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Source:	CheonHyeong Sim (沈天珩)		
Title:	Feedback on IRGN2879		
Status:	Individual Contribution on IRG #65		
Action:	To be considered by IRG and TCA		

In IRGN2879, TCA proposed 164 horizontal extensions. I checked all the characters/glyphs and found some issue.

1. U+2ECDD / TC-3E6A

,	74	U+2ECDD	2ECDD / 大 884	TC 2E64	上	Name Character	UCV#197
	/4	U+ZECDD	火 86.4 入门 J GIDC23-238	TC-3E6A	姉	(MOI)	市市

For this case, I do not deny that $\pm(\sinh)$ and $\pm(\sin)$ are indeed UCV (Lv.2); however, it seems that TC-3E6A is non-cognate with GIDC23-238.

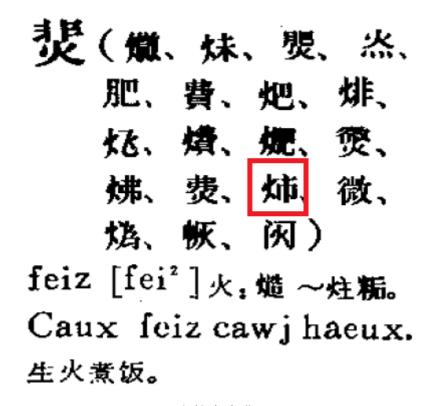


Fig.1 古壮字字典 P157

Graphically, the right part of GIDC23-238 is $\pi(fu)$; meanwhile phonetically and semantically, based on the pronunciation and the definition in Fig.1, it is undoubtedly $\pi(fu)$ as well.







Fig.2 TC-3E6A on CNS11643

However, graphically, the right part of TC-3E6A is $\bar{\pi}(shi)$; meanwhile phonetically, base on the pronunciation in Fig.2, it is also $\bar{\pi}(shi)$.

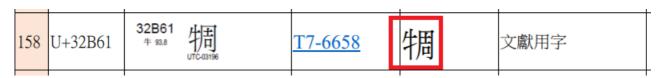
Since the UCV is Lv.2, TCA needs to clarify the cognation if a unification (horizontal extension) is required, otherwise they should be encoded separately. Based on the evidences listed above, I suggest not to unify them.

2. U+2ED29 / TD-5036

96	U+2ED29	2ED2A 玉 96.10 GDC23-315	TD-5036	十 貝	Land Character (MOI)

The horizontal extension itself has no problem, but TCA put the wrong CodeCharts image.

3. U+32B61 / T7-6658



The horizontal extension itself has no problem, but the balance of the glyph is weird. Modifying ‡ narrower and 周 wider is suggested.

(End of document)