#### L2/21-155

## Unicode request for legacy Malayalam

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2021 July 16

Unicode support is needed by the British and Foreign Bible Society (BFBS) for an enormous back catalogue of published translations of Scripture that require digitization. One of these is in Romanized Malayalam, using unsupported  $\langle d | n r s t \rangle$  for the retroflex consonants. (Capitals are not used, as an asterisk marks proper names, so only lower-case forms are requested.)

The letters all have a left hook, which is the reversed arm of an *r*. They were used in the early 20th century and for a time were used in the IPA as letters *qui sont déjà couramment employés dans des ouvrages spéciaux* (which are already widely used in specialist works – Passy & Jones 1921: 8).

Besides the ongoing digitization needs of the BFBS, Neil Rees notes current usefulness among the large Malayalam diaspora in the Commonwealth: *I know Malayalam speakers in my town who know the language but are not literate in it, because they were schooled in England and only know the Latin alphabet. So in such cases these old Romanised texts remain useful and helpful.* Indeed, a Romanized Tamil gospel, one that is fully supported by Unicode, has been digitized and made available online at: <u>mārku euudhina suvisēsham 1952 (rōman thamiu</u>), and the Romanized Malayalam material will be made available once it has Unicode support.

The expected letter  $\langle z \rangle$  is not needed for Malayalam.  $\langle z \rangle$  would be needed for full coverage of this convention, as noted by Marija Tabain, Editor of JIPA (p.c. 2020 Dec 17) and by Michael Ashby, President of the IPA (p.c. 2021 Jan 16). However, as the letters are no longer needed by the IPA and  $\langle z \rangle$  is not yet attested in print,  $\langle z \rangle$  is not requested.

Figure 1 shows the full set of letters used in this Romanized Malayalam. In contrast to the retroflex consonants, which were a regional standard, the unsupported vowel letters were adopted from the English Phonotypic Alphabet. These vowel letters are not all straightforward to encode, due to complications with their capital forms, so they will be requested in a separate proposal for the Phonotypic Alphabet.

Thanks to Deborah Anderson of the Universal Scripts Project for her assistance.

## Characters

- d 1DF25 LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH LEFT HOOK.
- 1 1DF26 LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH LEFT HOOK.
- n 1DF27 LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LEFT HOOK.
- r 1DF28 LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH LEFT HOOK.
- 'S 1DF29 LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH LEFT HOOK.
- t 1DF2A LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH LEFT HOOK.

## **Properties**

1DF25;LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH LEFT HOOK;Ll;0;L;;;;N;;;; 1DF26;LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH LEFT HOOK;Ll;0;L;;;;N;;;; 1DF27;LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LEFT HOOK;Ll;0;L;;;;N;;;; 1DF28;LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH LEFT HOOK;Ll;0;L;;;;N;;;; 1DF29;LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH LEFT HOOK;Ll;0;L;;;;N;;;; 1DF2A;LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH LEFT HOOK;Ll;0;L;;;;N;;;;

### Chart

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	C	D	Е	F
Latin Extende	d-G															
U+1DF2x						ď	ł	n	r	'S	t					

## References

\*markkos erutiya suviʃɛˈsam (Gospel of Matthew) in Romanized Malayalam (1909). W.H. Christian, Eastbourne.

R. Jorde (1924) no<sup>•</sup>wi<sup>\*</sup>dʒən. *Le Maître Phonétique*, vol. 2 (39), no. 7.

G. Marin (1924) soːmaːli. *Le Maître Phonétique*, vol. 2 (39), no. 6.

Paul Passy & Daniel Jones (1921) L'Ecriture phonétique internationale : exposé populaire avec application au français et à plusieurs autres langues, 2nd ed. Association phonétique internationale.

## Figures



*Figure 1.* Back cover of Gospel (1909) with the romanized alphabet. The unsupported vowels will be requested in a separate proposal.



Figure 2. Front cover of the Gospel, identifying the left-hook letters with the retroflex consonants of Malayalam script.



Figure 3. Chart of cursive forms, inside back cover, with the left hooks highlighted.

# \*markkos.

\*markkos e<mark>r</mark>utiya suvi∫esam.

1'-sm addhysyam.

