Title: Proposal to encode Quranic marks used in Quran published in Libya

(Narration of Qaloon with script Aldani)

Action: For considera on by UTC and ISO/IECJTC1/SC2/WG2

Author: Mussa A. A. Abudena, (Abudena1965@yahoo.com)

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Introduction:

Arabic script is used by a multitude of languages and it is the second most widely used script in the world. Quran is revealed and written in Arabic but writing Quran scripts requires additional Arabic fonts that should reflect the recitation rules. Reciting Quran is mainly based on ten correct readings (Qira'at). There are two famous readings of Quran: qira'a of 'Asim (عفص) in the narration (riwayat) of Hafs(عفص), that were widely used over the Islamic world, and secondly the qira'a of Nafi' (عفص) and the narration of Qaloon (عفوص) that is mainly used by Muslims in north Africa. Till today, The writing of Quran script is done manually by calligraphers using the traditional techniques (papers and pens). This takes long time (2-3 years) and huge effort as well as the high rate of errors. After getting the final hand written version then a digital processed (scanning, adding decoration, etc.) have to taking place to finalize Quran in its last version. This proposal tries to make use of digital technology to facilitate and computerize writing of Quran with Aldani script and overcome the current weaknesses.

Aldani:

His name was Uthman bin Said bin Uthman Ibn Omar Abu Amr ALDANI, Relative to the Dania one of the cities of Andalus, He was born in 371 al-Hijarah and died in 444 al-Hijarah, in the city of Dania. He has several books, including: Facilitation (النيسير); Convincing (المقنع); Collector of notification (الوقف والابتداء); Notification in counting verses of the Quran (المحكم في القرآن); The precise in dots (المحكم في النقط).

Requests:

The author requests the encoding of the Quranic marks that are used in Libya.

Character names and shapes:

No.	SHAPE	NAME	FIGURE
1	ि।	ALDANI ARABIC DAMMA	1
2	ા ા	ALDANI ARABIC DAMMATAN IN CASE OF ETHHAR	1
3	د <i>ڊ</i> آ	ALDANI ARABIC DAMMATAN IN CASE OF EDGAHM AND EKHFA	1
4	ૃ	ALDANI ARABIC DAMMATAN IN CASE OF EQLAB	1
5	ं	ALDANI ARABIC FATHATAN IN CASE OF EQLAB	10
6	्रा	ALDANI ARABIC KASRATAN IN CASE OF EQLAB	10
7	~ ○	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER ALEF KHINGARIH	5

8	े	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER ALEF MOKHASES	10
9	7	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER ALEF MOKHASES WITH MADDAH ABOVE	10
10	<u>ু</u>	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER SAD WITH OUT SENNA	6
11	Ö	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER DAD WITH OUT SENNA	7
12	ূ	ALDANI ARABIC SIGN OF WAQAF	2
13	<u>ق</u>	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER NOON WITH SMALL HIGH YEH WITH FATHA ABOVE	6
14	د ه و	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER HAH WITH DAMMA ABOVE AND SMALL WAW BELOW	6
15	21:	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER YEH WITH HIGH YEH MAQUSA ABOVE	8
16	ے	ALDANI ARABIC LETTER HIGH YEH MAQUSA WITH DOT ABOVE	12
17	<u></u>	ALDANI ARABIC SMALL WAW INSIDE TATWEEL	13
18	٢	ALDANI ARABIC HAMZA INSIDE TATWEEL	13
19	Ì	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH FATHA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FATHA	1
20	i	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH FATHA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS KASRA	1
21	F	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH FATHA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS DAMMA	1
22	1	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH DAMMA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FATHA	2
23	4	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH DAMMA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS KASRA	5
24	+	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH DAMMA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS DAMMA	3
25	<u> </u>	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH KASRA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FATHA	1
26	1	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH KASRA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS KASRA	2
27	t	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH KASRA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS DAMMA	4
28	¥	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF MOTHAFAR WITH LAM	1
29	 	ALDANI ARABIC ALEF MOTHAFAR WITH LAM AND MADDAH ABOVE	10
30	ء ع	ALDANI ARABIC HAMZA JOINED WITH ALEF AND DAMMA ABOVE	6
31	ر ، ځ	ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN ABOVE LAM AND HAMZA JOINED WITH ALEF AND DAMMA ABOVE	9
32	Ź	ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH FATHA ABOVE	1

33	\Z\	ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH FATHA ABOVE LAM AND MADDAH	11
	4	ABOVE	
34	K ^{EL}	ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SHADDA AND DAMMA ABOVE LAM	11
35	04	ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN ABOVE LAM AND HAMZA	5
	על	WITH FATHA ABOVE	
36	, , , ,	ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN ABOVE LAM AND HAMZA	7
	87	WITH KASRA BELOW	
37	كَالاً ﴿	ALDANI ARABIC LAM WITH FATHA FOLLOWED BY HAMZA WITH	9
	ت	FATHA ABOVE TATWEEL AND JOINED WITH LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN	
		ABOVE LAM	

