Eiso Chan (陈永聪)

## **Proposal to encode Cantonese Bopomofo Characters**

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## **1. Introduction**

This proposal is a followup to L2/19-100 *Preliminary proposal to encode four extended Bopomofo letters for Cantonese in BMP* by Eiso Chan (陈永聪).

Cantonese (廣東話, 广东话, Gwong2 Dung1 Waa2) is a variety of Chinese spoken by approximately 80 million native speakers. Between the 01930s and 01950s, Bopomofo (or Zhuyin Fuhao) was adapted to transcribe Cantonese by adding 4 additional characters, currently unencoded in Unicode. These additional characters are proposed below.

# 2. Request

- This proposal requests the addition of 4 new characters in the Bopomofo Extended block with the following names and code points:
  - U+31BC ♀ BOPOMOFO LETTER GW
  - U+31BD 🕱 BOPOMOFO LETTER KW
  - U+31BE ♥ BOPOMOFO LETTER OE
  - U+31BF  $\mathcal{N}$  BOPOMOFO LETTER AH
- Additionally, this proposal requests the following changes to the Unicode Core Spec, section 18.3 Bopomofo (under Extended Bopomofo):
  - Replace the following line from the first paragraph:

*There are no standard Bopomofo letters for the phonetics of Cantonese or several other Southern Chinese dialects.* 

with the following:

The use of Bopomofo letters for the phonetics of Cantonese and several other Southern Chinese dialects was never fully standardized. However, there have been several attempts, some of which have been represented in published documents. • Add the following to the end of the first paragraph:

The four characters encoded at U+31BC..U+31BF were designed to cover additional sounds found in Cantonese.

• Add the following subsection after the second paragraph:

In Cantonese, final consonants not covered by the set of standard Bopomofo with final "N" and "NG" are marked with a standard-sized character ( $\ddagger$ ,  $\sqcap$ ,  $\ddagger$ ,  $\exists$ ,  $\exists$ ,  $\varPi$ ,  $\square$ ).

# 3. Justification

The images below, from 全國主要方言區方音對照表 (one of the initial documents proposing these characters) show first the two initials (Figure 1), BOPOMOFO LETTER GW (here marked as kw) and BOPOMOFO LETTER KW (here marked as k'w)<sup>1</sup>, then the two finals (Figure 2), BOPOMOFO LETTER OE (here marked as œ) and BOPOMOFO LETTER AH (here marked as ɛ):

									1	•	聲母										
53%	北京	廣州	客家	廈門	福州	溫州	浙江	上海	江淮	四川			廣州	客家	廈門	福州	溫州	浙江	上海	江淮	四川
注音字母											注音字母										
5	р	р	р	р	p	р	р	р	р	р	Я	tş'		č'8)							
*	$\mathbf{p}^{\star}$	p'	p'	p'	p'	p'	p'	$\mathbf{p}^{\prime}$	p'	p'	ア	ទ		š9							
п	m	m	m		m	m	m	m	m	m	Ð	z								Z,	z
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ч	tç	tiç	1		(3)	tφ	tç	tiş	tεs	ts	r						ĥ(i)	$\mathbf{h}(\mathbf{i})$	fi(i)		
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ŕ			n			n.	n	11a		n.	ប						$\mathbf{\hat{h}}(\mathbf{y})$	h(y)	$\mathfrak{h}(\mathbf{y})$		
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ш	tş		Č)								प्र		k'w								

Figure 1: 全國主要方言區方音對照表 pg. 6

①尖音時為 ts, 國書時為 k。②尖音時為 ts', 國善時為 k'。③ ts, to之間。④ ts', to'之間。⑤ \$, 6 之間。⑥ ta i 音前。 ⑦ tş, to 之間。⑧ ts', to'之間。⑨寬式的 \$。⑩ 在 i 前讀 to。⑪ 在 i 前讀 to'。⑫ 半子音,帶音。⑬温州、浙江、上海的 濁音送氣記號係根據趙元任"現代吳語的研究"註的。按實際上這些音的送氣是很輕微的。

