



HKSAR Comments on N1475R (Draft) —Annex S Further Examples

Point 1

Since we have ‘SU004賣 | • 賣 |’, we may also explore ‘買’(U+8CB7), i.e. ‘貝’, vs ‘貝’.

Point 2

‘戊’, (U+620A) may be considered in the context of ‘SU005戊 • 戊 |’.

Point 3

It is better to place ‘SU009义 • 叉 |’, and ‘SU033叉 • 叉’, next to each other, i.e. if the first pair is ‘SU009’ then the next should be ‘SU010’.

The same treatment applies to ‘SU011臣 • 臣’, and ‘SU019臣 • 臣 |’, and also ‘SU026尢 • 尢’, and ‘SU036尢 • 尢’. [NB ‘SU056缶 • 缶’, and

‘SU057缶・缶’,]

Point 4

Similar to Point 2, ‘巳’ (U+5DF2) may be considered in conjunction with ‘SU008己・巳’,

Point 5

A numbering error is found—there are three ‘SU068’, namely ‘SU068畫・畫’, ‘SU068耒・耒|’, and ‘SU068弱・弱’,

Point 6

‘几’ (U+51E0) in ‘SS133兀・几|’, is the simplified version of ‘幾’ (U+5E7E). A new example pair ‘幾・几’ may be considered.

Point 7

The following example pair may be added:

‘𢆶・𢆶’,

where ‘𢆶’ (U+6214) is the traditional form and ‘𢆶’ (U+620B) its simplified counterpart, as in ‘錢’ (U+9322) and ‘钱’ (U+94B1). [NB

, SU042 𢆶・𢆶・𢆶 |].

--End of Document--