Comparison between the writing of Quran in narration Hafs (Khrraz) and narration Qaloon (Aldani)

No.	Name	Khrraz	Aldani
1	ARABIC DAMMA	٩	ر
2	ARABIC DAMMATAN IN CASE OF ETHHAR	9	7
3	ARABIC DAMMATAN IN CASE OF EDGAHM AND EKHFA	99	رب
4	ARABIC DAMMATAN IN CASE OF EQLAB	وم	رب
5	ARABIC FATHATAN IN CASE OF EQLAB	م	<u></u>
6	ARABIC KASRATAN IN CASE OF EQLAB	رم	7
7	ARABIC ALEF KHINGARIH)	١ ١
8	ARABIC ALEF MOKHASES	-	V
9	ARABIC LETTER ALEF MOKHASES WITH MADDAH ABOVE	-	7(
10	ARABIC LETTER SAD WITH OUT SENNA	-	0
11	ARABIC LETTER DAD WITH OUT SENNA	-	خ
12	ARABIC SIGN OF WAQAF	صلے	صر
13	ARABIC LETTER NOON WITH SMALL HIGH YEH WITH FATHA ABOVE	-	م م
14	ARABIC LETTER HAH WITH DAMMA ABOVE AND SMALL WAW BELOW	و ٥ و	د ه و
15	ARABIC LETTER YEH WITH HIGH YEH MAQUSA ABOVE	-	<u></u>
16	ARABIC LETTER HIGH YEH MAQUSA WITH DOT ABOVE	-	خ
17	ARABIC SMALL WAW INSIDE TATWEEL	-	9-
18	ARABIC HAMZA INSIDE TATWEEL	-	٤
19	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH FATHA AND THE SIGN OF	م م	j
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FATHA	- 1	'
20	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH FATHA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS KASRA	Ĩ	i
21	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH FATHA AND THE SIGN OF	٥	- i
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS DAMMA	- 1	٢
22	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH DAMMA AND THE SIGN OF THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FATHA	Ĩ	4
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FAITIA		

23	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH DAMMA AND THE SIGN OF	Ĩ	عا
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS KASRA	<u> </u>	
24	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH DAMMA AND THE SIGN OF	Ĩ	+
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS DAMMA	''	,
25	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH KASRA AND THE SIGN OF	Ĩ	
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS FATHA		6
26	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH KASRA AND THE SIGN OF	ص	1
	THE LETTER BEFOR IT IS KASRA	- 1	ا إ
27	ARABIC ALEF WASLA STARTED WITH KASRA AND THE SIGN OF THE	Ĩ	F
	LETTER BEFOR IT IS DAMMA	- 1	6
28	ARABIC ALEF MOTHAFAR WITH LAM		
		-	子
29	ARABIC ALEF MOTHAFAR WITH LAM AND MADDAH ABOVE	-	4
			_
30	ARABIC HAMZA JOINED WITH ALEF AND DAMMA ABOVE	ع ع	ر
		1	۴
31	ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN ABOVE LAM AND HAMZA JOINED	9 7	٠, -
	WITH ALEF AND DAMMA ABOVE		\
32	ARABIC I AM ALFF WITH FATHA ABOVE	Ý	7,1
32	ARADIC LAW ALLI WITH ATHA ABOVE	γ	Ź
33	ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH FATHA ABOVE LAM AND MADDAH	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Ĩ
	ABOVE	K	λ
34	ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SHADDA AND DAMMA ABOVE LAM	9	. نت
54	AND DE LAW ALLE WITH SHADDA AND DAMINA ADOVE LAW	<u> </u>	Z
35	ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN ABOVE LAM AND HAMZA WITH	رُهُ	ئ لا
	FATHA ABOVE		<u> </u>
36	ARABIC LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN ABOVE LAM AND HAMZA WITH	ي ڍ	الم الم
	KASRA BELOW	ک ے چ	چ <u>ء</u> ک
37	ARABIC LAM WITH FATHA FOLLOWED BY HAMZA WITH FATHA	لَلْاَ	0 -
	ABOVE TATWEEL AND JOINED WITH LAM ALEF WITH SUKUN		كالا
	ABOVE IAI WELL AND JOINED WITH LAW ALL! WITH SOKON		
	L VDOAT TVIAI		