#### 本表注音字母音值表 1. *黨*丹

Figure 2: 全國主要方言區方音對照表 pg. 7

地 国際音齋 注音字母		廣州	客家	廈門	福州	溫州	. 浙江	上海	江淮	四川	地區 注音字母 注音字母	北京	廣州	客家	廈門	福州	溫州	浙江	上海	江淮	四川
Y	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	а	a	a	T				ວŋ	ouŋ		ວŋ	эŋ		
Z	0	0	0	0	э	0	0	0	0	0	고						oŋ	vŋ	vŋ	սŋ	
t.	२,४		э			Э					5				э		0				
ŧ	ε	B	e	e	ε	e	e	e	e	e	ሼ					a(k)		a?	a <b>?</b>	a?	
1	i	li	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	ਣ,				1	au(k)			09	0 <b>?</b>	
х	u	u	u	u	ս	u	ս	u	u	u	ŧ,					εi(k)			e?	e?	
U	У	у	iu		у	у	У	у	у	у	ಕ್ಕ								99	99	
A.	ər						r	ər	ər	r	հ					i(k)			i9	i9	
75	ai	ai	ai	ai	ai	ai			ai	ai	55					ai(k)					
٦	ei	ei							əi	е	<b>£</b> ,					au(k)			-		
Ŕ	au	au	au	au	э	au	av	э	au	au	z					ou(k)					
<b>X</b> ≈	ou	au	eu		ou		əu	əu	əu	90	х					u(k)					
5	an	an	an	an	aŋ				an	an	Ц					y(k)					
5	ən	en	en		εiŋ	۸ŋ	en	əŋ	ən	en	Y:					ã					
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2. 韻母

①與p,p',m,x,\$,y,拼時為 oŋ。

<sup>1</sup>Both Cantonese and Mandarin do not distinguish between voiced and voiceless consonants, but rather voiceless unaspirated and voiceless aspirated consonants. In older transliteration schemes, this distinction is reflected as without and with an apostrophe (ta vs. t'a, ka vs. k'a, etc.). However, most modern transliteration schemes including Yale, Jyutping, and Pinyin reflect this distinction as voiced and voiceless letters (da vs. ta, ga vs. ka, etc.). The proposed Unicode names reflect this modern transliteration style.

• Figure 3 below (from 廣州音農民速成識字課本, a literacy textbook for farmers) shows clear representations of the glyph shapes and the position of the new characters in the standard Cantonese Bopomofo ordering. Note that the reading direction is top-to-bottom, right-to-left.

幺		幺	≪	5	
又	X	灭	万	攵	法音
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Figure 3: 廣州音農民速成識字課本 pg. 4

• Figure 4 below (also from 廣州音農民速成識字課本) shows usage of BOPOMOFO LETTER GW (1) and BOPOMOFO LETTER KW (2). These two characters are transcribed as *gwok* and *kwan* (in Jyutping) respectively. Also note the use of the final middle dot (3) to mark the final -k in *gwok*.

進其再是送了爱王挑於抗 步見、給愛國·選其美語 並不向其要×武良或?援! 雄、前、求、裝書者#朝、 快易後家火星世で看出打· 购资來·燒了界《飯·販》 跳茶家~煤~和~保意酸了 高·易·球平·家《人· 走"救"互×衛、搞" 路是星動調美好 跨海流合菜莊着 過《水·作業稼》衆 - 19 -

• Figure 5 below (from 廣州音職工速成識字課本, a literacy textbook for laborers) shows usage of BOPOMOFO LETTER OE (1) and BOPOMOFO LETTER AH (2). These two characters are transcribed as *ceot* and *bat* respectively.