 \*deiva-putransya \*yε∫u \*kristuvinre suvi∫s sattinre
 srambham. its, ηsn enre dutane ninre mukättinu mumpske ayakkunnu, avan ninre variye orukkum.
 maru-bhumiyil vidiccu parayunn'-avanre fabdam svitu; karttsvinre variye orukkuvin, avanre pstakade nere skkuvin, ennu \*ya∫ayys pravscakanre pustakattil eruti irikkunna praksram tanns. \*yohannsn vannu marubhumiyil snsna-petuttiyum pspa-mocanattinn'-udda-

Figure 4. Gospel (1909: 1), displaying  $\langle 1 r s t \rangle$ .

40 pinne oru kustha-regi avanre atukkal vannu muttukutti apeksiccu: ninakku manass'-untenkil enne Juddham
41 skkuvsn kariyum, ennu parannu. \*yeju karad-alinnu, kei nitti avane tottu parayunnu. manass'-untu, jud42 dhan ska, ennu paranna utune kustham avane vittu-

Figure 5. Gospel (1909: 3), showing the five native retroflex consonants  $\langle 1 n r s t \rangle$ .

44 Jasiccu utane vittayaccu. nokku, srotum onnum paraarutu; ennsl nj poyi purohitannu ninne-tanne kaniccu, ninre Juddhi-karamattinnu venti \*moje kalpiccavarre

33 avan orike marr'-oruttanum illa. avane purnna-hədayattətum, purnna-buddhiyətum, purnna-faktiyətum

Figure 6. Gospel (1909: 4, 37), showing that the nasal  $\langle n \rangle$  can form a syllable onset as well as a homorganic coda.

mukham duhkham leghu megham cheya pertham mu<sup>•</sup>dhan katha sthalam prertthana dhenam buddhi phalam bhayam adhikam bhumi bhe•sa. hə•dayajuddhi-u•l•lavar bhegyavanmer: avar \*deivatte ke•num.

43 rantu ksju ittu. appod avan tanre jisyanmere atukkal vidiccu: bhanderattil itta eddevarekkedum į daridrasya vidhava adhikam itt'-irikkunnu, ennu satyam-syittu

Figure 7. Gospel (1909) §10 and p. 37, showing the non-native  $\langle d \rangle$  that is found in Sanskrit loans.

Les linguales cacuminales ou rétroflexes des langues scandinaves (Suéd. *barn*, *fors*) et indiennes se marquent par un point derrière la lettre: t, d, etc. Le "*r*rétroflexe" de l'Hindoustani est représenté para.

Figure 8. Passy & Jones (1921: 8).  $\langle t d r \rangle$  are illustrated; the Swedish examples *barn* and *fors* would be transcribed with  $\langle n rs \rangle$ . Hindustani  $\langle r \rangle$  is perhaps best handled as U+AB4B LATIN SMALL LETTER SCRIPT R.

mtədenti ; "d ız retrəfleks ; də tounz həv not jet bim markt m dıs tekst. do'baj∫i dzah 'ijə qər'ra wejn səd'<sup>ç</sup>a:l "dar dügsü:n 'h 'kenni səd'<sup>ç</sup>a:lka 'rdarka

Figure 9. Marin (1924: 15). 〈d〉 in Somali.

t, d, l, n a dentl; l iz havever ælviole a fters. -t, rd, -n, rs a formd on de hard pælit, dynst bihamd de tiferidy. rliz orlsov e savnd ev de længwidy, bet it dannt eksir in dis pæsidy. rs hæz en ekavstik kwoliti bitwirn s end f. r iz lingwel end rould.
o, or, o, or stænd for o, or, o, or, o, or rispektivli. fort ε, æ hæv de væljurz e, e, iksept bifer r, -t, rd, -n, rl, rs. de sekend eliment
\*norn'vinin va rdn 'færset '-slut: "varte va'-sorla

Figure 10. Jorde (1924: 19). Retroflex consonants in Norwegian.