إِنَّ لَلَّذِيرِ ﴿ كُفَرُ وِالسَّوَآءُ عَلَيْهِ مْ ءَ أَلْ نَذَ رْتَهُمْ أَمْ لَوْتُنذِ رْهُمْ كَوْمِنُو رَبِّ وَخَتَمَ أَلْلَهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلّمَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللّ أَبْصَا رهِمْ غِشَاوَةٌ وَلَهِمْ عَذَاكُ عَظِيمٌ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ عُولَ ءَامَنَا بِاللَّهِ وَبِالْيَوْمِلِالْهِ لَأَخِرُ وَمَاهُم بِمُؤْمِنِينَ يُخَدِّعُونَ اللَّهَ وَالَّذِينِ ءَامَنُواْ وَمَا يُخَدِّعُونِ إِلاَّ نَفْسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ فِي فَاقَلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌّ فَزَادَهُمُ ضاً وَلَمْ عُذَابُ أَلِيمٌ بِمَا كَانُو أَيْكَذَّ يُونَ وَ وَإِذَاقِيلَ لَهُمْ لِا تَفْسِدُ وِاْ فِي أَلْأَرْضِ قَالُو أَإِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُصْلِحُونَ أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُ الْمُفْسِدُونَ وَلَكِي لاَّيَتْعُرُونَ ١٥ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُ وَامْنُواْ كمَاءَامَرَ النَّاسُ قَالُواْ أَنْوْمِنُ كَمَاءَامَنَ السَّفَهَاءُ ٱلْإِنَّهُمْ هُمُ السَّفَهَآءُ وَلَكِي لِآيعُ الْمُونَ ٥٠ وَإِذَا لَقُو الْآلَذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُواْءَ امَنَّا وَإِذَا خَلَوْ أَإِلَّا شَيَطِينِهِمْ قَالُواْ إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ إِنَّمَا عَيْنَ مُسْتَهْزِءُونَ ١ اللَّهُ يَسْتَهْزِئُ بِهِمْ وَيَمُدُّ هُمْ فِي طُغْيًا نِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونِ ﴿ وَكُولُونَ الَّذِينِ إِلَيْ الشَّكَلَةَ بِالْهُدَىٰ فَمَا رَبِحَت تِجَارَتُهُمْ وَمَا كَانُواْمُهْتَدِينَ ٥

Figure 1

رَ وَهَا مَارِجُ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَهُم مُّوسَى ا بِالْبِيِّنَاتِ فَاسْتَكُبِّرُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَاكَانُواْ سَلْبِقِينَ لَدَّ أَخَذْنَ إِذَ نُبِ فَي فَي نَهُم مَّر ؟ أُخَذَتْهُ الصَّيْحَةُ وَمِنْهُم مَنْ خَسَفْنَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ أَغْرَقْنَ وَمَا كَانَ أَلْلَهُ لِتَظْلَمَهُمْ وَلَكِمْ انُواْأَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿ مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ إِتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ أَوْلِيآ ءَ كَمَثَلِ الْعَنكَةِ تِ إِلَّخَانَتْ بَيْتًا وَإِنَّ أَوْهَرِ الْبِيُوتِ لَبَيْتُ الْعَنَكِبُوتِ لَوْكَانُواْ تُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِيُّهُ شَيْءً وَهُوَ الْعَرِيزُ الْحُكِيمُ ﴿ وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَالُ الرص وَمَا يَعْقِلُهَا إِلاَّ أَلْعَالُمُ ورَبِّ هِ أُللَّهُ السَّمَواتِ وَالْأَرْضِ بِالْحُوِّ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِّكَ نىن الله المُثلُ مَا أُوحِ مَا إِلَيْكَ مِنَ أَلْكُتُ وَأَقِهِ الصَّلَوٰةَ إِرِّ الصَّلَوٰةَ تَنْهُوا عَنِ الْغَيْشَاءِ وَلَذِكُ رُاللَّهِ أَكْبَرُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَصْنَعُونَ

Figure 2

مَتَ لَهُمْ كَمَتَ لِالَّذِهِ إِسْتَوْقَدَنَا رَأَ فَلَمَّا أَضَآءَتْ مَاحَوْلَهُ إِذَ هَبَ اللَّهُ بنوره وتركهم في ظُلْمَتِ لأَينهم ون و صُمٌّ بُكُوعُمْ عُمْيُ فَهُمْ لِآيَرْجِعُونَ ﴿ أَوْكَصَيِبِ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ فِيهِ ظُلُمَتُ وَرَعْدُ وَبَوْقُ يَجْعَلُونَ أَصَابِعَهُمْ فِيءَاذَانِهِم مِّنَ الصَّوَاعِقِ حَذَرَالْمَوْتِ وَاللَّهُ مِحِيظٌ بِالْكَفِرِينَ وَيَكَادُ الْبَرْقُ يَخْطَفُ أَبْصَارَهُمْ كُلَّمَا أَضَاءَ لَهُ مِ مَّشَوْا فِيهِ وَإِذَا أَظْلَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ قَامُواْ وَلَوْشَاءَ اللَّهُ لَذَهَبَ بِسَمْعِهِمْ وَأَبْصَارِهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَمَا كِلِّ شَنْءِ فَدِيرٌ ﴿ يَا أَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسِ (الْعُبُدُو أُرَبَّكُمُ لَا اللَّهُ النَّاسِ (الْعُبُدُو أُرَبَّكُمُ لَا اللَّهُ اللَّ اللَّهُ اللّ اللَّذِهِ خَلَقَكُمْ وَاللَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ﴿ الَّذِهِ جَعَلَ لَكُ مُ الْأَرْضَ فِرَاشاً وَالسَّمَاءَ بِنَاءً وَأَنزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَأَخْرَجَ بِهُمِنَ ٱلتَّمَراتِ رِزْقاً لَّكُمْ فَلَا تَجْعَلُواْ لِلَهِ أَندَاداً وَأَنتُ مُ تَعْلَمُونَ ١٥ وَإِن كُنتُمْ فِي رَيْبٍ مِمَّا نَزَّلْنَا عَلَىٰ عَبْدِنَا فَأْ تُواْ بِسُورَةٍ مِن مِّثْ لِهُ وَادْعُواْ شُهَدَآءَ كُوْمِن دُونِ اللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمْ صَلَّا قِينِ ﴾ ﴿ فَإِن لَّوْ تَفْعَلُواْ وَلَن تَفْعَلُواْ فَاتَّقَوْاْ التَّارَالَّتِي وَقُودُ هَا النَّاسُ وَالْجِكَارَةُ الْعِدَتْ لِلْكَفِرِينَ ٥