Figure 5: 廣州音職工速成識字課本 pg. 1	15
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且全明元它至去至比至午难 羊荒友又行法支生左世牛型 兄、必是早美付云右云不行 弟?半?打?共系手了只当 合家守正市工同菜足等水 用系名語百音平語自出火日 功影字"交影吗"已"公影 完了米、他等可臣反臣元号 全望了你到了一正是大家 外晋式三先三立资令"古" 如在生生了有文白了民家 折; 而-光系示"出美主 - 15 -

• Figures 6 and 7 shows the use of all four Cantonese-specific Bopomofo characters in a horizontal context. Note in Figure 8 that in this source, the middle dot is not used after final consonants.

Figure 6: 全國主要方言區方音對照表 pg. 61

		廣州	
405	菌	ጃዓ	
	君	ዿዓ	
	均	ዿዓ	
	軍	<u>ዿ</u> ፟፝፝	

Figure 7: 全國主要方言區方音對照表 pg. 63

嵌 「ハП

- 潛 <Ⅰ□
- くしら 侵 くハロ
  - ☆秦 く∀ろ
    - 琴 5/11

Figure 8: 全國主要方言區方音對照表 pg. 64

<UH 確 525 缺 5Ut

• Note: Tones are not marked in any of sources of Cantonese Bopomofo, and thus no additional tone marks are proposed at this time

# 4. Alternative encoding possibilities

The four Cantonese Bopomofo characters cannot be depicted using the currently encoded set of Bopomofo characters, and are showed to be semantically contrasted with the other Bopomofo glyphs.

The only possibility for unification is BOPOMOFO LETTER AH superficially resembles U+30CF KATAKANA LETTER HA >>. However, the drastically different use case of the Bopomofo character necessitates that it not be unified with this Katakana character.

## 5. Character Data

## 5.1 Glyphs





### **5.2 Character properties**

In UnicodeData.txt format:

- 31BC;BOPOMOFO LETTER GW;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;
- 31BD;BOPOMOFO LETTER KW;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;
- 31BE;BOPOMOFO LETTER OE;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;
- 31BF;BOPOMOFO LETTER AH;Lo;0;L;;;;N;;;;

All other properties are identical to U+3105 BOPOMOFO LETTER B

## 5.3 Collation order

As indicated by Figure 3 above, the collation order for Cantonese Bopomofo is:

However, as the other Cantonese Bopomofo characters have already been encoded, the ordering of the four proposed characters should be:

### ዿ‹፞፞፞፞፞፞៹,∀<ハ

## 6. Sources

- 全國主要方言區方音對照表, Chinese Character Reform Commission, Beijing: ZhonghuaBook Company, 1954
- 廣州音農民速成識字課本, South China Peoples Publishing House, Guangzhou: Xinhua Bookstore, 1952
- 廣州音職工速成識字課本, South China Peoples Publishing House, Guangzhou: Xinhua Bookstore, 1952

# 7. Acknowledgements

We would like to thank Alex DelPriore, Jerry You, Hinata Syaoran, and Debbie Anderson for their help in obtaining materials for evidence of these characters and for assistance with editing this proposal.

### ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2 PROPOSAL SUMMARY FORM TO ACCOMPANY SUBMISSIONS FOR ADDITIONS TO THE REPERTOIRE OF ISO/IEC 10646

Please fill all the sections A, B and C below.

Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P & P) from

http://std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html for guidelines and details before filling

this form.

Please ensure you are using the latest Form from

http://std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html.

See also <u>http://std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html</u> for latest *Roadmaps*.