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2/WG 2 PROPOSAL SUMMARY FORM TO ACCOMPANY SUBMISSIONS FOR ADDITIONS TO THE REPERTOIRE OF ISO/IEC 10646 <sup>1</sup> . Please fill all the sections A, B and C below. Please read Principles and Procedures Document (P & P) from std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/principles.html for guidelines and details before filling this form. Please ensure you are using the latest Form from std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/summaryform.html. See also std.dkuug.dk/JTC1/SC2/WG2/docs/roadmaps.html for latest <i>Roadmaps</i> .							
A. Administrative							
1. Title: Additional p	honetic click letters						
	k Miller, Neil Rees						
3. Requester type (Member body/Liaison/Individual contribution):							
4. Submission date:	2021 July 16						
5. Requester's reference (if applicable):							
This is a complete proposal:	yes						
(or) More information will be provided later:							
B. Technical - General							
1. Choose one of the following:							
a. This proposal is for a new script (set of characters):	<u>no</u>						
Proposed name of script: b. The proposal is for addition of character(s) to an existing b							
Name of the existing block:	lock:yes						
2. Number of characters in proposal:	6						
3. Proposed category (select one from below - see section 2.2 of P&P							
A-Contemporary X B.1-Specialized (small collection)	B.2-Specialized (large collection)						
C-Major extinct D-Attested extinct	E-Minor extinct						
F-Archaic Hieroglyphic or Ideographic	G-Obscure or questionable usage symbols						
4. Is a repertoire including character names provided?	yes						
a. If YES, are the names in accordance with the "character na in Annex L of P&P document?	ming guidelines" yes						
b. Are the character shapes attached in a legible form suitable	e for review? yes						
5. Fonts related:							
a. Who will provide the appropriate computerized font to the	Project Editor of 10646 for publishing the standard?						
Kirk Milla							
b. Identify the party granting a license for use of the font by t SIL (Gentium R							
6. References:							
a. Are references (to other character sets, dictionaries, descri	ptive texts etc.) provided? ves						
b. Are published examples of use (such as samples from news							
sources)							
of proposed characters attached?	<u>yes</u>						
7. Special encoding issues: Does the proposal address other aspects of character data pro	cessing (if applicable) such as input						
presentation, sorting, searching, indexing, transliteration etc							
1 ' 0' 0' 0'	· · ·						
8. Additional Information:							
Submitters are invited to provide any additional information about							
will assist in correct understanding of and correct linguistic process							
such properties are: Casing information, Numeric information, Curr line breaks, widths etc., Combining behaviour, Spacing behaviour, I							
relevance in Mark Up contexts, Compatibility equivalence and othe							
Unicode standard at www.unicode.org for such information on other scripts. Also see Unicode Character Database							
(www.unicode.org/reports/tr44/) and associated Unicode Technical Reports for information needed for consideration by the							
Unicode Technical Committee for inclusion in the Unicode Standard	a.						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Form number: N4502-F (Original 1994-10-14; Revised 1995-01, 1995-04, 1996-04, 1996-08, 1999-03, 2001-05, 2001-09, 2003-11, 2005-01, 2005-09, 2005-10, 2007-03, 2008-05, 2009-11, 2011-03, 2012-01)

#### C. Technical - Justification

1. Has this proposal for addition of character(s) been submitted before?	no
If YES explain	
2. Has contact been made to members of the user community (for example: National Body,	
user groups of the script or characters, other experts, etc.)?	yes
If YES, with whom? Rees is involved in the digitization project.	
If YES, available relevant documents:	
3. Information on the user community for the proposed characters (for example:	
size, demographics, information technology use, or publishing use) is included?	
Reference:	
4. The context of use for the proposed characters (type of use; common or rare)	
Reference:	
5. Are the proposed characters in current use by the user community?	<u>no</u>
If YES, where? Reference:	
6. After giving due considerations to the principles in the P&P document must the proposed characters be	entirely
in the BMP?	no
If YES, is a rationale provided?	
If YES, reference:	
7. Should the proposed characters be kept together in a contiguous range (rather than being scattered)?	yes
8. Can any of the proposed characters be considered a presentation form of an existing	
character or character sequence?	no
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If YES, reference:	
9. Can any of the proposed characters be encoded using a composed character sequence of either	
existing characters or other proposed characters?	<u>no</u>
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If YES, reference:	
10. Can any of the proposed character(s) be considered to be similar (in appearance or function)	
to, or could be confused with, an existing character?	no
If YES, is a rationale for its inclusion provided?	
If YES, reference:	
11. Does the proposal include use of combining characters and/or use of composite sequences?	по
If YES, is a rationale for such use provided?	
If YES, reference:	
Is a list of composite sequences and their corresponding glyph images (graphic symbols) provided?	<u>no</u>
If YES, reference:	
12. Does the proposal contain characters with any special properties such as	
control function or similar semantics?	no
If YES, describe in detail (include attachment if necessary)	
13. Does the proposal contain any Ideographic compatibility characters?	no
If YES, are the equivalent corresponding unified ideographic characters identified?	
If YES, reference:	