Figure 3

وَيَصْنَعُ الْفُلْكَ وَكُلَّمَا مَرَّعَلَيْهِ مَلَّا مَن قَوْمِهُ سَخِرُواْمِنْهُ قَالَ إِن تَسْخَرُواْ مِنَّا فَإِنَّا نَسْخَرُ مِنكُمْ كَمَا تَسْخَرُ وَتُ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ يَكُ إِيدِ عَذَابُ يُخْزِيدِ وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيهُ مَ حَتَّى إِذَ اجَاأَمُ رُنَا وَفَ ارَالْتَنُّورُ قُلْنَا مُمِلْ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجَيْن إِثْنَيْن وَأَهْلَكَ إِلاَّمَن سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ الْقَوْلُ وَمَنْ ءَامَنَ وَمَاءَامَنَ مَعَهُ إِلاَّ قَلِيلٌ ﴿ وَقَالَ إِرْكُبُواْ فِيهَا بسُ مِاللَّهِ مُجْرَلُهَا وَمُرْسَلُهَا إِنَّ رَبِّهِ لَعَنُورُ رَّحِيلُمْ ١ وَهْىَ تَجْورِ وِبِهِمْ فِي مَوْجِ كَالْجِهَالُ وَنَادَى نُوخُ إِبْنَهُ وَكَانَ فِي مَعْزِلِ يَلْبُنَى إِرْكِبِ مَّعَنَا وَلاَ تَكُن مَّعَ أَلْكَفْرِينَ ٥ قَالَسَعَاوِم إِلَى جَبَل يَعْصِمُن مِنَ الْمَآءِ قَالَ لاَعَاصِمَ الْيَوْمَمِنْ أَمْرِاللَّهِ إِلاَّ مَن رَّحِمَّ وَحَالَ بَيْنَهُمَا ٱلْمَوْجُ فَكَانَ مِنَ الْمُغْرَقِينَ ٥ وَقِيلَ يَا أَرْضُ إَلَى لَعِيمَاءَ لِكُ وَيَلْمَمَاءُ أَقْلِعِيمَ وَغِيضَ الْمَآءُ وَقُضِهِ ۚ إَلَا مْرُ وَاسْتَوَتْ عَلَى الْجُودِي وَقِيلَ بَعْداً لِّلْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِينَ ﴿ وَنَادَىٰ نُوحٌ رَّبَّتُهُ فَقَالَ رَبِ إِنَّ إَبْنِهِ مِنْ أَهْلِهِ وَإِنَّ وَعْدَكَ الْحَوُّ وَأَنتَ أَحْكُمُ الْحَلَيْمِارَ وَا

سَفَرِ وَلَمْ تَجِدُ وأَكَاتِباً فَرَهَنُ مَقْبُونَ فَإِنْ أَمرِ ﴿ يَعْضُكُمْ يَعْضَاً فَكُنَّوَ قِيالَّذَ مِنْ أَوْ تُمِنَ أَمَانَتَهُ وَلَيْتُو رَبُّهُ وَلاَ تَكْتُمُو أَا لَشَّهَا دَةً وَمَر عُ يَكْتُمُهَا فَإِنَّهُ وَاتِمُ قَلْبُهُ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ عَلِيهُ ﴿ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَإِرِ • تَبْدُواْمَا فِي أَنفُسِكُمْ أَوْتَخْفُوهُ يُحَاسِبْكُم بِهِ اللَّهُ عْلِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّب مِّر ؛ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ ال كُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَدِيرُ ١٥٥ ءَ امَنَ ٱلرَّسُولُ بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْهِ مِن رَّبِّةً وَالْمُؤْمِنُورِ جُ كُلُّ ءَامَرِ جَ بِاللَّهِ وَمَّلَمُ كَتِهُ وَكُتُبِهُ لَهُ لَا نُفَرُ قُ بَيْنَ أَحَدِ مِرِن سَمعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا غَفْرَا نَكَ رَبَّنَا وَإِلَيْكَ أَلْمَصِيرُ 8 لأَنْكُلُّفُ أَلَّهُ نَفْساً إِلاَّ وُسْعَهَا لَهَا مَا كَسَيَتُ وَعَلَيْهَا مَا كُسَّيَتُ وَعَلَيْهَا مَا أَكْسَ رَبِّنَا لَا تُوَاخِذْ نَاإِرِ . نُسَيِنَا أَوْأَخْطَأْنَا رَبِّنَا وَلَا تَعْمَلْ عَلَيْنَ اإصْرِأَكُمَا حَمَالْتَهُ عَلَى إِلَّذِيرِ مِن قَبْلِنَا رَبَّنَا وَلاَ تُحَكِمِلْنَا مَا لاَ طَاقَةَ لَنَابِهُ وَاعْفُ عَنَّا وَاعْفِ عَنَّا وَاعْفِرْلَنَّا وَارْحَمْ الْأَنْ مَوْلَلْنَا فَانْصِرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَفِرِينَ

Figure 5

يْمَانَ قَالَأَتُمِدُّ وَنَرَّ بِمَالِ فَمَاءَاتَلِنَ ٱللَّهُ خَيْرُقِمَّاءَاتَكُمُ دِيَّتِكُوْ تَفْرَحُونَ ۞ إَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ مْ فَلَنَأْ تِيَنَّهُ مِجِبُنُودِ لاَّقِبَلَ ا وَلَخُرجَنَّهُم مِّنْهَا أَذِ لَّةً وَهُمْ اللَّهِ رُونَ ﴿ قَالَ يَا يُتُهَا اَلْمَلَوُا أَيُّكُمْ يَأْتِينِي بِعَرْشِهَا قَبْلَ أَنْ يَأْتُونِي مُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ قَالَعِفْرِيتُ مِنَ أَيْجِنَّ أَنَاءَ اِتِيكَ بِهِ قَبُلَ أَنِ تَقُومَ مِن مَّقَامِكَ وَإِنِّهِ عَلَيْهِ لَقَويُّ أَمِينُ ﴿ وَهُ قَالَ الَّذِهِ عِندَهُ عِلْمُ مِنَ الْكِتَبِ أَنَاءَ اتِيكَ بِهِ قَبْ أَنْ تَنْ تَدَيْ إِلَيْكَ طَرْ فُكَّ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهُ مُسْتَقِرًا عِندَهُ قَالَ هَلْذَامِن فَضْلِ رَبِّه لِتنْلُونِي وَالشُّكُولُمُ أَكْفُرُومَر . شَكَوَ فَإِنَّمَا يَشْكُرُ لِنَفْسِةً وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ رَبِّعِغَنيٌّ كُرِيمُ ١٠ قَالَ نَكُرُ وِالْهَاعَ شَهَا نَنظُوْأَ تَهْتَا أَمْ تَكُونُ مِنَ الَّذِينَ لاَ يَهْتَدُ ورَ ﴿ فَالْمَاجَآءَ ثُـ قِيلَ أَهَلَانَاعَ شُكِ قَالَتْ كَأَنَّهُ هُوَ وَإِلَى تِسَاأَلُعَلَى مِن قَعْلَهَا وَكُنَّا مُسْلَمِيرٍ جَ الله إنهاكانت من قَوْمِ كَلْفِرِينَ ﴿ قِيلَ لَهَا أَدْخُلِمِ الصَّرْحُ فَلَمَّا رَأَتُهُ حَسِبَتُهُ لَجَّةً وَكَشَفَتْ عَن سَاقَيْهَا قَالَ إِنَّا فَي صَالَا إِلَّهُ مَا مَرَدُ مِن قَوَارِيرَ ﴿ قَالَتْ رَبِإِنِّے ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِهِ وَأَسْلَمْتُ مَعَ سُلَيْمَلَ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَلْمِينَ اللَّهِ وَبِّ الْعَلْمِينَ

انَ مِنْ عِندِ اللَّهِ وَكَفَيْتُهِ مِبْدُوَ شَهِدَ شَكَ آء مل عَلَامِثْلَهُ فَعَامِنَ وَ يُ فَسَتَقُولُونَ هَذَا إِفْكُ قَدِيمٌ ١٠ وَمِن قَسْلِهُ اْ وَبُشْرَى لِلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ قَالُواْرَبُّنَا اللَّهُ ثُمَّ إِسْتَقَامُواْ فَكَرْخُوْفَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلاَهُمْ يَجْزَنُونَ ١٠ أَوْلَمِكَ أَصْعَلَ اً حَمَلَتْهُ الْمَنْهُ كَوْها وَ أنأشه وَأَصْلِحُ لِي فِي ذُرِّيَّتِيَّ إِنِّي تُبْتُ إِلَيْكَ وَإِنِّهِ مِرْ ۖ الْمُسْلِمِينَ يَتَقَتَلُ عَنْهُمْ أَحْسَنُ مَاعَب الْجُنَّةِ وَعْدَ الصِّدْقِ النِّيكِ كَانُواْ يُوْعَدُونَ ٥

