On this level, entire strings are compared based on relatively straightforward rules. At this level, several "passes" may be required to determine the order between two strings. Characters may be ignored in some passes, but not in others; the strings may be compared in different directions; and simple string substitutions may be made before strings are compared. This level is best described as "dictionary" ordering; it is based on the spelling, not the pronunciation, or meaning, of the words.
 - (4) Text search ordering. This is a further refinement of the previous level, best described as "telephone book ordering"; some common homonyms (words spelled differently but with same pronunciation) are collated together; numbers are collated as if spelled with words, and so on.
 - (5) Semantic level ordering. Words and strings are collated based on their meaning; entire words (such as "the") are eliminated, the ordering is not deterministic. This may require special software, and is highly dependent on the intended use.

While the historical collation order formally is at level 1, for the English language it corresponds roughly to elements at level 2. The user expects to see the output from the "ls" utility sorted very much as it would be in a dictionary. While telephone book ordering would be an optimal goal for standard collation, this was ruled out as the order would be language dependent. Furthermore, a requirement was that the order must be determined solely from the text string and the collation rules; no external information (e.g., "pronunciation dictionaries") could be required.

As a result, the goal for the collation support is at level 3. This also matches the requirements for the Canadian collation order standard, as well as other, known collation requirements for alphabetic scripts. It specifically rules out collation based on pronunciation rules, or based on semantic analysis of the text. The syntax for the LC_COLLATE category source is the result of a cooperative effort between representatives for many countries and organizations working with international issues, such as UniForum, X/Open, and ISO, and it meets the requirements for level 3, and has been verified to produce the correct result with examples based on Canadian and Danish collation order.

The directives that can be specified in an operand to the `order_start` keyword are based on the requirements specified in several proposed standards and in customary use. The following is a rephrasing of rules defined for "lexical ordering in English and French" by the Canadian Standards Association (text in brackets is rephrased):

- (1) Once special characters (punctuation) have been removed from original strings, the ordering is determined by scanning forward (left to right) [disregarding case and diacriticals].
 - (2) In case of equivalence, special characters are once again removed from original strings and the ordering is determined scanning backward (starting from the rightmost character of the string and back), character by character, (disregarding case but considering diacriticals).
 - (3) In case of repeated equivalence, special characters are removed again from original strings and the ordering is determined scanning forward, character by

6306 character, (considering both case and diacriticals).
6307 (4) If there is still an ordering equivalence after rules (1) through (3) have been
6308 applied, then only special characters and the position they occupy in the string
6309 are considered to determine ordering. The string that has a special character in
6310 the lowest position comes first. If two strings have a special character in the
6311 same position, the character [with the lowest collation value] comes first. In
6312 case of equality, the other special characters are considered until there is a
6313 difference or all special characters have been exhausted.
6314
6315 It is estimated that the Technical Report covers the requirements for all European
6316 languages, and no particular problems are anticipated for Cyrillic or Middle Eastern
6317 scripts.
6318
6319 The Far East (particularly Japanese/Chinese) collations are often based on contextual
6320 information. In Japan, collations of strings containing CJK characters (ideograms) are
6321 often done considering some related information such as pronunciation, which needs a
6322 bulk dictionary (and some common sense). Such collation, in general, falls outside the
6323 desired goal of this Technical Report, and this Technical Report can support only a
6324 restricted of collations used in Japan. There are, however, several other collation rules
6325 (stroke/radical, or "most common pronunciation") which can be supported with the
6326 mechanism described here. Previous drafts contained a substitute statement, which
6327 performed a regular expression style replacement before string compares. It has been
6328 withdrawn based on balloter objections that it was not required for the types of ordering
6329 this Technical Report is aimed at.
6330
6331 The character (and collating element) order is defined by the order in which characters and
6332 elements are specified between the order_start and order_end keywords. This character
6333 order is used in range expressions in regular expressions. Weights assigned to the charac-
6334 ters and elements define the collation sequence; in the absence of weights, the character
6335 order is also the collation sequence.
6336
6337 The position keyword was introduced to provide the capability to consider, in a compare,
6338 the relative position of non-IGNOREd characters. As an example, consider the two strings
6339 "o-ring" and "or-ing". Assuming the hyphen is IGNOREd on the first pass, the two strings
6340 will compare equal, and the position of the hyphen is immaterial. On second pass, all
6341 characters except the hyphen are IGNOREd, and in the normal case the two strings would
6342 again compare equal. By taking position into account, the first collates before the second.
6343
6344 **B.1.3.1 "reorder-after" rationale**
6345
6346 Much work has been done on FDCC-sets, making them quite general. The ISO/IEC 9945-
6347 2:1993 POSIX standard introduced a "copy" command for all categories of the POSIX
6348 locale. This is useful for many purposes and it ensures that two FDCC-sets are equivalent
6349 for this category. A further step in building on previous FDCC-set work is defined in this
6350 Technical Report.
6351
6352 Collating sequences often vary a bit from country to country, and from language to
6353 language, but generally much of the collating sequence is the same. For example the
6354 Danish sequence is for the most part the same as the German or English collation, but for
6355 about a dozen letters it differs. The same can be said for Swedish or Hungarian: generally

6356 the Latin collating sequence is the same, but a few characters are different.

6357

6358 This Technical Report defines a FDCC-set defined on the character repertoire of the
6359 ISO/IEC 10646 standard, in a character set independent way. The intention is that some of
6360 the information from this FDCC-set will be acceptable in many cultures, and that it can
6361 serve as the basis for modifications in other cultures, to obtain a culturally acceptable
6362 specification. Using the "reorder-after" construct will also help improve the overview of
6363 what the changes really are for implementers and other users.

