Title：Unihan Numeric Fields Problems and Proposed Updates Author：Wang Yifan，Eiso Chan<br>Date：2022－06－05

This document accounts for（1）existing problems in Unihan $k$＊Numeric data that we observed，with our suggested fixes for them；and（2）proposed new additions to those fields that we find desirable． All English number names referred in this document are in the short scale，unless otherwise stated． Please see the attached text file for the summary of proposed updates in the UAX \＃38－like format．

## 1．Problems

1．1．Incompleteness
－U＋5169 兩 has kOtherNumeric value 2，but its Simplified counterpart U＋4E24 两 does not． We suggest that U＋4E24 should also have kOtherNumeric value 2 ．
－The kOtherNumeric repertoire contains many composite numbers such as U＋5EFF 廿（20）， U＋5345 井（30）etc．but lacks U＋7695 百，which means＂two hundred＂as included in Hanyu Da Zidian and Shuowen Jiezi．We suggest that U＋7695 should have kOtherNumeric value 200.

1．2．Inconsistency
－U＋4E07 万 has kPrimaryNumeric value 10,000 while its Traditional variant U＋842C 萬 has kAccountingNumeric value 10,000 ．This seems inconsistent where both $U+4 E B F$ 亿 and U＋5104 億 has a kPrimaryNumeric value．We suggest that $\mathrm{U}+842 \mathrm{C}$ should instead have kPrimaryNumeric value 10，000．

## 1．3．Non－uniqueness

－U＋5146 兆 currently have kPrimaryNumeric value 1，000，000，000，000（＝ $10^{12}$ ，one trillion）， but this number name traditionally had multiple definitions as well： $10^{6}$ or $10^{16}$ ，of which the $10^{6}$ reading still survives in some PRC and Vietnamese conventions．We suggest that U＋5146 should have a numeric value $1,000,000$ in any form in the database．

## 2．Additions

## 2．1．Larger number names

With the progress of digital computing，more larger units are recently coming into practical use，espe－ cially in Japan．we can easily find examples such as：京，popularized by the namesake supercomputer （K computer）describing its 10 petaflops performance；澗，often employed in non－technical explana－ tion of the magnitude of $2^{128}$ ，principally in the context of IPv6 address space（an example）．Therefore， we see the usefulness of adding following kPrimaryNumeric entries for each character，based on the modern $10^{4}$ scale system．

| Glyph | Code | Value | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 京 | U＋4EAC | 10，000，000，000，000，000 | $10^{16}$ ；ten quadrillion |
| 垓 | U＋5793 | 100，000，000，000，000，000，000 | $10^{20}$ ；one hundred quintillion |
| 䄰 | U＋79ED | 1，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000 | $10^{24}$ ；one septillion |
| 杼 | U＋25771 |  |  |
| 穰 | U＋7A70 | 10，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000 | $10^{28}$ ；ten octillion |
| 穣 | U＋7A63 |  |  |
| 溝 | U＋6E9D | 100，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000 | $10^{32}$ ；one hundred nonillion |
| 沟 | U＋6C9F |  |  |
| 澗 | U＋6F97 | 1，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000，000 | $10^{36}$ ；one undecillion |
| 润 | U＋6DA7 |  |  |

General notes：
－While they are expected to be mostly used in Japan，Simplified／Traditional variants are also sup－ plied．
－Although $U+25771$ 杼 is thought to be a misanalyzed form of $U+79 E D$ 䄰，it is better included as a regional variant in view of the preference in Japan（coded in JIS X 0213）．
－Similar to the issue in Section 1．3，U＋79ED 剓 means＂billion＂（short or long scale）in Vietnamese， which may need a special treatment to the same effect．

## 2．2．Vietnamese numbers

Vietnamese native numerals can be written in chữ Nôm using CJK Ideographs．We suggest assigning Unihan numeric values to the following 42 characters in any form（shaded cells are upcoming Extension H characters）．

| Glyph | Code | Quốc ngữ | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 空 | U＋7A7A | không | 0 |
| 沒 | U＋6C92 | một／mốt | 1 |
| 没 | U＋6CA1 |  |  |


| Glyph | Code | Quốc ngữ | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 䁾 | $U+8511$ |  |  |
| 文 | U＋20B20 |  |  |
| 浸 | $U+31357$ |  |  |


| Glyph | Code | Quốc ngữ | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 淡 | U＋3197A |  |  |
| 台 | U＋53F0 | hai | 2 |
| 台 | U＋20129 |  |  |
| 䟼 | U＋31394 |  |  |
| 馬 | U＋20027 | ba | 3 |
| 奔 | U＋5954 | bốn | 4 |
| 本 | U＋672C |  |  |
| 䍒 | U＋2629A |  |  |
| 婻 | U＋2013C | năm | 5 |
| 㓓 | U＋2B875 |  |  |
| 恧 | U＋31396 |  |  |
| 㖻 | U＋2013B | lăm |  |
| 柆 | U＋2C0BD |  |  |
| 栠 | U＋20136 | nhăm |  |
| 䎜 | U＋264B9 | sáu | 6 |
| 罢 | U＋7F62 | bảy | 7 |
| 罷 | U＋7F77 |  |  |
| 罗 | U＋26271 |  |  |


| Glyph | Code | Quốc ngữ | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 摆 | U＋2C65E |  |  |
| 嘇 | U＋2052D | tám | 8 |
| 掺 | U＋2B92F |  |  |
| 㐱 | U＋3431 | chín | 9 |
| 旭 | U＋200E9 |  |  |
| 旭 | U＋22482 |  |  |
| 牷 | U＋2B866 |  |  |
| 迈 | U＋8FC8 | mười／mươi | 10 |
| 邁 | U＋9081 |  |  |
| 䔦 | U＋209A9 |  |  |
| 坿 | U＋2846E |  |  |
| 逝 | U＋28492 |  |  |
| 緟 | U＋31455 |  |  |
| 啉 | U＋5549 | trăm | 100 |
| 碄 | U＋24F93 |  |  |
| 彦 | U＋5F66 | ngàn／nghìn | 1，000 |
| 楌 | U＋209B3 |  |  |
| 㟁 | U＋21DA8 |  |  |

## 2．3．Zhuang numbers

Numbers in Zhuang language（s）can be written in Zhuang characters（Sawndip）．We suggest assigning Unihan numeric values to the following 13 characters from Sawndip Sawdenj 古壮字字典 in any form．

| Glyph | Code | Reading | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 了 | U＋4E86 |  |  |
| 吊 | U＋540A | ndeu |  |
| 尞 | U＋5C1E |  |  |
| 听 | U＋20BA9 |  |  |


| Glyph | Code | Reading | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 帜 | U＋20CA2 |  |  |
| 〕 | U＋2CEB4 |  |  |
| 吊 | U＋3000C |  |  |
| 能 | U＋80FD | nwngh |  |


| Glyph | Code | Reading | Value |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 匕 | U＋2B9C7 |  |  |
| 双 | U＋53CC | song | 2 |
| 松 | U＋677E |  |  |


| Glyph | Code | Reading | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 俉 | U＋4FC9 | ngux |  |
| 㕶 | U＋3576 | haj |  |

## Acknowledgments

Our thanks to Tao Yang who provides us with a Zhuang Extension G font．
（End of document）