مَوْمَ يَجْمَعُ اللَّهُ الرُّسُلَ فَيَتَقُولُ مَا ذَ الْجِبْتُمْ قَالُواْ لَاعِب إِنَّكَ أَنتَ عَكَّدُمُ الْغُيُوبُ ۞ إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَعِيسَى إَبْنَ مَرْيَمَ ٩ ذُكُونِعْ مَتِهِ عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَى وَالْدَيْكَ لِإِذْ أَيَّدَتُّكَ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ تَكِيِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْ لاَّ وَإِذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ الْكِتَابِ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَالتَّوْرَكَةَ وَالإِنْجِيلَ وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مِرَ الطِّين كَهَيْئَةِ الطَّيْرِبِإِذْ نِي فَتَنفَخُ فِيهَا فَتَكُونَ طَلْبِراً بِإِذْنِي وَتُبْرِحُ الْأَكْمُ وَالْأَبْرَصَ بِإِذْنِهُ وَإِذْ تَخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَىٰ بإذية وإذكففت بنع إسرآء يل عَنكَ إذجئتَهُم بِالْبَيّنَاتِ فَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْهُمْ إِرِ * هَلْذَ الْإِلاَّ سِحْ رُمِّبِينَ الْمَالِدُ سِحْ رُمِّبِينَ الْمَ * وَإِذْ أَوْحَيْتُ إِلَى أَنْحُوا رِثِينَ أَنْءَامِ نُواْ بِي وَبَرَسُولِي قَالُهُ أَءَ امَنَكَ وَاشْهَدْ بِأَنَّنَا مُسْلِمُورَ مَنْ إِذْ قَالَ الْحُوَارِيُّونَ يَلْعِيسَى إَبْنَمَ عُرْيَةُ هَلْ يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُّكَ أَنْ يُهَنِّلَ عَلَيْنَ مَا يِدَةً مِّنَ الْسَكَمَاءِ قَالَ إِنَّ قُو الْاللَّةِ إِن كُنتُم مَّؤْمِنِينَ ۞ قَالُواْ نُرِيدُ أَن نَّأْكُلَ مِنْهَا وَتَطْمَيِّنَّ قُلُوبُنَا وَنَعْلَمَ أَن قَدْ صَدَ قُتَنَا وَنَكُورَ عَلَيْهَا مِرَ الشَّلَه ديتَ ٥

Figure 8



Figure 9

كَانَتْ لَكُمُ الدَّارُأْءَ لأَخِرَةُ عِندَاللَّهِ خَالِصَةً النَّاسِ فَتَمَنَّوُا الْمَوْتَ إِن كُنتُو كُنتُو كُلَّهُ نَّوْهُ أَكِداً كِمَا قَدَّمَتْ لظُّلْمِيرِ جُ ﴿ وَلَتَّجَدَنَّهُمْ أَحْرَضَ أَلْنَاسٍ عَلَى حَمَوْ ير ﴿ أَشْرَكُواْ يَوَدُّ أَحَدُهُمْ لَوْيَعَمَّهُ أَلْفَ سَنَةً زِحِهُ مِرِبَ ٱلْعَـٰذَابِأَنْ يَعَرِّوَ اللَّهُ بَهِ ونَ ﴿ قُلْ مَن كَارِ ؟ عَدُ وَ أَلِجُ بْرِيلَ فَإِنَّهُ إِنَّ لَهُ كَ بِإِذْ رِ . إِللَّهِ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ كِدَيْهِ وَهُدِّي نين إلى مَن كَانَ عَدُ وَأَلِلَّهِ وَمَلَّا عَلَمْ فَإِنَّ أَلِلَّهُ عَدُوًّ كَنْ كُو عَالَتُ بِكُنَّاتُ وَمَا رَكُ فَيْ بِهَا بَلْ أَكْنَارُهُ إِلا يُؤْمِنُو رَبُّ ﴿ وَلَمَّاجَاءَهُ وَرُسُولَ مِّنْ عِندِ مُصَدِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَهُمْ نَبَذَ فَرِيقٌ مِر سَ اللَّذِينَ أُوتُو أَا لُكِتَابَ حَتَٰبَ اللَّهِ وَرَآءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ كَأَنَّهُمْ لا يَعْلَمُونَ