6364

6365 An example of the use of the "reorder-after" construct is the following. A default
6366 international ordering for the Latin alphabet may be adequate for Danish, with the
6367 exception of the collation rules for the letters Ü, ü, Æ, æ, Ä, ä, Ø, ø, Ö, ö, Å and å. By
6368 applying the "reorder-after" construct, the Danish specification can be made more easily
6369 by copying and reordering the existing international specification, rather than specifying
6370 collation parameters for all Latin letters (with or without diacritics). There is no obligation
6371 for Denmark to take this approach, but the "reorder-after" construct provides the
6372 mechanism for doing so if it is deemed desirable.

6373

6374

6375 B.1.3.2 awk script for "reorder-after" construct

6376

6377 A script has been written in the "awk" language defined in the POSIX standard ISO/IEC
 6378 9945-2 to implement the "reorder-after" construct. It functions as follows: It reads all of
 6379 the FDCC-set and if in the LC_COLLATE category, it processes the line, else it just
 6380 outputs the line. For the LC_COLLATE category it reads the lines and puts it into a
 6381 double linked list of strings identified by a line number; at the end of the LC_COLLATE
 6382 category all the lines are output. If the line is a "copy" keyword and it reads the file
 6383 referenced, extracting the LC_COLLATE section of the file in to the list of strings. If the
 6384 line is a "reorder-after" keyword, it sets a pointer to be the line number of the symbol to
 6385 of the "reorder-after" keyword. If the line is part of the "reorder-after" specification, it is
 6386 entered into the double linked list at this point, and the previous entry in the double linked
 6387 list for the <collation-element> is removed from the list. A "reorder-end" keyword
 6388 terminates the reordering.

6389

```

6390 BEGIN { comment = "%"; back[0]= follow[0] = 0; }
6391 /LC_COLLATE/ { coll=1 }
6392 /END LC_COLLATE/ { coll=0; for (lnr= 1; lnr; lnr= follow[lnr]) print cont[lnr] }
6393
6394 { if (coll == 0) print $0 ;
6395   else { if ($1 == "copy") {
6396     file = $2
6397     while (getline < file )
6398       if ( $1 == "LC_COLLATE" ) copy_lc = 1
6399       else if ( $1 == "END" && $2 == "LC_COLLATE" ) copy_lc =0
6400       else if (copy_lc) {
6401         lnr++
6402         follow[lnr-1] = lnr; back [ lnr ] = lnr-1
6403         cont[lnr] = $0; symb[ $1 ] = lnr
6404       }
6405       close (file )
6406     }
6407   else if ($1 == "reorder-after") { ra=1 ; after = symb [ $2 ] }
6408   else if ($1 == "reorder-end") ra = 0
6409   else {
6410     lnr++
6411     if (ra) follow [ lnr ] = follow [ after ]
6412     if (ra) back [ follow [ after ] ] = lnr
6413     follow[after] = lnr; back [ lnr ] = after
6414     cont[lnr] = $0
6415     if ( ra && $1 != comment && $1 != "" ) {
6416       old = symb [ $1 ];
6417       follow [ back [ old ] ] = follow [ old ];
6418       back [ follow [ old ] ] = back [ old ];
6419       symb[ $1 ] = lnr;
6420     }
6421     after = lnr
6422   }
6423 }
6424
6425 }
```

