Source/Contribution Identifier: Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) of the People’s Republic of China

Meeting: IRG Meeting No. 57, Online Meeting

Title: Request for Horizontal Extension in the H-column of the ISO/IEC 10646 Standard

Status: Member Submission
Request for Horizontal Extension in the H-column of the ISO/IEC 10646 Standard

Background

1. A request for adding the characters “喤” (U+2D25D, HD-2D25D) and “喫” (U+2BB37, HD-2BB37) to the Hong Kong Supplementary Character Set (HKSCS) was received. The request was supported and recommended for acceptance at the 18th meeting of the Working Group of Chinese Language Interface Advisory Committee held on 9 October 2020, and subsequently approved at the 28th meeting of the Chinese Language Interface Advisory Committee held on 3 February 2021. Both characters are included in the Xianggang Yueyu Cidian [Dictionary of Hong Kong Cantonese] (《香港粵語詞典》) published in 1997 by CHENG Ting-au used as onomatopoeia in Cantonese¹.

Request to Include by Horizontal Extension New HKSCS Characters

2. The HKSAR requests the inclusion of the characters “喤” and “喫” by horizontal extension in the H-column of the ISO/IEC 10646 standard. The information required for the addition is provided in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UCS Code</th>
<th>Glyph of existing UCS CJK Unified Ideograph</th>
<th>H-Glyph</th>
<th>New Source Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U+2D25D</td>
<td>2D25D □ 30.10</td>
<td>嘤</td>
<td>HD-2D25D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SAT-03995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U+2BB37</td>
<td>2BB37 □ 30.18</td>
<td>嘫</td>
<td>HD-2BB37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UTC-00591</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Original information is included on the web at: https://www.ccli.gov.hk/doc/wgciiac2020-01.pdf
Glyphs and Attribute Information

3. The glyphs and the attribute information of the characters “止め” and “騒” are provided as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U+2D25D</td>
<td>□ 30</td>
<td>□口殊</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>一(1)</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>HD-2D25D</td>
<td>syu4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISO/IEC 10646 Code Point: U+2BB37
Radical: □ 30
IDS: □口騒
SC: 18
FS: 一(1)
TC: 21
Source Reference: HD-2BB37
Pronunciation: ke4
Evidence

4. Information of the character “啲” can be found in the Xianggang Yueyu Cidian [Dictionary of Hong Kong Cantonese] (《香港粵語詞典》) published in 1997 by CHENG Ting-au as shown below:

5. Information of the character “啲” can be found in the Xianggang Yueyu Cidian [Dictionary of Hong Kong Cantonese] (《香港粵語詞典》) published in 1997 by CHENG Ting-au as shown below:
6. The inclusion of the characters “哗” and “嘅” in the HKSCS has been officially announced on the Common Chinese Language Interface Website of the HKSAR:

The CIAC approved the inclusion of the character “哗” (U+5CB3, HD-5CB3) in the HKSCS at its 26th meeting held on 14 January 2019.

The CIAC approved the inclusion of the characters “嘅” (U+2D25D, HD-2D25D) and “嘅” (U+2BB37, HD-2BB37) in the HKSCS, as well as the glyph change for the character “嘅” (U+22ACF, H-8ACE) to “插” at its 26th meeting held on 3 February 2021.

After several amendments are published, the Working Group of CIAC will, subject to the actual needs, recommend that the CIAC consolidate these amendments and publish a new version of the HKSCS.

The ISO/IEC 10646 is widely adopted by popular operating systems, database software, office automation (OA) suites, web browsers, e-mail clients and input devices. With the HKSCS included in ISO/IEC 10646, users of popular computer products which adopt the ISO/IEC 10646 will be able to use Chinese characters contained in the HKSCS.

7. For more information, please refer to the following web page:


End of document