Figure 10



Figure 11

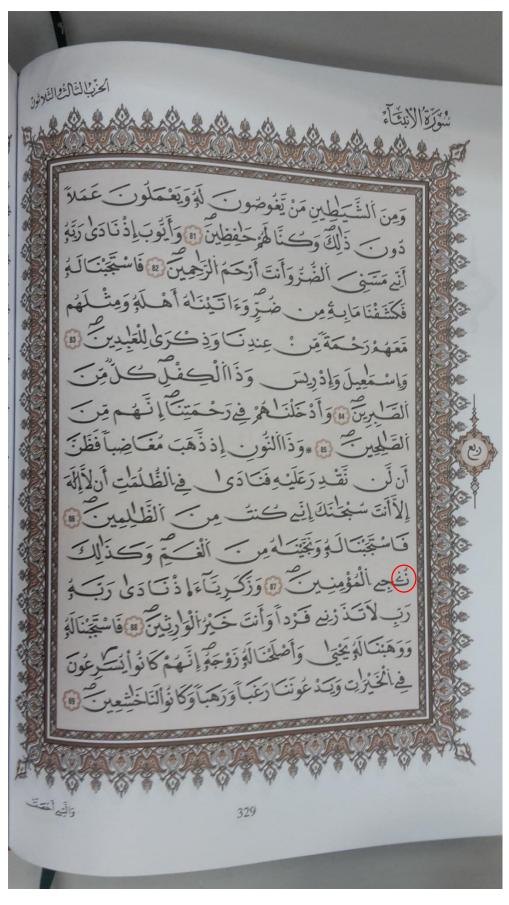


Figure 12

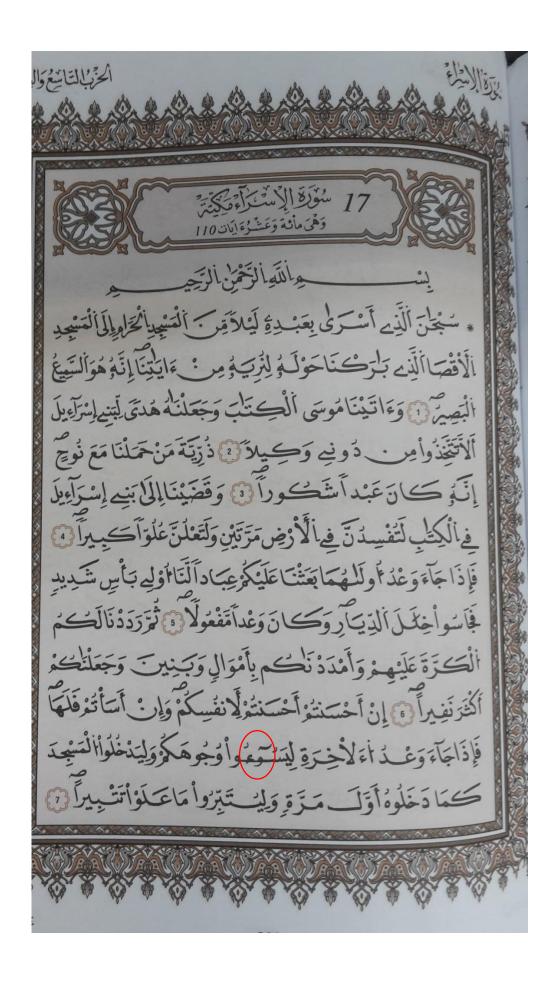


Figure 13

Description:

ETHHAR, EDGAHM, EKHFA and EQLAB – These four cases for Tanween (Fathatan, Dammatan and Kasratan) depends on the letter comes after Tanween.

ALDANI ARABIC LETTER SAD WITH OUT SENNA and ALDANI ARABIC LETTER DAD WITH OUT SENNA — These two letters used only if there is ALDANI ARABIC ALEF KHINGARIH after one of them.

ALDANI ARABIC SIGN OF WAQAF – This is the mandatory pause sign. Recited must take a pause here.

ALDANI ARABIC ALEF WASLA – It has nine shapes depends on two things: the sign before it, and how it recited when we start read the word beginning with it.

ALDANI ARABIC LAM ALEF – The first letter is Alef and the second is Lam. It is opposite to normal Arabic Lam Alef.

Reference:

1. Holy Quran – published by General Authority of Awqaf and Zakat Affairs / Libya, 2010.

<u>www.ahlalhdeeth.com/vb/showthread.ph</u> p?t=241984

- 2. Tawjehat Aldani lethwaher alrasem alqurani, Hassan Abdel Jalil A'badleh, 2007. Journal of the Islamic University, a series of Islamic Studies, Volume 15, Issue 1.
- 3. Proposal to encode Quranic marks used in Quran published in Pakistan, Lateef Sagar, 2014.

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2

PROPOSAL SUMMARY FORM TO ACCOMPANY SUBMISSIONS

Please fill all the sections A, B and C below.

Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P & P) from

 $\underline{http://std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html} \ \ \textbf{for guidelines and details before filling this form.}$

Please ensure you are using the latest Form from http://std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html.