6426 **B.1.3.3 Sample FDCC-set specification for Danish**

```

6427
6428 escape_char /
6429 comment_char %
6430 repertoiremap "i18nrep"
6431 charset "ISO_8859-1:1987"
6432 % Distribution and use is free, also
6433 % for commercial purposes.
6434
6435 LC_VERSION
6436 title "Danish language FDCC-set for Denmark"
6437 source "Danish Standards Association"
6438 address "Kollegievej 6, DK-2920 Charlottenlund, Danmark"
6439 contact "Keld Simonsen"
6440 email "Keld.Simonsen@dkuug.dk"
6441 tel "+45 - 3996-6101"
6442 fax "+45 - 3996-6202"
6443 language "da"
6444 territory "DK"
6445 revision "4.2"
6446 date "1997-12-22"
6447
6448 category i18n:1998;LC_IDENTIFICATION
6449 category i18n:1998;LC_CTYPE
6450 category i18n:1998;LC_COLLATE
6451 category i18n:1998;LC_TIME
6452 category posix:1993;LC_NUMERIC
6453 category i18n:1998;LC_MONETARY
6454 category posix:1993;LC_MESSAGES
6455 category i18n:1998;LC_PAPER
6456 category i18n:1998;LC_NAME
6457 category i18n:1998;LC_ADDRESS
6458 category i18n:1998;LC_TELEPHONE
6459
6460 END LC_VERSION
6461
6462 LC_CTYPE
6463 copy "i18n"
6464 END LC_CTYPE
6465
6466 LC_COLLATE
6467 % The ordering algorithm is in accordance
6468 % with Danish Standard DS 377 (1980)
6469 % and the Danish Orthography Dictionary
6470 % (Retskrivningsordbogen, 2. udgave, 1996).
6471 % It is also in accordance with
6472 % Greenlandic orthography.
6473
6474 collating-element <A-A> from "<A><A>"
6475 collating-element <A-a> from "<A><a>"
6476 collating-element <a-A> from "<a><A>"
6477 collating-element <a-a> from "<a><a>"
6478 copy i18n
6479 reorder-after <CAPITAL>
6480 <CAPITAL>
6481 <CAPITAL-SMALL>
6482 <SMALL-CAPITAL>
6483 <SMALL>
6484 reorder-after <q8>
6485 <kk>   <Q>;<SPECIAL>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6486 reorder-after <t8>
6487 <TH>   "<T><H>" ; "<TH><TH>" ; "<CAPITAL><CAPITAL>" ; IGNORE
6488 <th>   "<T><H>" ; "<TH><TH>" ; "<SMALL><SMALL>" ; IGNORE
6489 reorder-after <y8>
6490 % <U:> and <U"> are treated as <Y> in Danish
6491 <U:>   <Y>;<U:>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6492 <u:>   <Y>;<U:>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6493 <U">   <Y>;<U">;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6494 <u">   <Y>;<U">;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6495 reorder-after <z8>
```

```

6496    % <AE> is a separate letter in Danish
6497    <AE>      <AE>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6498    <ae>      <AE>;<NONE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6499    <AE'>     <AE>;<ACUTE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6500    <ae'>     <AE>;<ACUTE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6501    <A3>      <AE>;<MACRON>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6502    <a3>      <AE>;<MACRON>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6503    <A:>      <AE>;<SPECIAL>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6504    <a:>      <AE>;<SPECIAL>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6505    % <O//> is a separate letter in Danish
6506    <O//>     <O//>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6507    <o//>     <O//>;<NONE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6508    <O//':>   <O//>;<ACUTE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6509    <o//':>   <O//>;<ACUTE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6510    <O:>      <O//>;<DIAERESIS>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6511    <o:>      <O//>;<DIAERESIS>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6512    <O":>     <O//>;<DOUBLE-ACUTE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6513    <o":>     <O//>;<DOUBLE-ACUTE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6514    % <AA> is a separate letter in Danish
6515    <AA>      <AA>;<NONE>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6516    <aa>      <AA>;<NONE>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6517    <A-A>     <AA>;<A-A>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6518    <A-a>     <AA>;<A-A>;<CAPITAL-SMALL>;IGNORE
6519    <a-A>     <AA>;<A-A>;<SMALL-CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6520    <a-a>     <AA>;<A-A>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6521    <AA'>     <AA>;<AA'>;<CAPITAL>;IGNORE
6522    <aa'>     <AA>;<AA'>;<SMALL>;IGNORE
6523    reorder-end
6524    END LC_COLLATE
6525
6526    LC_MONETARY
6527    int_curr_symbol      "<D><K><K><SP> "
6528    currency_symbol       "<k><r> "
6529    mon_decimal_point     "<, > "
6530    mon_thousands_sep      "< . > "
6531    mon_grouping          "3;3"
6532    positive_sign         ""
6533    negative_sign         "<-> "
6534    int_frac_digits        2
6535    frac_digits            2
6536    p_cs_precedes          1
6537    p_sep_by_space          2
6538    n_cs_precedes          1
6539    n_sep_by_space          2
6540    p_sign_posn            4
6541    n_sign_posn            4
6542    END LC_MONETARY
6543
6544    LC_NUMERIC
6545    decimal_point           "<, > "
6546    thousands_sep            "< . > "
6547    grouping                 "3;3"
6548    END LC_NUMERIC
6549
6550    LC_TIME
6551    abday      "<m><a><n>" ; /
6552    " <t><i><r>" ; "<o><n><s>" ; /
6553    " <t><o><r>" ; "<f><r><e>" ; /
6554    " <l><o//><r>" ; "<s><o/><n>"
6555    day        "<m><a><n><d><a><g>" ; /
6556    " <t><i><r><s><d><a><g>" ; /
6557    " <o><n><s><d><a><g>" ; /
6558    " <t><o><r><s><d><a><g>" ; /
6559    " <f><r><e><d><a><g>" ; /
6560    " <l><o//><r><d><a><g>" ;
6561    " <s><o//><n><d><a><g>" ;
6562    week       7;19971201;4
6563    abmon      "<j><a><n>" ; "<f><e><b>" ; /
6564    " <m><a><r>" ; "<a><p><r>" ; /
6565    " <m><a><j>" ; "<j><u><n>" ; /

```

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    "<j><u><l>" ; "<a><u><g>" ; /
    "<s><e><p>" ; "<o><k><t>" ; /
    "<n><o><v>" ; "<d><e><c>" ;
    "<j><a><n><u><a><r>" ; /
    "<f><e><b><r><u><a><r>" ; /
    "<m><a><r><t><s>" ; /
    "<a><p><r><i><l>" ; /
    "<m><a><j>" ; /
    "<j><u><n><i>" ; /
    "<j><u><l><i>" ; /
    "<a><u><g><u><s><t>" ; /
    "<s><e><p><t><e><m><b><e><r>" ; /
    "<o><k><t><o><b><e><r>" ; /
    "<n><o><v><e><m><b><e><r>" ; /
    "<d><e><c><e><m><b><e><r>" ;
    "d_t_fmt      "<%><a><SP><%><F><SP><%><T><SP><%><Z>" ;
    d_fmt        "<%><O><d><.><SP><%><B><SP><%><Y>" ;
    atl_digits   "<0><.>;<1><.>;<2><.>;<3><.>;<4><.>; /
    <5><.>;<6><.>;<7><.>;<8><.>;<9><.>; /
    <1><0><.>;<1><1><.>;<1><2><.>;<1><3><.>;<1><4><.>; /
    <1><5><.>;<1><6><.>;<1><7><.>;<1><8><.>;<1><9><.>; /
    <2><0><.>;<2><1><.>;<2><2><.>;<2><3><.>;<2><4><.>; /
    <2><5><.>;<2><6><.>;<2><7><.>;<2><8><.>;<2><9><.>; /
    <3><0><.>;<3><1><.>" ;
    t_fmt        "<%><T>" ;
    am_pm        "" ;
    t_fmt_ampm   "" ;
    timezone     "<C><E><T><-><1><C><E><T><SP><D><S><T><, ><M><3><.><5><.><0>/
    <, ><M><1><0><.><5><.><0>" ;
END LC_TIME

LC_MESSAGES
yesexpr      "<<(><1><J><j><Y><y>< ) />><.><*>" ;
noexpr       "<<(><0><N><n>< ) />><.><*>" ;
END LC_MESSAGES