Form number: N4502-F ( Original 1994-10-14; Revised 1995-01, 1995-04, 1996-04, 1996-08,

1999-03, 2001-05, 2001-09, 2003-11, 2005-01, 2005-09, 2005-10, 2007-03, 2008-05, 2009-11, 2011-03, 2012-01)

#### A. Administrative

1. <b>Title</b> :	Proposal to encode Cantonese Bopon	ofo Characters
2. Requester's name:	Ben Yang and E	iso Chan
3. Requester type (Member boo	ly/Liaison/Individual contribution):	Individual contribution
4. Submission date:		02019-04-29
5. Requester's reference (if app	licable):	
6. Choose one of the following:		
This is a complete propos	al:	YES
(or) More information wi	ll be provided later:	

#### **B. Technical - General**

1. Choose one of the f	following:		
a. This proposal	is for a new script (set of chara	acters):	NO
Proposed	name of script:		
b. The proposal	is for addition of character(s) to	o an existing block:	YES
Name of th	ne existing block:	Bopomofo Extended	
2. Number of charact			4
3. Proposed category	(select one from below - see see	ction 2.2 of P&P document):	
A-Contemporary	B.1-Specialized (small collection)	X B.2-Specialized (large co	llection)
	D-Attested extinct	E-Minor extinct	
F-Archaic Hieroglyph	ic or Ideographic	G-Obscure or questionable usage sy	mbols
4. Is a repertoire incl	uding character names provide	d?	YES
a. If YES, are the	e names in accordance with the	"character naming guidelines"	YES
b. Are the chara	cter shapes attached in a legibl	e form suitable for review?	YES
5. Fonts related:			
a. Who will pro the standard?	vide the appropriate computeri	zed font to the Project Editor of 1064	6 for publishing
	B	en Yang	
b. Identify the p site, etc.):	arty granting a license for use o	of the font by the editors (include add	lress, e-mail, ftp-
	Ben	Yang, OFL	
6. References:			
a. Are reference provided?	es (to other character sets, dictio	onaries, descriptive texts etc.)	YES
b. Are published	d examples of use (such as samj	ples from newspapers, magazines, or	other sources)
of propose	ed characters attached?	YES	
7. Special encoding is	sue		

Does the proposal address other aspects of character data processing (if applicable) such as input, presentation, sorting, searching, indexing, transliteration etc. (if yes please enclose information)?

### see proposal

8. Submitters are invited to provide any additional information about Properties of the proposed Character(s) or Script that will assist in correct understanding of and correct linguistic processing of the proposed character(s) or script. Examples of such properties are: Casing information, Numeric information, Currency information, Display behaviour information such as line breaks, widths etc., Combining behaviour, Spacing behaviour, Directional behaviour, Default Collation behaviour, relevance in Mark Up contexts, Compatibility equivalence and other Unicode normalization related information. See the Unicode standard at http://www.unicode.org for such information on other scripts. Also see UAX#44: http://www.unicode.org/reports/tr44/ and associated Unicode Technical Reports for information needed for consideration by the Unicode Technical Committee for inclusion in the Unicode Standard.

#### C. Technical - Justification

1. Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before? YES	s
If YES explain <b>Preliminary proposal was made as L2/19-100</b>	
2. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body,	
user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)? NO	)
If YES, available relevant documents:	
3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example:	
size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included?	S
Reference: see proposal	
4. The context of use for the proposed characters type of use; common or rare) comm	
Reference: Used in all transcriptions of Cantonese using Bopomofo	
5. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community? No	
If YES, where? Reference:	
6. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed chara entirely	cters be
in the BMP? NO	)
If YES, is a rationale provided?	
If Yes,	
reference:	
7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)?	YES
8. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing	
character or character sequence? NO	)
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If Yes, reference:	
9. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either	
existing characters or other proposed characters? NO	)
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If Yes, reference:	
10. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function)	
to, or could be confused with, an existing character?	s
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If Yes, <i>see proposal</i> reference:	
reference:	
11. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences?	) 
If YES, is a rationale for such use provided?	
If Yes,	
reference: Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols)	
provided?	
If Yes, reference:	
12. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as	

control function or similar semantics? If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)	<u>NO</u>
13. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility characters? If YES, are the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic characters identified?	<u>NO</u>
If Yes, reference:	