See also $\underline{http://std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html} \ \ \textbf{for latest Roadmaps.}$

A. Administrative

1. Title: Proposal to encode Quranic marks used in Quran published in Libya (Narration of Qaloon with script Aldani)				
2. Requester's name:		Mussa A. A. Abudena		
3. Requester Type (Memb	er body/Liaison/individual contribution):	Individual Contribution		
4. Submission date:		11/29/2015		
5. Requester's reference (if applicable):				
6. Choose one of the follo	wing:			
This is	a complete proposal:	Yes		
(or) M	ore information will be provided later:	No		

B. Technical – General

1. Choose one of the following:	
a. This proposal is for a new script (set of characters):	Yes
Proposed name of script:	Aldani
b. The proposal is for addition of character(s) to an exis	sting block: Yes
Name of existing block:	Arabic Extended-A
2. Number of characters in proposal:	37
3. Proposed category: (select one from below - see sec	tion 2.2 of P&P document):
A-Contemporary B.1-Specialized (small collection	on) B.2-Specialized (large collection) Yes
C-Major extinct D-Attested extinct	E-Minor extinct
F-Archaic Hieroglyphic or Ideographic G-Ob	scure or questionable usage symbols
4. Is a repertoire including character names provided?	Yes
 a. If YES, are the names in accordance with the document? 	ne "character naming guidelines" in Annex L of P&P
b. Are the character shapes attached in a leg	ible form suitable for review? Yes

5. Fonts related:

a. Who will provide the appropriate computerized font for publishing the standard?

Mussa A. A. Abudena

b. Identify the party granting a license for use of the font by the editors (include address, e-mail, ftp-site, etc.):

Mussa A. A. Abudena (Abudena1965@yahoo.com)

6. References:

- a. Are references (to other character sets, dictionaries, descriptive texts etc.) provided? Yes
- b. Are published examples of use (such as samples from newspapers, magazines, or other sources) of proposed characters attached?

7. Special encoding issues:

Does the proposal address other aspects of character data processing (if applicable) such as input, presentation, sorting, searching, indexing, transliteration etc. (if yes please endorse information)? Yes

See the section titled Character names and shapes

8. Additional information:

Submitters are invited to provide any additional information about Properties of the proposed Character(s) or Script that will assist in correct understanding of and correct linguistic processing of the proposed character(s) or script. Examples of such properties are: Casing information, Numeric information, Currency information, Display behaviour information such as line breaks, widths etc., Combining behaviour, Spacing behaviour, Directional behaviour, Default Collation behaviour, relevance in Mark Up contexts, Compatibility equivalence and other Unicode normalization related information. See the Unicode standard at http://www.unicode.org for such information on other scripts. Also see Unicode Character Database (http://www.unicode.org/reports/tr44/) and associated Unicode Technical Reports for information needed for consideration by the Unicode Technical Committee for inclusion in the Unicode Standard.

C. Technical - Justification

3. Infor tech	t or characters, other experts, e If YES, with whom? If YES, available relevant demation on the user community nology use, or publishing use) is Reference:	ocuments: for the propos			
tech	If YES, available relevant d mation on the user community nology use, or publishing use) is	ocuments: for the propos	ed characters (for exam		
tech	mation on the user community nology use, or publishing use) is	for the propos	ed characters (for exam		
tech	nology use, or publishing use) is			pie: size, den	nographics, information
4. The	0, , ,	included?	165		-0 - 1,,
	Reference:		Juslims in North Africa		
	context of use for the proposed			ro):	ommon in Quranic-writir
5. Are t	· · ·	` , ,	are very common in Qur	,	
o. Ale i	he proposed characters in curre		•	Yes	III LIDYA
	If YES, where? Reference:		Jsed by Muslims in Nort		
6. Afte	giving due considerations to th		•		ad characters be entirely
	e BMP?		'es	t the propose	ed characters be entirely
111 (11	If YES, is a rationale provid		es 'es		
	If YES, reference:		could be kept with their	counternart	s in Arabic block
	ii 163, reference.	Characters	could be kept with their	counterpart	S III AI abic block

	lid the proposed characters be kept toget	her in a contiguous range (rather than being	g scattered)? Y
8. Can	any of the proposed characters be consid	ered a presentation form of an existing char	acter or character
sequ	ence?	No	
	If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion pr If YES, reference:	ovided?	
	any of the proposed characters be encod ers or other proposed characters?	ed using a composed character sequence of No	either existing
	If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion pr	ovided?	
	If YES, reference:		
	ed with, an existing character?	sidered to be similar (in appearance or funct	
	If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion pr	ovided?	
	If YES, reference:		
11. Do	es the proposal include use of combining	characters and/or use of composite sequence	ces?
	If YES, is a rationale for such use provi	led?	ì
	If YES, reference:	Most of the characters are combining, as ca	n be seen in sam
	Is a list of composite sequences and th	eir corresponding glyph images (graphic syn	nbols) provided?
	If YES, reference:		
12. Doe semant		y special properties such as control function	n or similar
	If YES, describe in detail (include attac	nment if necessary):	
13. Doe	es the proposal contain any Ideographic c	ompatibility characters?	
	If VCC are the equivalent correspondi	g unified ideographic characters identified?	
	ii 1ES, are the equivalent corresponding	g diffiled ideographic characters identified:	