LC_PAPER
copy "i18n"
END LC_PAPER

LC_NAME
name_fmt      "<%><p><%><t><%><g><%><t><%><m><%><t><%><f>" ;
name_gen      ""
name_mr       "<h><r>" ;
name_mrs      "<f><r><u>" ;
name_miss     "<f><r><o/><k><e><n>" ;
name_ms       "<f><r>" ;
END LC_NAME

LC_ADDRESS
country_name  "<D><a><n><m><a><r><k>" ;
country_post   "<D><K>" ;
country_ab2    "<D><K>" ;
country_ab3    "<D><N><K>" ;
country_num    208 ;
country_car    "<D><K>" ;
country_isbn   "<8><7>" ;
lang_ab        "<d><a>" ;
lang_term      "<d><a><n>" ;
postal_fmt    "<%><a><%><N><%><f><%><N><%><d><%><N><%><b><%><N><%>/
    <%><s><SP><%><h><SP><%><e><SP><%><r><%><N>/" ;

```

6627 <%><C><-><%><z><SP><%><T><%><N><%><c><%><N>"
 6628 END LC_ADDRESS
 6629
 6630 LC_TELEPHONE
 6631 tel_int_fmt "<+><%><c><SP><%><a><SP><%><l>"
 6632 tel_dom_fmt "<%><l>"
 6633 int_select "<0><0>"
 6634 int_prefix "<4><5>"
 6635 END LC_TELEPHONE
 6636

B.1.4 LC_MONETARY Rationale.

6637 The currency symbol does not appear in LC_MONETARY because it is not defined in the
 6638 C Standard's C locale. The C Standard limits the size of decimal points and thousands
 6639 delimiters to single-byte values. In FDCC-sets based on multibyte coded character sets this
 6640 cannot be enforced, obviously; this Technical Report does not prohibit such characters, but
 6641 makes the behaviour unspecified (in the text "In contexts where other standards . . .").
 6642

6643 The grouping specification is based on, but not identical to, the C Standard. The "-1"
 6644 signals that no further grouping shall be performed, the equivalent of (CHAR_MAX) in
 6645 the C Standard).
 6646

6647 The FDCC-set definition is an extension of the C Standard `localeconv()` specification. In
 6648 particular, rules on how `currency_symbol` is treated are extended to also cover `int_-`
 6649 `curr_symbol`, and `p_sep_by_space` and `n_sep_by_space` have been augmented with the
 6650 value 2, which places a space between the sign and the symbol (if they are adjacent;
 6651 otherwise it should be treated as a 0). The following table shows the result of various
 6652 combinations:

		p_sep_by_space		
		2	1	0
6660	p_cs_precedes = 1	p_sign_posn = 0	(\$ 1.25)	(\$ 1.25)
6661		p_sign_posn = 1	+ \$1.25	+\$ 1.25
6662		p_sign_posn = 2	\$1.25 +	\$ 1.25+
6663		p_sign_posn = 3	+ \$1.25	+\$ 1.25
6664		p_sign_posn = 4	\$ +1.25	\$+ 1.25
6665				
6666	p_cs_precedes = 0	p_sign_posn = 0	(1.25 \$)	(1.25 \$)
6667		p_sign_posn = 1	+1.25 \$	+1.25 \$
6668		p_sign_posn = 2	1.25\$ +	1.25 \$+
6669		p_sign_posn = 3	1.25+ \$	1.25 +\$
6670		p_sign_posn = 4	1.25\$ +	1.25 \$+
6671				
6672				

6673 The following is an example of the interpretation of the `mon_grouping` keyword.
 6674 Assuming that the value to be formatted is 123456789 and the `mon_thousands_sep` is "",
 6675 then the following table shows the result. The third column shows the equivalent C
 6676 Standard string that would be used to accommodate this grouping. It is the responsibility

of the utility to perform mappings of the formats in this clause to those used by language bindings such as the C Standard .

	Mon_grouping	Formatted Value	C String
6681	3;-1	123456'789	"\3\177"
6682	3	123'456'789	"\3"
6683	3;2;-1	1234'56'789	"\3\2\177"
6684	3;2	12'34'56'789	"\3\2"
6685	-1	123456789	"177"

In these examples, the octal value of (CHAR_MAX) is 177.

The multiple currency support is specified such that a FDCC-set can be used without change during the transition period in a static environment. For example in the case of the Euro currency as being employed in a number of European countries, there is no need to change the FDCC-set when shifting from one currency to two concurrent currencies; and there is no need to change FDCC-set, when changing to the Euro as the only currency. Also the same application call can be made to be valid for countries with a single currency and countries with dual currencies. The specifications can also be used without change of the FDCC-set on an installation, when converting from one national currency to another, for example when removing some zeroes to form a new currency.

The following example illustrates the support for multiple currencies; the example is for the Euro in Germany:

```

6703    LC_MONETARY
6704    valid_from      " " ;           "19990101"
6705    valid_to        "20020630" ;     ""
6706    conversion_rate 1 ;           "195/100"
6707    int_curr_symbol "<D><E><M><SP>" ;   "<E><U><R><SP>"
6708    currency_symbol "<D><M>" ;       "<E><U><R>"
6709    mon_decimal_point "<,>" ;
6710    mon_thousands_sep "<.>" ;
6711    mon_grouping     3;3 ;
6712    positive_sign    " "
6713    negative_sign    "<->" ;
6714    int_frac_digits  2 ;           2
6715    frac_digits       2 ;           2
6716    p_cs_precedes   1 ;           1
6717    p_sep_by_space   2 ;           2
6718    n_cs_precedes   1 ;           1
6719    n_sep_by_space   2 ;           2
6720    p_sign_posn     4 ;           4
6721    n_sign_posn     4 ;           4
6722
6723    END LC_MONETARY
6724

```

B.1.5 LC_NUMERIC Rationale.

See the rationale for LC_MONETARY (B1.3) for a description of the behaviour of grouping.

B.1.6 LC_TIME Rationale.

The LC_TIME descriptions of abday, day, and abmon imply a Gregorian style calendar (7-day weeks, 12-month years, leap years, etc.). Other calendars can be supported, for example calendars with a fixed week length.

6735 In some FDCC-sets the field descriptors for weekday and month names will be given with
6736 an initial small letter. Programs using these fields may need to adjust the capitalization if
6737 the output is going to be used at the beginning of a sentence.

6738
6739 The field descriptors corresponding to the optional keywords consist of a modifier
6740 followed by a traditional field descriptor (for instance %Ex). If the optional keywords are
6741 not supported by the application or are unspecified for the current FDCC-set, these field
6742 descriptors shall be treated as the traditional field descriptor. For instance, assume the
6743 following keywords:

6744
6745 alt_digits "0th";"1st";"2nd";"3rd";"4th";"5th";"6th";"7th";"8th";"9th";"10th"
6746 d_fmt "The %Od day of %B in %Y"

6747 On 7/4/1776, the %x field descriptor would result in "The 4th day of July in 1776," while
6748 7/14/1789 would come out as "The 14 day of July in 1789." It can be noted that the above
6749 example is for illustrative purposes only; the %o modifier is primarily intended to provide
6750 for Kanji or Hindi digits in date formats. While it is clear that an alternate year format is
6751 required, there is no consensus on the format or the requirements. As a result, while these
6752 keywords are reserved, the details are left unspecified. It is expected that National
6753 Standards Bodies will provide specifications.

6754 **B.1.7 LC_MESSAGES Rationale.**

6755
6756
6757 The LC_MESSAGES category is described in clause 4 as affecting the language used by
6758 utilities for their output. The mechanism used by the application to accomplish this, other
6759 than the responses shown here in the FDCC-set definition, is not specified by this version
6760 of this Technical Report. The internationalization working group is developing an interface
6761 that would allow applications (and, presumably some of the standard utilities) to access
6762 messages from various message catalogs, tailored to a user's LC_MESSAGES value.

6763 **B.1.8 LC_PAPER Rationale.**

6764 The LC_PAPER category gives information to prepare output on a printer. Only the
6765 physical measurements of the height and width is available, as this is the information most
6766 often available in various document handling applications.

6767 **B.1.9 LC_NAME Rationale.**

6768 The LC_NAME category gives information to prepare a text for addressing a person, for
6769 example as a part of a postal address on an envelope, or as a salutating line in a letter.
6770 The information is intended to be given to an API that has the various naming information
6771 as parameters and yields a formatted string as the return value.

6772 **B.1.10 LC_ADDRESS Rationale.**

6773 The LC_ADDRESS category gives information to prepare a text for writing an address,

for example as a part of a postal address on an envelope. The information is intended to be given to an API that has the various address information as parameters and yields a formatted string as the return value.

B.1.11 LC_TELEPHONE Rationale.

The LC_TELEPHONE category gives information to prepare a text for writing a telephone number. The information is intended to be given to an API that has the various information on a telephone number as parameters and yields a formatted string as the return value. Both an international and a domestic formatting possibility is available.

B.2 Character Set Rationale.

This Technical Report poses no requirement that multiple character sets or code sets be supported, leaving this as a marketing differentiation for implementors. Although multiple charmaps are supported, it is the responsibility of the application to provide the file(s); if only one is provided, only that one will be accessible.

The character set description text provides the capability to describe character set attributes (such as collation order or character classes) independent of character set encoding, and using only the characters in the portable character set. This makes it possible to create "generic" FDCC-set source texts for all code sets that share the portable character set (such as the ISO/IEC 8859 family or IBM Extended ASCII).

Applications are free to describe more than one code set in a character set description text. For example, if an application defines ISO/IEC 8859-1 as the primary code set, and ISO/IEC 8859-2 as an alternate set, with each character from the alternate code set preceded in data by a shift code, a character set description text could contain a complete description of the primary set and those characters from the secondary that are not identical, the encoding of the latter including the shift code.

Applications are free to choose their own symbolic names, as long as the names identified by this Technical Report are also defined; this provides support for already existing "character names".

The charmap was introduced to resolve problems with the portability of, especially, FDCC-set sources. While the portable character set (in Table 1) is a constant across all FDCC-sets for a particular application, this is not true for the extended character set. However, the particular coded character set used for an application does not necessarily imply different characteristics or collation: on the contrary, these attributes should in many cases be identical, regardless of codeset. The charmap provides the capability to define a common FDCC-set definition for multiple codesets (the same FDCC-set source can be used for codesets with different extended characters; the ability in the charmap to define "empty" names allows for characters missing in certain codesets).

In addition, some implementors have expressed an interest in using the charmap to define certain other characteristics of codesets, such as the <mb_cur_max> value for the particular codeset. (Note that <mb_cur_max> has to be equal to or lower than the C

6835 Standard {MB_LEN_MAX}, which is the application limit). Such extensions are not
6836 described here; but may be added in a later revision of this Technical Report.

6837
6838 The <escape_char> declaration was added at the request of the international community to
6839 ease the creation of portable charmaps on terminals not implementing the default
6840 backslash escape. (This approach was adopted because this is a new interface invented by
6841 ISO/IEC 9945-2:1993 POSIX. Historical interfaces, such as the shell command language
6842 and awk, have not been modified to accommodate this type of terminal.)

6843
6844 The octal number notation was selected to match those of POSIX "awk" and "tr" utilities
6845 and is consistent with that used by the POSIX localedef utility.

6846
6847 The charmap capability implements a facility available at some X/Open compatible
6848 applications. Its prime virtue is to support "generic" collation sequence source definitions.
6849 An implementor or an applications developer can produce a template definition that can be
6850 used to produce several codeset-dependent "compiled" FDCC-set definitions. The facility
6851 also removes any dependency in many source definitions on characters outside the
6852 character set defined in this clause.

6853
6854 The charmap allows specification of more than one encoding of a character. This allows
6855 for encodings that can encode items in more than one way. For example, an item can be
6856 encoded once as a fully composed character and again as a base character plus combining
6857 character. This would allow either representation to be recognized. As only the first
6858 occurrence of the character may be output, this technique could be used to normalize a
6859 character stream.

6860
6861 The ISO 2022 support introduced gives the possibility to refer other definitions via
6862 charmaps, so the full encoding does not have to be replicated. It supports shifting with G0,
6863 G1, G2 and G3 sets, and also general shifting of coded character sets via escape
6864 sequences.

6865 6866 6867 **B.3 Repertoiremap Rationale.**

6868
6869 The repertoiremap was introduced to make FDCC-sets independent of the availability of
6870 charmaps. With the repertoiremap it is possible to use a FDCC-set encoded with one set of
6871 symbolic character names, together with charmaps with other symbolic character naming
6872 schemes, provided there are repertoiremaps available for both naming schemes.

6873
6874 Repertoiremaps are also useful to describe repertoires of characters, to be used for
6875 example for transliteration.

6876
 6877
 6878
 6879
 6880
 6881
 6882 **Annex C**
 6883 (informative)

6884 **BNF Grammar**

6885 **C.1 BNF Syntax Rules**

6886 The syntax used here is near to ISO/IEC 14977, but "_" is allowed in identifiers, and
 6887 comma is not used as concatenator, as the items are just concatenated.

6888 Definitions between <angle brackets> make use of terms not defined in this BNF syntax,
 6889 and assume general English usage.

6890 Other conventions:

- 6891 * means 0 or more repetitions of a token.
- 6892 + means one or more repetitions of a token
- 6893 Brackets [] indicate optional occurrence of a token.
- 6894 Comments start with a % on a separate line.

6895 There may be more specifications in the normative text that describes restrictions on the
 6896 grammar.

6897 **C.2 Grammar for FDCC-sets**

```

6900
6901 % The following is the overall FDCC-set grammar
6902 FDCC_set_definition      = [ global_statement* ] category+ ;
6903 global_statement          = 'escape_char' SP char_symbol EOL
6904                                | 'comment_char' SP char_symbol EOL
6905                                | 'repertoiremap' SP quoted_string EOL
6906                                | 'charmap' SP quoted_string EOL ;
6907 category                  = lc_identification | lc_ctype | lc_collate
6908                                | lc_monetary | lc_numeric | lc_time
6909                                | lc_messages | lc_paper | lc_telephone
6910                                | lc_name | lc_address ;
6911
6912 % The following is the LC_IDENTIFICATION category grammar
6913 lc_ident                   = ident_head ident_keyword* ident_tail
6914                                | ident_head copy_FDCC_set ident_tail ;
6915 ident_head                 = 'LC_IDENTIFICATION' EOL ;
6916 ident_keyword              = ident_keyword_string SP quoted_string EOL ;
6917 ident_keyword_string       = 'title' | 'source' | 'address' | 'contact'
6918                                | 'email' | 'tel' | 'fax' | 'language'
6919                                | 'territory' | 'audience' | 'application'
6920                                | 'abbreviation' | 'revision' | 'date' ;
6921 ident_tail                 = 'END' SP 'LC_IDENTIFICATION' EOL ;
6922
6923
6924 % The following is the LC_CTYPE category grammar
6925 lc_ctype                    = ctype_head ctype_keyword* [ translit ]
6926 ctype_tail                 =
6927                                | ctype_head copy_FDCC_set ctype_tail ;
6928 ctype_head                 = 'LC_CTYPE' EOL ;
6929 ctype_keyword              = charclass_keyword SP charclass_list EOL
6930                                | charconv_keyword SP charconv_list EOL ;
6931 charclass_keyword          = 'upper' | 'lower' | 'alpha' | 'digit'
6932                                | 'punct' | 'xdigit' | 'space' | 'print'
6933                                | 'graph' | 'blank' | 'cntrl' | 'outdigit'
6934                                | 'class' class_name semicolon ;
6935 class_name                 = '"combining"' | '"combining_level3"'
6936                                | "' identifier'" ;
```

```

6937 charclass_list
6938 = charclass_list semicolon char_symbol
6939 | charclass_list semicolon ctype_abs_ellipsis
6940 semicolon char_symbol
6941 | charclass_list semicolon charsymbol
6942 ctype_symbolic_ellipsis charsymbol
6943 | char_symbol ;
6943 charconv_keyword
6944 = 'toupper' | 'tolower'
6945 | 'map' ''' identifier ''' semicolon ;
6945 charconv_list
6946 = charconv_list semicolon charconv_entry
6947 | charconv_entry ;
6947 charconv_entry
6948 ctype_symbolic_ellipsis
6949 ctype_abs_ellipsis
6950 translit
6951
6952
6953 translit_start
6954 translit_include
6955
6956 default_missing
6957 translit_ignore
6958 translit_statement
6959
6960 translit_end
6961 ctype_tail
6962
6963 % The following is the LC_COLLATE category grammar
6964 lc_collate
6965 collate_head
6966 collate_keywords
6967 opt_statement
6968
6969
6970
6971
6972
6973
6974
6975 collelem_string
6976 order_statements
6977 order_start
6978
6979
6980 order_opts
6981 order_opt
6982 opt_word
6983 collation_order
6984 collation_statement
6985
6986 collation_element
6987
6988 weight_list
6989 weight_symbol
6990
6991
6992
6993
6994 ellipses
6995 reorder_after
6996 reorder_end
6997 reorder_section_after
6998
6999 reorder_section_end
7000 order_end
7001 collate_tail
7002
7003 % The following is the LC_MESSAGES category grammar
7004 lc_messages
7005 = messages_head messages_keyword* messages_tail
7006 | messages_head copy_FDCC_set messages_tail ;

```

```

7007 messages_head          = 'LC_MESSAGES' EOL ;
7008 messages_keyword        = 'yesexpr' SP '"' extended_reg_expr '"' EOL
7009                                | 'yesexpr' SP '"' extended_reg_expr '"' EOL ;
7010 messages_tail           = 'END' SP 'LC_MESSAGES' EOL ;
7011
7012 % The following is the LC_MONETARY category grammar
7013 lc_monetary              = monetary_head monetary_keyword* monetary_tail
7014                                | monetary_head copy_FDCC_set monetary_tail ;
7015 monetary_head            = 'LC_MONETARY' EOL ;
7016 monetary_keyword         = mon_keyword_string SP quoted_string EOL
7017                                | mon_keyword_strings SP mon_string_list EOL
7018                                | mon_keyword_char SP mon_number_list EOL
7019                                | mon_keyword_date SP mon_date_list EOL
7020                                | 'conversion_rate' SP mon_conv_list EOL
7021                                | 'mon_grouping' SP mon_group_list EOL ;
7022 mon_keyword_string        = 'mon_decimal_point' | 'mon_thousands_sep'
7023                                | 'positive_sign' | 'negative_sign' ;
7024                                = 'int_curr_symbol' | 'currency_symbol' ;
7025 mon_keyword_strings       = 'int_frac_digits' | 'frac_digits'
7026                                | 'p_cs_precedes' | 'p_sep_by_space'
7027                                | 'n_cs_precedes' | 'n_sep_by_space'
7028                                | 'int_p_cs_precedes' | 'int_p_sep_by_space'
7029                                | 'int_n_cs_precedes' | 'int_n_sep_by_space'
7030                                | 'p_sign_posn' | 'n_sign_posn'
7031                                | 'int_p_sign_posn' | 'int_n_sign_posn' ;
7032 mon_keyword_date          = 'valid_from' | 'valid_to' ;
7033 mon_date_list             = mon_date | mon_date_list semicolon mon_date ;
7034                                = ''' 8 * digit ''' ;
7035                                = number | mon_group_list semicolon number ;
7036                                = quoted_string [ semicolon quoted_string]* ;
7037 mon_number_list           = mon_number | mon_number_list semicolon
7038                                mon_number ;
7039                                = number | -1 ;
7040                                = mon_pair | mon_conv_list semicolon mon_pair ;
7041                                = number spaces* '/' spcaes* number ;
7042                                = 'END' SP 'LC_MONETARY' EOL ;
7043
7044 % The following is the LC_NUMERIC category grammar
7045 lc_numeric                 = numeric_head numeric_keyword* numeric_tail
7046                                | numeric_head copy_FDCC_set numeric_tail ;
7047 numeric_head                = 'LC_NUMERIC' EOL ;
7048 numeric_keyword             = num_keyword_string SP quoted_string EOL
7049                                | num_keyword_grouping SP num_group_list EOL ;
7050                                | 'decimal_point' | 'thousands_sep' ;
7051                                | 'grouping' ;
7052                                = number
7053                                | num_group_list semicolon number ;
7054                                = 'END' SP 'LC_NUMERIC' EOL ;
7055
7056 % The following is the LC_TIME category grammar
7057 lc_time                     = time_head time_keyword* time_tail
7058                                | time_head copy_FDCC_set time_tail ;
7059                                = 'LC_TIME' EOL ;
7060                                = time_keyword_name SP time_list EOL
7061                                | time_keyword_fmt SP quoted_string EOL
7062                                | time_keyword_opt SP time_list EOL
7063                                | 'week' SP number semicolon mon_date semicolon
7064                                number EOL
7065                                | time_keyword_num SP number EOL
7066                                | 'timezone' SP time_list EOL;
7067 time_keyword_name           = 'abday' | 'day' | 'abmon' | 'mon' | 'am_pm' ;
7068 time_keyword_fmt            = 'd_t_fmt' | 'd_fmt' | 't_fmt' | 't_fmt_ampm';
7069 time_keyword_opt            = 'era' | 'era_year' | 'era_d_fmt' | 'alt_digits'
7070 ;
7071 time_keyword_week           = 'week' ;
7072 time_keyword_num             = 'first_weekday' | 'first_workday'
7073                                | 'cal_direction' ;
7074 time_list                   = time_list semicolon quoted_string
7075                                | quoted_string ;
7076                                = 'END' SP 'LC_TIME' EOL ;
7077

```

```

7078 % The following is the LC_PAPER category grammar
7079 lc_paper
7080 paper_head
7081 paper_keyword
7082 paper_keyword_num
7083 paper_tail
7084
7085
7086 % The following is the LC_NAME category grammar
7087 lc_name
7088 name_head
7089 name_keyword
7090 name_keyword_string
7091
7092
7093
7094 name_tail
7095
7096 % The following is the LC_ADDRESS category grammar
7097 lc_address
7098 address_head
7099 address_keyword
7100 address_keyword_string
7101
7102
7103
7104
7105
7106 address_keyword_num
7107 address_tail
7108
7109 % The following is the LC_TELEPHONE category grammar
7110 lc_tel
7111 tel_head
7112 tel_keyword
7113 tel_keyword_string
7114
7115
7116 tel_tail
7117
7118 % The following grammar rules are common to all categories
7119 char
7120 space
7121 graphic_char
7122 SP
7123 EOL
7124
7125 comment_char
7126 escape_char
7127 charsymbol
7128 collsymbol
7129 collelement
7130 sectionsymbol
7131
7132 octdigit
7133 digit
7134 hex_upper
7135 hexdigit
7136 letter
7137
7138
7139
7140
7141 portable_graph_gtr
7142
7143
7144
7145 portable_graph
7146 portable_char
7147

lc_paper
    = paper_head paper_keyword* paper_tail
    | paper_head copy_FDCC_set paper_tail ;
    = 'LC_PAPER' EOL ;
    = paper_keyword_num SP number EOL ;
    = 'height' | 'width' ;
    = 'END' SP 'LC_PAPER' EOL ;

lc_name
    = name_head name_keyword* name_tail
    | name_head copy_FDCC_set name_tail ;
    = 'LC_NAME' EOL ;
    = name_keyword_string SP quoted_string EOL ;
    = 'name_fmt' | 'name_gen' | 'name_mr'
    | 'name_mrs' | 'name_ms' | 'name_miss'
    | 'name_ms' ;
    = 'END' SP 'LC_NAME' EOL ;

lc_address
    = address_head address_keyword* address_tail
    | address_head copy_FDCC_set address_tail ;
    = 'LC_ADDRESS' EOL ;
    = address_keyword_string SP quoted_string EOL
    | address_keyword_num SP number EOL ;
    = 'postal_fmt' | 'country_name'
    | 'country_post' | 'country_ab2' | 'country_ab3'
    | 'country_car' | 'country_isbn' | 'lang_name'
    | 'lang_ab' | 'lang_term' | 'lang_lib' ;
    = "country_num" ;
    = 'END' SP 'LC_ADDRESS' EOL ;

lc_tel
    = tel_head tel_keyword* tel_tail
    | tel_head copy_FDCC_set tel_tail ;
    = 'LC_TELEPHONE' EOL ;
    = tel_keyword_string SP quoted_string EOL ;
    = 'tel_int_fmt' | 'tel_dom_fmt' | 'int_select'
    | 'int_prefix' ;
    = 'END' SP 'LC_TELEPHONE' EOL ;

char
    = <any character except those that makes an End Of Line>
graphic_char
    = <any char except control_chars and space> ;
space
    = ' ' | <TAB> ;
SP
    = space+ ;
EOL
    = <anything that makes an End Of Line (EOL) in the operating system employed> | comment EOL ;
comment_char
    = <defined by the 'comment_char' keyword> ;
escape_char
    = <defined by the 'escape_char' keyword> ;
charsymbol
    = simple_symbol | ucs_symbol ;
collsymbol
    = simple_symbol ;
collelement
    = simple_symbol ;
sectionsymbol
    = simple_symbol ;
octdigit
    = '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' ;
digit
    = '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' | '8' | '9' ;
hex_upper
    = 'A' | 'B' | 'C' | 'D' | 'E' | 'F' | digit ;
hexdigit
    = hex_upper | 'a' | 'b' | 'c' | 'd' | 'e' | 'f' ;
letter
    = 'a' | 'b' | 'c' | 'd' | 'e' | 'f' | 'g' | 'h' | 'i' | 'j' | 'k'
    | 'l' | 'm' | 'n' | 'o' | 'p' | 'q' | 'r' | 's' |
    | 't' | 'u' | 'v' | 'w' | 'x' | 'y' | 'z' | 'A' | 'B' | 'C' | 'D'
    | 'E' | 'F' | 'G' | 'H' | 'I' | 'J' | 'K' | 'L' | 'M' | 'N' | 'O'
    | 'P' | 'Q' | 'R' | 'S' | 'T' | 'U' | 'V' | 'W' | 'X' | 'Y' | 'Z' ;
portable_graph_gtr
    = letter | digit | '!' | '"' | '#' | '$' | '%' | '&'
    | '""' | '()' | '*' | '+' | ',' | '-' | '.' | '/' | ':' | ;
    | '<' | '=' | '?' | '@' | '[' | '\`' | ']' | '^' | '_' |
    | '}' | '{' | '|' | '}' | `~` ;
portable_graph
    = portable_graph_gtr | '>' ;
portable_char
    = portable_graph | ' ' | <NUL> | <ALERT>
    | <BACKSPACE> | <TAB> | <CARRIAGE_RETURN>

```

```
7148          | <NEWLINE> | <VERTICAL_TAB> | <FORM_FEED> ;
7149  octal_char      = escape_char      octdigit octdigit octdigit* ;
7150  hex_char        = escape_char      'x' hexdigit hexdigit hexdigit* ;
7151  decimal_char    = escape_char      'd' digit digit digit* ;
7152  number          = digit+ ;
7153  id_part          = letter | digit | '-' | '_' ;
7154  four_digit_hex_string = hex_upper hex_upper hex_upper hex_upper ;
7155  identifier        = letter id_part* ;
7156  simple_symbol    = space* '<' portable_graph_gtr+ '>' ;
7157  ucs_symbol        = space* '<U' four_digit_hex_string
7158          [ four_digit_hex_string ] '>' ;
7159  quoted_string     = '''' char_symbol* ''' ;
7160  quoted_nonempty_string = '''' char_symbol+ ''' ;
7161  char_symbol       = char | charsymbol
7162          | octal_char | hex_char | decimal_char ;
7163  elem_list          = elem+ ;
7164  elem               = char_symbol | collsymbol | collelement ;
7165  symb_list          = collsymbol+ ;
7166  FDCC_set_name     = FDCC-name | "'' FDCC-name "'' ;
7167  copy_FDCC_set      = 'copy' FDCC_set_name EOL ;
7168  FDCC-name          = portable_graph+ ;
7169  semicolon          = space* ';' space* ;
7170  comma              = space* ',' space* ;
7171  comment            = comment_char char* ;
7172
```

7173
7174
7175
7176
7177

Annex D (informative)

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